THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIX. NO. 15. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1895. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

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Payable at any bank in England, Ireland and Scotland.

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THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

He Holds That the Monroe Doctrine Must be Enforced.

In the Face of Great Britain's Fiat He Hurls the Defiance of the United States--No Supine Submission to Wrong and Injustice Even if the Alternative Brings the Calamities of War.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The president sent to congress yesterday the Venezuelan correspondence, accompanied by the following significant message:

To the Congress—In my annual message addressed to the congress on the 3d inst. I called attention to the pending boundary controversy between Great Britain and the republic of Venezuela, and recited the substance of a representation made by this government to her Britannic majesty's government suggesting reasons why such dispute should be submitted to arbitration for settlement, and inquiring whether it would be so submitted. The answer of the British government, which was then awaited, has since been received.

Such reply is embodied in two communications addressed by the British prime minister to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador at this capital. One of these communications is devoted exclusively to observations upon the Monroe doctrine, and claims that in the present instance a new and strange extension and development of this doctrine is insisted on by the United States; that the reasons justifying an appeal to the doctrine enunciated by President Monroe are generally inapplicable "to the state of things in which we live at the present day," and especially inapplicable to a controversy involving the boundary line between Great Britain and Venezuela.

Without attempting extended argument in reply to these positions it may not be amiss to suggest that the doctrine upon which we stand is strong and sound, because its enforcement is important to our peace and safety as a nation, and is essential to the integrity of our free institutions and the tranquil maintenance of our distinctive form of government. It was intended to apply to every stage of our national life, and cannot become obsolete while our republic endures. If the balance of power is justly a cause for jealous anxiety among governments of the Old World, and a subject for absolute non-interference, none the less is an observance of the Monroe doctrine of vital concern to our people and their government.

Assuming, therefore, that we may properly insist upon this doctrine without regard to the "state of things in which we live," or any changed conditions here or elsewhere, it is not apparent why its application may not be invoked in the "present controversy." If a European power, by an extension of its boundaries, takes possession of the territory of one of our neighboring republics against its will and in derogation of its rights, it is difficult to see why to that extent such European power does not thereby attempt to extend its system of government to that portion of this continent which is thus taken. This is the precise notion which President Monroe declared to be "dangerous to our peace and safety," and it can make no difference whether the European system is extended by an advance of frontier or otherwise.

It is also suggested in the British reply that we should not seek to apply the Monroe doctrine to the pending dispute, because it does not embody any principle of international law which is "founded on the general consent of nations," and that "no statesman, however eminent, and no nation, however powerful, are competent to insert into the code of international law a novel principle which was never recognized before, and which has not since been accepted by the government of any other country."

Monroe Doctrine Is Just.

Practically the principle for which we contend has peculiar, if not exclusive, relation to the United States. It may not have been admitted in so many words to the code of international law, but since in international councils every nation is entitled to the rights belonging to it, if the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine is something we may justly claim, it has its place in the code of international law as certainly and as surely as if it were specifically mentioned, and when the United States is a suitor before the high tribunal that administers international law the question to be determined is whether or not we present claims which the justice of that code of law can find to be right and valid. The Monroe doctrine finds its recognition in the principles of international law, which are based upon the theory that every nation shall have its rights protected and its just claims enforced.

Of course this government is entirely confident that under the sanction of this doctrine we have clear rights and undoubted claims. Nor is this ignored in the British reply. The prime minister, while not admitting that the Monroe doctrine is applicable to present conditions, states: "In declaring that the United States would resist any such enterprise if it was contemplated, President Monroe adopted a policy which received the entire sympathy of the English government of that date." He further declares: "Though the language of President Monroe is directed to the attainment of objects which most Englishmen would agree to be salutary, it is impossible to admit that they have been inscribed by any adequate authority in the code of international law." Again he says: "They (her majesty's government) fully concur with the view which President Monroe apparently entertained, that any disturbance of the existing territorial distribution in that hemisphere by any fresh acquisitions on the part of any European state would be a highly inexpedient change."

In the belief that the doctrine for which we contend was clear and definite, that it was founded upon substantial considerations and involved our safety and welfare, that it was fully applicable to our present conditions and to the state of the world's progress, and that it was directly related to the pending controversy, and without any conviction as to the final merits of the dispute, but anxious to learn in a satisfactory and conclusive manner whether Great Britain sought under a claim of boundary to extend her possessions on this continent without right, or whether she merely sought possession of territory fairly included within her lines of ownership, this government proposed to the government of Great Britain a resort to arbitration as the proper means of settling the question, to the end that a vexatious boundary dispute between the two contestants might be determined and our exact standing and relation in respect to the controversy might be made clear.

This proposition has been declined by the British government, upon grounds which in the circumstances seem to me to be far from satisfactory. It is deeply disappointing that such an appeal, actuated by the most friendly feelings toward both nations directly concerned, addressed to the sense of justice and to the magnanimity of one of the great powers of the world, and touching its relations to one comparatively weak and small, should have produced no better results.

The course to be pursued by this government in view of the present condition does not appear to admit of serious doubt. Having labored faithfully for many years to induce Great Britain to submit this dispute to impartial arbitration, and having been now finally apprised of her refusal to do so, nothing remains but to accept the situation, to recognize its plain requirements and deal with it accordingly. Great Britain's present proposition has never thus far been regarded as admissible by Venezuela, though any adjustment of the boundary which that country may deem for her advantage, and may enter into her own free will, cannot of course be objected to by the United States.

Assuming, however, that the attitude of Venezuela will remain unchanged, the dispute has reached such a stage as to make it now incumbent upon the United States to take measures to determine with sufficient certainty for its justification what is the true divisional line between the republic of Venezuela and British Guiana. The inquiry to that end should, of course, be conducted carefully and judiciously, and due weight should be given to all available evidence, records and facts in support of the claims of both parties.

In order that such an examination should be prosecuted in a thorough and satisfactory manner, I suggest that the congress make an adequate appropriation for the expenses of a commission, to be appointed by the executive, who shall make the necessary investigation and report upon the matter with the least possible delay.

When such report is made and accepted it will, in my opinion, be the duty of the United States to resist by every means in its power, as a willful aggression upon its rights and interests, the appropriation by Great Britain of any lands or the exercise of governmental jurisdiction over any territory which, after investigation, we have determined of right belong to Venezuela.

In making these recommendations I am fully alive to the responsibility incurred, and keenly realize all the consequences that may follow.

I am, nevertheless, firm in my conviction that while it is a grievous thing to contemplate the two great English speaking people of the world as being otherwise than friendly competitors in the onward march of civilization, and strenuous and worthy rivals in all the arts of peace, there is no calamity which a great nation can invite which equals that which follows a supine submission to wrong and injustice, and the consequent loss of national self-respect and honor beneath which is shielded and defended a people's safety and greatness.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 17, 1895.

An Involuntary Whaler.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Dec. 18.—The mysterious disappearance of George Nichols has been cleared up by a letter received here by his father. Young Nichols was a traveling agent for a Boston firm. Last June, while in New Bedford, Nichols joined a party that boarded a tug which had been engaged to tow a whaling vessel out of the harbor. The party went on board the whaler and had a merry time, and when the tug was cast off, Nichols was overlooked, as he was asleep somewhere in the vessel. He was carried to sea, and had to work his passage, which is not yet finished. The whaler is bound around the Horn, and is due to touch at some port in Chili next spring. The letter was brought by a vessel which spoke the whaler in mid-ocean.

For Cheating Uncle Sam.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 18.—Charles W. Story of Boston was fined $1000 and costs by Judge Aldrich of the United States district court for an attempt to defraud the government. Story was indicted for conspiracy with Postmaster Johnson at Winnesquam in 1893 to defraud the government by furnishing Johnson with circulars to be mailed at that office. Story to receive one-half the amount paid to Johnson on account of the increased cancellation of stamps at the Winnesquam office.

Mayor Houghton.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Dec. 18.—Albert C. Houghton, Citizen, was elected first mayor of North Adams. The Republicans elected three and the Democrats eight councilmen. The Republicans elected two of the three assessors, two of the three library trustees and three of the six members of the school committee. License was carried by 522 majority.

The Fayerweather Will Again.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 18.—Mrs. Susan E. Gillette announces that under the recent decision of the court which gives relatives a right which sets aside bequests contained in the Fayerweather will, she will claim a part of the estate of the late Daniel Fayerweather. Mrs. Gillette is the widow of a second cousin of the late millionaire.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Italy sent more troops to Abyssinia.

The reichstag has adjourned until Jan. 9.

Japan is giving up Manchuria and Korea.

Sir Charles Dilke says international free trade is impossible.

Connecticut tobacco growers want the duty on the product restored.

A currency relief plan has been prepared by ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild.

An opera house and several stores at Richmond, Mo., were destroyed by fire. Loss, $100,000.

Mrs. James' Pease, 82 years old, was burned to death at Westfield, Mass., by falling on a stove.

The Meriden (Conn.) election was a sweep for the Republicans. Levi E. Coe was chosen mayor.

The 22d annual session of the Maine State grange opened at Bangor, Me., with a large attendance.

The anniversary of Poet Whittier's birthday was observed with appropriate exercises in the public schools at Amesbury, Mass.

An attempt was made at Rockport, Ind., to lynch several negroes confined in the jail there. The sheriff resisted, and the attempt failed.

General Moses B. Walker, the hero of Chickamaugua, died at Keuton, O. He was the last man that left the bloody field of Chickamaugua.

WHITTIER'S BIRTHDAY.

Is Appropriately Observed by the Educational Club.

Yesterday being the birthday of the poet Whittier, an appropriate program was prepared by Miss Florence Eaton of the Women's Educational club at 228 Worthen street.

Historical sketches of the poet's life and works were read, also a musical program which included: Song, Barbara Frietchie, Miss Flora E. Lees; readings, Mrs. C. T. Upton; piano solos, S. R. Fleet and Arthur M. Burtt; duet, Mrs. Tenney and Mrs. Allen. Miss Alice Frothingham was accompanist.

ROBBED THE POOR BOX

Of St. Jean Baptiste Church, Taking $16 in Cash.

Early yesterday morning when the sexton of St. Jean Baptiste church opened the church to commence his labors he found that the poor boxes had been opened and the contents taken.

The thieves left their tools behind them, a spike broken at the point, a broken drill and a ratchet brace. The box which contained about $16 was not taken as they evidently could not break it off.

The culprits are supposed to have secreted themselves in the church until the doors were locked and climbed out through a window in the vestry afterward.

They left a candle burning in the vestry and it burned a hole in a table cloth.

PROBATE COURT.

Lawton, J.

The session yesterday was of great local interest. The case of Eugene S. Hylan was one of those heard. John C. Burke appeared for him and Larkin T. Trull for one of the claimants, asked for a postponement which was allowed, the date being fixed at Jan. 6, at Cambridge.

Claims against Mr. Hylan were allowed as follows: Harding, Whitmore & Co., $3627; George H. Worcester, $3502.08; Pickhard & Kutro, $106.70; the Elberfield company, $1,15.

Those interested in the Horace H. Knapp case chose Nathan D. Pratt for assignee. Claims allowed were those of Charles F. Blanchard, $590; Frederick A. Bates, $150; Frederick S. Geer, $700; Frank B. Dow, $205; John J. Pickman, $50; George F. Stiles, $7; Old Lowell National bank, $278.

Wills presented for probate: Amanda L. Bartlett, Pepperell; Timothy F. Donovan, Shepard F. Henderson, Margaret M. Monroe, Narcisse Paquin, Lowell; S. Ohlsen, Chelmsford; Coleman O'Laughlin, Lowell.

Administrations: Hannah M. Howe, Lowell; Harry L. Mallett, Everett.

Insolvency cases: Silas W. Fletcher, continued to adjourned third meeting in January; Lyons & Marren, adjourned the third meeting, Feb. 18; E. Kapplan & Co., warrant returnable Feb. 18; Horace L. Knapp, warrant returnable Feb. 18; Benjamin F Colby, Arthur W. Sherman, Albert W. Derbyshire; adjourned third meeting, no assent.

The adjourned third meeting of the debtors of John F. Kimball was held. The claims of the Lowell Trust company for $4200, and Edward F. Gallagher of Boston for $8300 were proved and the account of the assignees allowed.

After a dividend had been declared the amount to be fixed by the court, the case was still further continued.

The last case to come up was that of Joseph L. Gregoire, asking the court not to allow Edmund H. Duprez to act as executor of the estate of Clotilde Gregoire.

In 1890 the latter made a will, leaving several bequests and appointing Duprez executor and Joseph L. Gregoire, her husband, residuary legatee. Mrs. Gregoire died last September and Mr. Gregoire asks that Duprez be not allowed to act as executor, for three reasons, that he is not now a resident of Lowell; that the legatees are all or nearly all opposed to him; and that for these reasons he is not a suitable person.

A number of witnesses were heard and the case was finally taken under advisement, J. J. Pickman for Mr. Gregoire and W. H. Anderson for Mr. Duprez.

BOARD OF TRADE

Discussed the Report of the Finance Commission.

The board of trade met last night and discussed the finance commission report. President Chalifoux was in the chair, and the members unanimously approved the first recommendation, that the mayor have control of all the executive departments. The clause relating to the tenure of office for some officials caused discussion, and the matter will be considered at length at the next meeting.

The annual meeting will be held Dec. 31.

New Strength

Is given tired, nervous women by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this: "I have had rheumatism and catarrh very badly, but since taking 12 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am a different woman. I take Hood's Sarsaparilla every spring and am as strong and well as a woman of 35. A doctor is never called into my home, as all of my family use Hood's Sarsaparilla and also Hood's Pills. My granddaughter was troubled very badly with dyspepsia but Hood's Pills have cured her. They are a splendid dinner pill. No home should be without Hood's Pills or Hood's Sarsaparilla; they are without equal." MRS. ALICE V. ENRIGHT, 145 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today. $1; 6 for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

Flowers and Floral Designs

We grow our own Flowers. Our prices are the lowest. Orders for Churches, Weddings, Funerals, etc., executed promptly.

PATTEN & CO., 293 Central St. Telephone 442-3

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 3 Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

2 O'CLOCK

THE CITY COUNCIL

Meetings of Both Branches Last Night.

ALDERMEN REFUSE TO BALLOT FOR SUPT. OF STREETS.

Transfer Resolutions Passed and Minor Business Transacted.

The board of aldermen and the common council met last evening and attended to several matters that came up for action

Alderman Wilson made another attempt to ballot for a superintendent of streets but his efforts were unsuccessful.

In the council several transfer resolutions were passed, and in both branches the "general transfer" resolution was passed.

The following petitions were referred: Of Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company for location of tracks from the terminus of the present tracks on Lawrence street to the boundary line of South Tewksbury; and on Pine street from Westford to Liberty street; to change the name of Olive street to Glenwood; of Esther M. Hayes that the amount of $17.49 collected from her for taxes in '92 and '93, be refunded; of George W. Willey for license to give theatrical performances at the Bijou theatre.

An order was adopted granting a hearing to the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company on January 3, 1896 on its petition for track locations.

The petition of Alfred Leblanc for a recount of the votes cast for him in the last election was received, and an order was adopted authorizing the city clerk to preserve all ballots and transfer them to the body authorized to conduct the recount.

A petition was received from Aime Gauthier and others asking for a recount of the aldermanic vote in the entire city. Only fifteen names were signed to the petition whereas there should have been 90; ten from each ward, and on motion of Alderman Tryder they were given leave to withdraw.

An order was adopted declaring the returns of the recent city election, as submitted by the clerk, to be correct.

Several sewer assessments were approved.

An order was adopted for the appointment of a committee to regulate the salary of the city officials for 1896. Aldermen Dow and Howe were appointed on the committee.

Several minor licenses were granted.

Reports on petitions for sewer and street improvement were ordered to remain in the clerk's office seven days.

The board passed the general transfer resolution.

On the petition of a number of voters, it was decided to recount the votes cast at the recent election on the license question.

The democratic city committee sent notice that the caucuses for the election of a new city committee will be held Thursday evening, December 20th, at 8 o'clock.

Alderman Wilson moved to take from the table the motion to ballot for a superintendent of streets.

Alderman Tryder said he knew of no reason for electing a superintendent of streets now, as it will be only three weeks or so when the new government will elect a man. Mr. Crowley, he said, told him he did not want the place any longer and he thought there was no need of hurrying.

The motion was then defeated, Aldermen Dow, Howe, Hill, Flemings and Tryder in the affirmative, and Varnum, Wyman and Wilson in the negative.

The report of the committee appointed to investigate the assessors' department was received. It recommends that three principal assessors be employed by the department; that the various assistant assessors be engaged at specified times and paid by the day; also that a record be kept of improvements made on property.

The report of the committee appointed to revise the jury list was accepted.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The joint resolutions transferring $21,000 from the reserve fund to the Thorndike street sewer fund and $8000 from the East Merrimack street bridge fund to the Moody street bridge fund received their final passage.

Mr. Hartwell's motion to reconsider immediately the second resolution was defeated.

President Curtin read the resolution to transfer $18,000 to a fund to be known as the fund for a manual training high school.

Mr. Webster inquired if the money to be transferred was coming from the amount relized from the sale of the old city hall.

Mr. Goward said that the amount named will be sufficient to purchase the land and remove the buildings now on it.

The resolution received its final passage.

The resolution known as the "general transfer resolution" was passed.

The council then took a recess.

After the recess the order appointing a committee on salaries was passed and Councilmen Garvey, Eastman and O'Day were appointed on the committee.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

TOWNE—The funeral services over the remains of Andrew Dexter Towne were held yesterday at the residence of his son-in-law, D. E. Dudley, 2 Belmont street. Rev. C. L. Merriam officiated and there was singing by Miss Hathaway. Interment in Keene, N. H.

You'll Miss It.

Don't fail to see our show windows this week, they are full of bargains. Goods almost given away. The U. S. Tea Co., other corner of Central and Prescott streets.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET.

HONORS FOR FR. O'CONNELL.

Friends and Parishioners Plan for a Testimonial.

A meeting of clerical friends and acquaintances of Rev. Fr. W. H. O'Connell, rector of the North American college, Rome, was held Monday afternoon at the rectory of St. Cecilia's church, Back Bay, Boston, to take definite action in properly recognizing the appointment. Rev. Peter Ronan was chairman and Rev. E. J. Moriarty was secretary.

The selection of Fr. O'Connell for this high position is viewed as a recognition of his learning and piety, and also as a personal honor to each of his brother priests.

At the meeting Monday it was voted to present the new rector with a testimonial, and Rev. Richard J. Barry, Bothia street, was chosen treasurer.

Fr. O'Connell will leave Boston early in January, and his numerous friends and acquaintances among the clergy will kindly communicate before Jan. 1 with Fr. Barry.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

Cosmopolitan? You'd think so were you present at today's police court proceedings.

It was "International" day and the offenders and spectators were from all climates.

Among those in the dock were three Greeks whom Officers John Fox and Maguire scooped on Fenwick street while noisely drunk.

The first of them called had a name something like Alex Protoplasm, or Porousplaster, the second was Constantinos and another name, while the third had the Anglicized cognomen of Harry Cerrates.

When Mr. Protoplasen was called, there was some difficulty in ascertaining to whom the name belonged. When finally he had been located. It was discovered that he knew no English.

"Is there an interpreter here?" inquired the court.

About four men stood up and an intelligent appearing young man who has served as interpreter before was picked out. After he had found his right hand he was sworn and began his story, talking the Armenian language. Of course Armenian was "all Greek" to the Greek and vice versa and the interpreter gave up the job, remarking to the court: "He's a Greek. He has a complexion like an Armenian but he talks a different language."

"Is there any one who talks modern Greek?" again inquired the court, while some one remarked, "get up Ed," to Lawyer McVey.

A second intergreter came forth and began to address the bewildered Greek in the Turkish tongue.

"I thought you spoke Greek," said the court to interpreter No. 2. "Oh, no; I speak only Turkish. I thought it might do," was his answer.

Finally a Greek was found and to make a long story short, two of the defendants were fined $5 each and the third $10.

Eight of the eighteen drunks were released.

Luke Kelly and Edmund Haley were sent to the state farm.

Michael Shea and one Furlong had a discussion over the right of Ireland to be free, with an argument on Rome as a side issue, the result being a battle. Shea was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery. On the latter charge the court discharged him after expressing his opinion of men who bring such trouble into court. Shea was fined for drunkenness.

A marriage was scheduled to occur in police court today, the contracting parties rather the happy couple, being Harry Shembler and Jennie Fafford, who were arrested for fornication.

Declared a Humbug.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—James Jeffrey Roche declares that the report of an Irish-American army being formed in this country is all a humbug. Furthermore, he thinks the newspapers have been victims of a joke.

When you want any decoraton done of a design made to suit at a reasonable price call on Jim at 6 Prescott street. Greenhouses at Brookside. Telephone connection.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying to much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

London Brown

Is the Fashionable Color in Stylish Overcoats for Dressy Men.

$25.00

The Values We Are Giving Speak Louder Than Columns of Empty Talk.

The English Box London Brown OVERCOAT

Made by A. Sheman & Co., for their fine trade is a double milled Kersey, got up in a most artistic manner, cut 38 inches long, full back, heavy strap seams, raw edge and finely finished interior, regular lengths, 42 in. long.

$20, $22, $25

Stout, regular and long sizes enable us to fit a man of any proportion, and save him one third the swell tailors' charge.

Other qualities in Brown Kerseys—the best of the kind.

$10, $15, $20

Merrimack Op. City Hall. The Big Store, Clo. Co.

FIRST GAME LOST

Les Miserables Meet Their First Defeat.

VESPERS LOSE A GAME TO THE B. A. A.

The Highlands Defeat the Jamaica Team.

The greatest game, so far as excitement and euthusiasm are concerned, that has ever been bowled in Lowell, was played on Les Miserables alleys last night.

The 999th Artillery with 100 rooters came up from Boston on a special train and they were determined to win.

The brilliant record of Les Miserables stood as a shining mark; a guide for the young men of the Artillery.

And how they did follow that guide!

Only once in the entire game did they wince or feel scared. That was in the first half of the third string, when Les Miserbles started in and bunched strikes and spares till at the end of the first box they had a total of 493, which gave them a clear lead of 43 pins on the visitors.

It was a rapid pace they were setting and it told on them. The strain was a little too much. Behind them were massed 100 of their friends who cheered them on and urged them to their best effort.

But they fell; failed to carry along the game they so well inaugurated, and that alone accounts for their defeat.

It was 7.30 when the game started. The rooters for the visitors, led by Alderman Presho of Boston massed themselves along the sides of the alleys.

"Three cheers for Capt. Swift and three more for Les Miserables., shouted an enthusiast, as the little man with the pink blouse prepared to roll the first ball.

And what a cheer! Every man from Boston shouted; and then the Lowell folks gave three for Capt. Chapin and the 999th.

Every strike and every spare was cheered to the echo. The first string gave the 999th a lead of 14 pins, which they increased to 36 on the second.

The third, or at least the first half of it showed "Charlie" Marren at his best. He was an excellent bidder for the single string record. At the end of the first half he had scored 138, but he failed to maintain his gait.

The 999th made a grand finish, and won out on the last box. After the game a group picture was taken, and then both teams were cheered.

Luncheon was served to the visitors in the hall upstairs and it was 11.30 when the visitors left for home on a special train. The score:

999TH ARTILLERY.

	1	2	3	Totals
Chapin	169	164	196	529
Loring	154	190	169	513
Harwood	192	161	199	552
Orne	140	172	205	517
Spencer	185	175	168	528
Totals	840	862	937	2639

LES MISERABLES.

Swift	174	171	193	538
Farrell	150	170	192	512
Seede	177	179	152	507
McLaughlin	165	159	172	496
Marren	161	161	211	533
Totals	826	840	920	2586

The Vespers Lost.

The Vespers and the B. A. A's. put up a great game with high scores on the Vesper alleys last night. Though they bowled 2677, the Vespers were beaten. The B. A. A. team rolled a very even game and not a man fell below the 500 mark.

Hill had a total of 615, with single strings of 215, 198, and 202.

The team total reached 2734. The score:

B. A. A.

	1	2	3	Totals
Hill	215	198	202	615
Lodge	163	168	178	509
Fuller	187	196	155	538
Burton	203	191	164	558
Legate	182	168	164	514
Totals	950	921	863	2734

VESPERS.

Corwin	189	188	174	551
Grover	225	202	190	617
Dahlberg	183	170	168	521
Swift	145	191	181	487
Goulding	184	156	161	501
Totals	929	877	871	2677

Highlands Break the Ice.

The Highlands won last night.

The Jamaica club was beaten by 81 pins in a well played game.

Lewis was high roller and the team as a whole did excellent first and second ball work. The score:

Highlands—Church 530, Dickerman 534, Barton 539, Cheney 498, Lewis 566; total 2667.

Jamaica—Nolte 520, Scully 524, Hagar 505, Hall 509, Smith 528; total 2586.

The Nashua Team Won Again.

The Middlesex team lost another game in the Merrimack Valley league tournament last night. Ed. Morse's Nashua team won on their own alleys, as the following totals will show:

Nashua—Steed 572, Waters 470, Degnan 550, Fuller 498, Fogarty 478; total 2568.

Middlesex—Beauregard 457, Gregory 515, Halstead 500, Clogston 521, Smith 473; total 2466.

Another for Capt. Adams.

Capt. Adams rolled 504 in the High School tournament game yesterday, and carried his team to victory. The score:

Team 4—Adams 504, Barton 440, Mitten 440, O'Brien 375, Lane 440; total 2190.

Team 1—Wing 389, Nesmith 360, Murphy 470, Donahue 422, O'Donnell 302; total 2033.

LOCAL NOTES.

Prayer books and bibles at Lawler's book store.

For Lacawana coal go to Rourke & Sullivan', 984 Gorham street.

The compilers of the new directory are around and have an ad. in another column of interest to secretaries of societies.

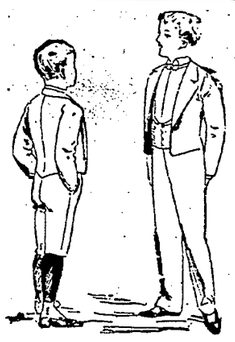
Double texture two cape mackintoshes, handsome fancy plaid linings, only $4.98, at Holmes' specialty store, 124 126 Merrimack street.

The nicest kind of a gift for a lady is a mackintosh. Special sale at Chris Holmes' specialty store, 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

If you want to get a gents' dress suit case made on honor, call at Lowell Trunk Manufacturing, P. F. Devine, 70-72 Middlesex street.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with THE SUN Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?



Boys' and children's correct dress for all social occasions.

Eton suits (see picture) and Tuxedo Suits, with short trousers, 8 years to 14, with long trousers, 12 years to 16.

Fine black and blue diagonal suits; Juniors for boys 3 years to 8; double breasted jackets, 7 years to 15; single breasted jackets with vests and short trousers, 10 years to 16.

Children's white blouses, boys' white dress vests, dress shirts, ties, collars and cuffs.

PUTNAM & SON,

166 Central Street.

Lowell.

WAS A BLACKMAIL SCHEME

THE HANDWRITING AND SPELLING OF WRITER

Gave a Strong Clue to the Identity of Its Sender, S. A. Owen Suspected.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—The coils are tightening around S. A. Owen, who it is said mailed the infernal machines to Messrs. Pullman and Armour, and notified them in advance, in the hope of obtaining a reward. He is believed to be the same man who for 10 months has been sending threatening letters to Messrs. P. D. Armour demanding $2000. The identification of the writer of the letters with the man who mailed the infernal machines is based on the similarity of the writing.

In a written statement made by Owens yesterday he misspelled the words "prairie" and "contents" precisely as was done in addressing the packages that caused his arrest. Owens kept a billiard hall recently, which is close to a spot where some months ago it was demanded that Mrs. Armour should cause money to be left for the writer or be attacked with vitriol and dynamite.

Missionaries Safe.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18.—United States Minister Terrell received advices from Caesarea and Adana yesterday announcing the safety of the American missionaries at those places. All the extra guardships, except the German one, are now in the Bosphorus, and the foreign population of this city and vicinity breathes somewhat easier.

Governor Morton has granted a respite until Jan. 7 in the case of Bartholomew Shea, convicted of the murder of Robert Ross at Troy, N. Y.

The charge of drunkenness brought against Lemuel A. Ashport, a Brockton (Mass.) policeman, was sustained. Mayor Whipple ordered him to be reprimanded.

Lake Champlain is frozen over for 40 miles north of Whitehall to Vergennes, and it is safe to cross on the ice from Chimney Point, N. Y., to the Vermont shore.

An express on the Southern Pacific railroad was wrecked near Towels, Cal. A Pullman and a tourist car rolled down an embankment, injuring several passengers, but none fatally.

Chauncey Smith, postmaster at West Norwich, Vt., shot William Eastman. Eastman, it is alleged, was drunk and attempted to assault Smith with a club. Eastman is not dangerously hurt.

John McNamara, John Hopkins and Moses Proffet, who are charged with having assaulted and robbed George R. Earle at Providence, were bound over to the court of common pleas in the sum of $5000 each.

It is True

that there is no other tea used so extensively in this city today as the Garden Flower tea sold by us. If you are not using it you don't use the best tea. Commercial Tea Co., opp. post office.

New Year's Day

Interest Begins in the

Savings Department OF THE TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

At Rate Per Annum of

4 Per Cent. Compound Semi-Annually.

On Money Deposited Before 4 p. m. Friday, January 3rd.

Hours—8 to 4 daily. Saturdays 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m.

30 MIDDLESEX STREET 11 POST OFFICE AVENUE

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs Edward Cogger & Co., 155 Church and 23 Concord streets.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

Regular $1 Child's Folding Chair for This Week Only 48c. This Week Only.

A. E. O'HEIR & CO'S, 16 Merk St.

The Home Furnishers.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 45	6 50	6 00	§7 08
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 08	6 40	§7 37
§7 01	7 58	8 00	9 12
§7 18	8 02	8 30	§9 11
§7 27	8 12	9 00	§9 42
§7 38	8 50	9 15	10 25
7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
8 50	9 40	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 30	11 30	§12 08
9 40	10 40	12 00	§12 56
11 00	12 06	1 00	§1 40
§11 45	12 30	2 00	3 04
§12 15	1 05	3 00	2 40
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
3 00	4 25	4 15	§5 30
§4 00	4 45	5 00	5 44
4 30	5 20	5 25	5 22
§5 20	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 15	7 18
§6 24	7 10	7 30	§8 10
§7 52	8 35	8 00	§8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
§7 18	8 02	2 00	2 55
§7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
§9 10	10 10	5 00	6 59
§4 27	5 32	7 30	§8 10
§5 58	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
6 50	8 04	7 30	8 33
8 15	9 13	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 42	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 06	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 38	2 15	3 19
12 45	2 01	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 45	3 40	4 56
3 20	4 14	4 25	5 43
4 05	5 24	5 01	6 18
5 10	6 44	6 01	7 06
6 15	7 30	6 35	7 46
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 44		

Sunday Trains.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 52
4 15	5 27	5 00	6 28
5 30	7 00	7 00	8.21
7 25	8 44		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

§From Middlesex St. station only.

Make way for the Irish army in the event of a war between this country and England.

It is nearly time to start selecting your Christmas gifts. Don't wait to receive ours before sending yours.

If the tailors' strike in New York will aid in the extermination of the sweat-shop, it will be a benefit to mankind.

A pastor who can unite discordant elements in a church and keep them so should command a high salary in his city.

Another skating fatality on the ice. The Sun gave warning of going on thin ice. This is not likely to be the last if the skating continues.

Jerome F. Manning is out for an independent Miller ticket next year. That would be even better than a fusion ticket that does not fuse.

Dunraven is coming over to testify at the investigation of his charges. He will go home much worse disgraced than he was on his last trip.

Gen. Campos like the dull school boy "wants to go home" or exchange Cuba for some English island nearer home. England wofully replies: "I have troubles of my own."

The coal combine is fleecing the public during the cold spell. It has always been a cause for astonishment that some combine does not undertake to tax the public for air and light.

It is now in order for a certain class of ministers to assail the police. The Nashua police are under fire; those of Brockton have just made their escape. The storm will soon strike other cities. Beware.

Ambassador Bayard does not seem to be very seriously scared at Congressman Barrett's mode of gaining notoriety. Barrett is the sort of statesman who believes in springing surprises. They are good things to get a man talked about.

"The bride of Christ," a new healer, who has announced her arrival in Haverhill has been struck by the Francis Schlatter craze. Schlatter, it is said, was at one time a lunatic in Switzerland and is not accounted quite sane at present.

Cooking by recipe is becoming more common and treatment for dyspepsia, we are assured, is increasing in the same proportion. It is not every stomach that would stand the result of daily experiments on a new recipe without rebelling.

Samuel Gompers again presides over the American Federation of Labor. He has proved himself worhty of the position during his incumbency when first elected and is now more competent from experience to lead organized labor to success.

President Cleveland's message will strike a patriotic chord in the heart of every citizen. It is a direct slap in the face to England in her policy of encroachment on Venezuela. Now just watch England's way of backing out gracefully so as to bring in the words of old Disraeli "peace with honor."

Illinois and New York have adopted plans for pensioning superannuated teachers without much loss to the state. It would be better to pension old teachers than to continue paying them for teaching when they have lost their ability to do anything except spoil the children.

The mandamus issued against the sinking fund commissioners to compel them to invest the funds at their discretion, does not change the situation. The commissioners never intended to do anything else. In his argument, Hon George F. Richardson repeatedly asked the court "of what use would be a mandamus if it were not peremptory?" The commissioners showed that they had been awaiting a higher market, as they had a right to do. The only effect of the mandamus would be to prevent the commissioners from awaiting a higher market indefinitely—something which they never meant to do.

A BITTER FIGHT

Traction Fight at Philadelphia Becoming Serious.

RIOTOUS MOBS FILL THE STREETS.

Cars are Bombarded With Disastrous Results.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18. — Despite the efforts of the strike leaders to preserve order, there has been much violence, although none of a serious nature. At Sixth and Market streets somebody threw a brick through a car yesterday, and the conductor and motorman fled for their lives. The crowd then broke every window in the car and the one which followed it.

At Second and Berk streets a crowd of men surrounded a car. The motorman and conductor refused to abandon their positions, and were thrown to the street. The car was turned upside down and both streets were blocked.

At Cumberland and Amber streets about 100 women plugged the switches and blocked the cars on Cumberland street. Conductors tried to reopen the switches, but were driven away by the women. Scores of men have been arrested for cutting trolley ropes. Strike leaders mounted on horseback are at several of the big depots urging men at work to join the strikers.

The mayor yesterday afternoon issued a proclamation, calling upon all good citizens to assist the authorities in preserving order, and to that end begging them not to collect in crowds on the public highways. "Violence will be met with force and peace will be preserved at all hazards," he says.

Philadelphia is all but at the mercy of a mob. Not a street car of the Union Traction company is running, and that company controls

Every Line In the City,

with the exception of two comparatively short cross-town lines.

The police were absolutely unable to control the mob violence. From early morning until dusk, as each branch line made desperate efforts to start, howling mobs surrounded each car, stoned and hooted the motorman and conductor, smashed the windows, cut the trolley ropes and wreaked all possible destruction. Then the attempt was abandoned. The strikers took little if any part in the work of destruction.

Five hundred extra policemen were sworn in by Mayor Warwick last night, and these, with the regular force of 2100, will make an attempt to quell the rioters. They have orders from Mayor Warwick to carry their batons unsheathed. Should this fail, the governor will be appealed to to order out the militia. The city's executive declared in unmistakable terms that the strike is no longer a contest between a railway company and its employes, but a battle between the city and violence, and the city will win, if it takes the United States army.

The situation is the gravest the city has ever been called upon to encounter. The staff officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania are in their armories, uniformed and armed in case of need.

The strike itself remains unchanged. The Traction leaders refuse to listen to any suggestion from the other side, and, indeed, no effort is being made in that direction. The strikers are firm, and determined to fight it to the bitter end. Three mass meetings were held last night in various parts of the city.

The entire road covers about 500 miles, and over 6500 men are employed. About 5000 of these are out. There are all sorts of rumors. One is that electricians of the company will join the ranks of the malcontents. Another is that armies of railway workers are bound for this city from Brooklyn, Baltimore, Indianapolis and other points, either to assist or take the places of the strikers.

The fiercest riot of the day occurred at Sixth and Vine streets about noon. The mob reached almost to Market street, two blocks below. It entrenched itself along the sidewalks and bombarded every car which attempted to run the gauntlet. Superintendent Linden, with a great force of police, finally succeeded in dispersing the crowds after 16 arrests had been made. At Sixth and Market streets veritable pandemonium broke loose as the first two cars reached that point.

In an instant every glass was smashed, and a fusilade of dinner kettles, fire buckets and bricks poured from the upper floors of the business blocks on either side. Conductors and motormen fled for their lives.

Later in the day another violent scene was witnessed at Eighth and Market streets. A West Philadelphia car made its appearance. Motorman, conductor and the few passengers were ordered to leave, and after the fender had been ripped from its attachments and the general work of destruction perpetrated, the car was upset at the intersection of the two lines of track. This blockade was not raised for two hours. In one of these riots Policeman A. Keppler was seriously injured by a shower of stones. Other injuries to citizens and officers are reported from different sections.

Women are playing a prominent part in the strike. One of the warmest adherents of the strikers is a Mrs. Howard, who has done much toward organizing the men and winning over new recruits. The Women's Health Protective association adopted resolutions of sympathy for the men.

Fourteen Seamen Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—Intelligence has reached here that on Sunday last the German ship Athens, from New York for London, with a cargo of naphtha, exploded off Cape May. Fourteen lives were lost, and four of the crew were rescued by the British ship Tafna and brought to this port.

To Try For America's Cup.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Globe says that it is rumored that the Hendersons of Glasgow received an order yesterday for a yacht, designed by George L. Watson, which is to compete in races for the America's cup.

PECULIAR in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great curative value. You should TRY IT.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

How to Cure Yourself While Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo," is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want, while taking "Baco-Curo," it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists, with our ironclad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), $2.50 and guaranteed cure, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Booklet and proofs free. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., Mfg. Chemists, La Crosse, Wis.

TROUBLES OF AN ACTOR.

Henry Irving's Experience With a Too All Around Admirer.

When Sir Henry Irving was in Dublin, he met a very enthusiastic admirer of the Lyceum productions. Irving asked him what plays he had seen.

"Well," he replied, "I saw 'Romeo and Juliet.' I thought it was simply fine. Miss Terry was splendid as Juliet, especially in the balcony scene—you remember the balcony scene, don't you, where she"—

"Oh, yes," replied Irving, "I remember it very well! You know I played Romeo?"

"Yes, yes, I remember. Then the nurse —wasn't the nurse very good? Who is it played that part—oh, yes, Mrs. Sterling, wasn't it? And the apothecary, I thought he was very good. Didn't you?"

"Well, what other plays did you see?" asked Irving.

"Well, I saw 'Macbeth' for one."

"Did you like it?"

"Oh, yes, especially that scene where Lady Macbeth comes in with the taper, you know, and looks at her hand! How is this that goes? 'Out, damned spot! Out, I say!' And then something about 'the perfumes of Arabia.' And then there's a fine scene between her and Macbeth, where she tells him—I forget, but it was very good. And Banquo was awfully good. Don't you think so?"

"Well, did you see 'Hamlet?' " asked Irving.

" 'Hamlet?' Oh, yes! Polonius struck me as particularly good in that. Do you remember where he is giving his advice to Laertes—

"Give thy thoughts no tongue, nor any unproportioned thought his act;
Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar.
Those friends thou hast, and something something tried,
Grapple them to thy soul with hooks of steel.

"I forget how it goes on. Horatio was very good too."

"Well, I played Hamlet in that, you know," ventured Irving.

"Oh, indeed! Yes; to be sure. I remember. But who was it that played the ghost?"

Irving gave it up when it reached this point.—New York Sun.

Her Idea.

"Here is your Christmas present."

There was a look of great happiness on Dimpleton's face as he turned toward his wife and handed to her a neat rectangular package, on which her name was carelessly written in pencil.

"Yes, my dear," he continued, as with an air of mystification his wife cut the string and examined curiously in turn a bright new passbook and checkbook of a well known bank, "for some time I was troubled to know just what to get you. Recalling the number of occasions that you have remarked that you would like to feel that you were independent, and knowing also what an excellent thing it is for a woman to acquaint herself with the ordinary methods of doing business, it occurred to me that it would be a nice thing to open a bank account for your own use. I have therefore deposited $1,000 to your credit. Here are your bankbook and your book of blank checks, and you have only to step around to the bank with me and leave your signature, and the thing will be complete. There, what do you think of that for your Christmas?"

"It's lovely, dear, of course," replied Mrs. Dimpleton, looking at him somewhat vaguely as she absently turned over the leaves of the checkbook, "and yet, do you know, I think I would rather have had the money?"—Life.

His Limit.

"How tired you look, my darling," exclaimed the little woman as she met him at the door. "Come right in and rest yourself! I've made you a new pair of slippers, and if your head aches I'll rub it with cologne—poor dear!"

All this time he had been regarding her suspiciously. Finally he said:

"I had really forgotten that Christmas was so near. Here's $20. It's the best I can do, Maria, until collections are better!"—Atlanta Constitution.

He Was a Stranger.

Jones—Tomorrow will be the first Sunday of the year, and I propose to commence the New Year by going to church.

Mrs. Jones—You had better take me with you.

Jones—What for?

Mrs. Jones—You may need somebody to identify you.—Truth.

Miss Ice of Boston.

Miss Ice, who recently arrived here from Boston, has moved to Mrs. Lamar Stark's, where she will spend the winter.—Florida Times-Union.

CITY BILLS.

City of Lowell, Auditor's Office, Dec. 17, 1895.

Persons having bills against the City of Lowell, must present them at this office on or before Dec. 20th, to obtain payment Jan. 10, 1896. Bills presented later will remain unpaid until Feb. 10, 1896.

—DAVID CHASE, Auditor.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label.

Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.

F. S. Sharrow. 200 Central St.

SUNBEAMS.

Upon His Honor.

—Life.

And the Clerk Wilted.

They are telling a good story on a Montezuma clerk. In conversation with a farmer recently the clerk, noticing a lady at a distance, said:

"That woman looks as if she might bite a nail in two?"

"Yes," replied the farmer.

"Got a jaw on her like a vise?"

"Yes."

"Keeps it going all the time, as if there wasn't any such thing as an eight hour law?"

"Yes."

"Got a bonnet on that looks as if it might be a sign for a vegetable garden?"

"Yes."

"Got a complexion like a slab of tan-bark?"

"Yes."

"Looks as if her temper would sour milk just from the cow?"

"Yes."

"Got clothes on that look like they'd been made out of last year's circus posters?"

"Exactly."

"Who is she?"

The farmer got up to get a better look before committing himself.

"She's a jay from Jay's Crossroads, ain't she?" he said, with a laugh, as he sat down again.

"Yes, who is she?"

"Oh, she's my wife. Let me take you over and introduce you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

An Eye to the Future.

He drew her to him, and for a few minutes there was no sound but the beating of their hearts.

"Dearest," she said at last, looking trustingly up into his eyes.

"What is it, darling?" he asked lovingly.

"Now that I have consented to elope with you, shall we go to Milwaukee or cross the line and try Indiana?"

"We must go to Milwaukee," he replied promptly.

"Is that the most convenient place, love?"

"Well, it's the most convenient to the South Dakota courts."—Chicago Post.

A Trifling Difference.

Exchange Editor—What makes Dr. Leader look so sad today?

Financial Editor—Oh, nothing, only he tried to say in an editorial that Wigglestein was a national character, and the compositor made him say that he was a notional character instead.—Somerville Journal.

Good Advice.

Student (hurriedly accosting a mate of his)—Sapperlot, there are a couple of creditors close on my heels.

Fellow Student—Quick, run into the savings bank, over the way! Nobody will look for you there.—Buntes Allerlei.

Get all your printing done at THE SUN office.

Cold Weather

There are seven million pores in the ordinary sized man, which act as sewers in cleansing the system of impurities. When they become clogged, perspiration ceases or is less than normal in quantity. Cold weather restricts the amount of perspiration, and in nature's struggle to free the system of waste matter the Kidneys become overworked. Buker's Kidney Pills counteract the effects of overwork, prevent disease, and cure the Backache incidental to Kidney troubles. When the back aches, try the pills. Druggists sell them for 50 cents. A book about Backache and Kidney troubles for the asking.

Buker Pill Co., Bangor, Me.

$30,000 WORTH of GOODS TO GO AT AUCTION PRICES.

OUR GREAT SACRIFICE SALE

Opens Today, Dec. 16, at 9 o'clock.

Christmas Purchasers can get Goods here at Half Prices. Our Goods comprise everything in the line of China, Crockery and Glass Ware, Plated Goods and Bric-a-Brac of all kinds.

We have some of the latest DINNER SETS in the market, a new invoice of the celebrated MILLER LAMP is in stock, and there are some of the newest and best goods in the market in the assortment.

Every article has been marked down to just cover cost. This is one of the rarest opportunities to procure extra fine goods at small Cost ever offered to Lowell people.

FRENCH & PUFFER

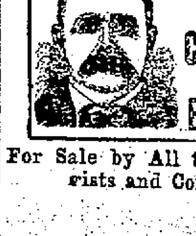
CENTRAL STREET.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST, 161 CENTRAL ST. OPP. [illegible]

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory

P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building



BIRD'S ORIGINAL COUGH DROPS MANUFACTURED BY Bird Brothers.

For Sale by All the Leading Druggists and Confectioners.

PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures

Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures

Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cin. Nonpareil.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*

It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

HEFFERNAN'S

Pure Malt Whiskey

A Medicinal Tonic and Stimulant

FOR THE OVERWORKED AND WEAK.

That "All Run Down" Feeling Positively CURED.

For Sale by all Druggists and Liquor Dealers.

SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLE.

Price, - - $1.00 Per Bottle

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

DR. WALKER DENTIST, Wyman's Exchange

NEW LUMBER YARD

No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.

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OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

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Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flaheven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

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The Trade and Families supplied at Lowest Prices. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

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NO. 302 MARKET STREET

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Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors

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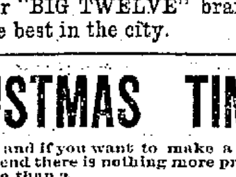
Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.



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Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

CHRISTMAS TIME

Is with us and if you want to make a present to a friend there is nothing more practicable to give than a

BEAUTIFUL STAND LAMP

When attached to the gas fixture it will be a thing of joy forever, and would be appreciated by anyone. There is a large assortment at

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All kinds of Copper, Steam Gas Piping and Plumbing.

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Brown Bro's

OUR PRICES will tell their own story. They are on the bed rock and we defy competition. Similar goods may be sold LOWER but the same goods NEVER.

100 doz. Children's Picture Handkerchiefs at 3c. each.
100 doz. Ladies' Scalloped Bordered Handkerchiefs at 5c each.
50 doz. Ladies' Embroidered Edge Handkerchiefs at 15 and 25c each.
50 doz. Silk Handkerchiefs, all colors, 25c each.
84 doz. Ladies' and Gents' Mufflers at 75c and $1.00 each.
A choice line of Christmas Aprons, Gloves, Neckties and Fascinators.
Also 100 doz. Children's White Flannel Petticoats, waist combined, at the ridiculous low price of 15c each, well worth 33c each.

Come and buy the little folks one to keep them warm.

BROWN BRO'S, Opp. Monument Square

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?

If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.

MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

COME! COME!!

GIVE A PERSON A SHOW.

That is just what we are doing. We will give any customer that calls at our shoe store more for their money than they can get in any other shoe store. How do these prices suit you:

First we have a lot of Women's Congress and Lace Serge Boots, 25c.
A pair of Women's Felt Slippers, hand made, our own, 35c.
300 pairs of Women's Button Boots, slightly imperfect, 50c. a pair.
Misses' School Shoes, solid leather, warranted, 75c. Another lot 65c.
Men's Rubber Boots, best made, $2.50.
Men's Storm Rubbers, 75c.
Child's Rubber Boots, 75c. Remember the place.

William Wade

Two Doors Below the Old Post Office.

He: "The ring doesn't seem to fit very well. Hadn't I better take it back and have it made smaller?"

She: "No. An engagement ring is an engagement ring, even if I have to wear it round my neck."

OUR GREAT FIRE, SMOKE and SLAUGHTER SALE

Offers rare opportunities for filling the sideboard for the holidays, and in fact for stocking it for the winter supply. Our great bargains in whiskeys is in Ramsey's Scotch, Tom, Gins, Irish Old Crow and Hermitage. During the few days this sale has been in progress we have disposed of the bulk of our stock, but we still have a few bargains left which we offer in the following revised list: The stock must be cleaned out to make way for new goods now arriving.

RHINE WINES.

California.

Sauterne	case	qts.	$2.50	per	bottle	$0.25
"	"	pts.	3.00	"	"	.15
Haute Sauterne	"	qts.	3.50	"	"	.30
"	"	pts.	4.00	"	"	.20
Graves	"	qts.	6.00	"	"	.50
"	"	pts.	7.00	"	"	.20
Martellac	"	qts.	10.00	"	"	.90
"	"	pts.	11.00	"	"	.60
Macon	"	qts.	7.50	"	"	.65
"	"	pts.	6.50	"	"	.35
Chablis	"	qts.	8.50	"	"	.45
"	"	pts.	6.50	"	"	.25
Laubenheimer	"	qts.	5.50	"	"	.50
"	"	pts.	6.50	"	"	.35
Oppenheimer	"	qts.	7.00	"	"	.60
"	"	pts.	8.00	"	"	.35
Neirstiner	"	qts.	9.50	"	"	.45

BRANDIES.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Blackberry, bottle			.45
California bottle			.45

TABLE WATERS.

	Qts.	Pts.
Apollinaris	$1.75	$1.25
Neptune	1.45	.50

GINS.

Kaiser	$1.50	.40	20
Old Tom		.75	
Tom		.75	
Plymouth		.85	

WHISKSIES.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Kaiser	$1.50	$0.40	$0.20
Belmont	2.00	.50	
Blue Grass	2.50	.70	.35
Paul Jones XXXX	3.00	.90	
White Elephant		1.00	
Collingwood		.75	
Ramsey's Scotch		75	
Irish		75	
Heffernan's Malt		.75	
Private Brand		1.50	
Old Crow		.75	
Hermitage		.75	
Willow Creek		.75	

ALES AND PORTERS.

	Doz.	Bottles
Smith's Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Evans' Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Golden Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Norfolk Porter, pints	1.00	.10

RUMS.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Kaiser	$1.50	$ .40	$ .20
New England		40	
Choice Medford		45	
Cherry		40	
Old Rum		55	.30

COCKTAILS.

	Qts.
The Club	$1.00
Popular	.75
Champagne	.60

CORDIALS.

	Qts.	Pt.
Creme du Menthe	$0.95	
Field's Orange Bitters	.75	
Chartreuse, green		.50
Chartreuse, yellow	1.10	.75
Kummel's	.80	
Benedictine	1.50	
Absinthe	1.00	
Abbott's Angostura	.80	
Lime Juice	.20	
Rock, Rye and Honey	.65	.35
Cream Du Violet	1.06	
Kirschevasser	1.00	
Parfait Amour	.95	
Creme du Maudarin	1.25	
Jug Orange Curacoa		.75
Jamaica Rum and Syrup	80	

CALIFORNIA WINES.

Claret, Zinfandel, St. Julian, Port, Sherry, Angelica — 6 Quart Bottles $1 — 3 Bottles 65c. — Catawba, Muscatel, Malaga

(Miscellaneous.)

Tokay, Frontignan — 50c. Each formerly $1. — Madeira, Malaga.

IMPORTED SHERRY AND PORT.

Formerly sold at $1, $1.25, $1.50, per bottle, now sold at 70c. per bottle for choice.

JOHN M. PEVEY. 55-57 MIDDLE STREET

THE CORPORATION RULE

DESPOTIC SWAY OF COMBINATIONS THAT CONTROL.

It Is the Old Divine Right of Kings In a Disguise That Deceives the People—Monopoly Will Rule Until The Workers Learn to Use the Ballot.

[Special Correspondence.]

To the historians of the future some of our present developments will be quite incomprehensible, unless they are inclined to laugh at the sight of our stupendous simplicity. The idea that will be most amusing to them is that of our failing to realize the total incompatibility of political freedom with or in the midst of powerful corporations for industrial purposes. Because what is the meaning of such corporations after all? They mean groups of individuals to whom rights have been granted above those understood to be inherent with every one of us as individuals. And what is that but the enactment of laws saying that such and such individuals, when in groups, shall have the power to dictate to the rest of the nation the conditions on which they shall live? And who shall be the rest of the nation? The poorest or most conscientious men, those who have not means enough to group themselves in powerful combinations, or those who see the wrong of combining for the sake of injuring their fellow men. In either case they shall be the men whose natural, inherent or generally granted rights should be considered most sacred, and hence the very rights to be protected and respected by human laws, never to be interfered with by any artificial combinations on the part of the greedy human types in the nation.

Corporations, in the industrial realm, what are they but a complete denial of equal freedom, and hence disguised despotism? All freedom becomes a negation as soon as equal freedom disappears because of some rights granted to certain groups of men and not to the rest, who prefer to remain ungrouped or have to by reason of insufficient means, etc.

The naked fact is that parliamentary systems and republics have so far assumed, in a hidden form, if you like, the old divine right of kings and despots—that of granting favoritisms to the powerful, of course the only ones who can pay for them or have influence around the throne of law, in legislative halls, where our groups of kings, the modern ones, hamble the workers of nations, the so called sovereign people. No wonder that the sovereign is always kept in poverty. Don't you see that the people have abdicated the law of equal rights, the only scepter by which the people can rule?

Shall we call capitalism is nothing but the concentration of wealth through laws of privilege in defiance of all natural law and natural rights. And what are laws of favoritism, of privilege, of monopoly? Nothing but the old divine right of kings, which negatives all divine law, and so all rights by God granted to men. We don't see it in that light because every now and then the people go to the polls to decide which line of kings shall be allowed to keep on manufacturing laws of privilege and monopoly through the same identical processes by which the old kings issued their own laws for the same purpose—that of keeping most of the workers in poverty. One or two centuries ago, for instance, the average workers earned $300 per annum, $100 of which glided off through his fingers mostly to enrich 1 per cent of the nation. The average worker today earns $1,000, $700 of which, if not more, also glides off from him to enrich 1 per cent of the nation. In relation to what he produces the worker of today is poorer than ever before in history, because the needs of the worker increase in proportion to what he does produce, if not faster yet.

And the above injustice shall continue until the working masses learn how to use the ballot, not for the perpetuation of monopoly rule, but for its suppression, to be replaced by equal rights and equal freedom.

Perhaps the best way with which to accomplish that job would be to concentrate all our efforts in the rapid extermination of all franchise corporations, they representing the most intensified monopolistic industrial disposition of the ages. And the process is not difficult at all. At least 60 or 70 per cent of the wealth of those corporations is nothing but franchise values, land values as a matter of fact. Taxation on land values would cut that off all at once. That alone would relieve the industries of the nation from over $500,000,000 per annum. Something like $6,000,000,000 would remain with these franchise corporations in what we may call labor created values. An annual issue of $400,000,000 full legal render government notes for 15 consecutive years would cancel the above $6,000,000,000, when what we call public utilities (the franchise corporations) would be really owned by the people. As the franchise corporations are but forms of transportation indispensable to all of us, we would then have such transportation so as to simply cover full wages to those at work there. That would be but an extension of our post-office system.

Once the franchise corporations out of the way because of their naturally being public utilities, which, if not owned by the people, they shall crush the people, then all the other minor corporations would rapidly disappear under the mere action of land values taxation. They would have to gradually become co-operative concerns, like any other common group of partners, only with a larger number of them.

All the above would come about under the magic touch of equal rights to all and privileges to no one, when we could produce ten times more wealth than today, all to be retained by the workers, because of no laws of monopoly anywhere in the horizon of the social fabric.

JOSE GROS.

Morristown, N. J.

How to Broil Live Lobster.

To broil live lobsters takes a very hot fire and is quite difficult to do with a common cook stove. Have a very hot fire—wood is best—and put the lobster in a dripping pan and bake nearly an hour, or until the shells begin to turn white. Crack the shells a little and serve whole with melted butter. They are delicious.

WANT DIVISION OF LABOR

IT IS NEEDED THAT MAN MAY ENJOY IN FULL HIS RIGHTS.

A Sure Remedy For Overproduction and Underconsumption—The Method Is In a Sufficient Reduction of the Hours of Labor—Objections Answered.

[Special Correspondence.]

Man exists by labor and on the fruits of labor; therefore every man is bound to labor, except he is possessed of what is an accumulation of the fruits of labor, and which we call capital. Consequently every man has a divine and an equal right with any other man to the privilege of producing by the labor of his own hands any means that are necessary for his support and his enjoyment of life. And any state of society which denies to any section of the community, however small, or to any citizen, such privileges, or an equality in those privileges, is unfair and unjust. Remarkable and monstrous examples of such unfairness and injustice are evident in these days.

There is a natural law which provides that the consumption of goods must bear a certain proportion to the production of the same, so that when the amount of production reaches beyond a certain mark in proportion to the consumption it causes the production to be unprofitable. And this is the reason why we have often such an absurd paradox of an apparent overproduction on one hand, which causes the employment of men to be unprofitable, and an equal underconsumption on the other hand, which also causes the employment of men to be unprofitable.

What, then, can be the remedy? Let us reflect. How would "division of labor" do? It is recognized by a great multitude as a remedy of tried and proved efficacy in many branches of industry, but it has never received the acknowledgment it deserves from all the different branches of industry, not to mention the different circles of society. Now let the amount of profitable labor be ever so little, being made by the multiplicity and the perfecting of machinery and inventions, yet divide it as equally as possible, not, however, without due regard to all the rights of personal liberty. My neighbor has no right to go and do my share of labor along with his own, to earn, and then to own, the means of my livelihood as well as his own, thereby keeping me in enforced idleness and consequent enforced misery and mendicancy or its alternative, which is enforced crime and shame and ruination of soul and body. If I am to receive my rightful share of earth's blessings in an honorable way, then I must have the privilege of my proper share of the requisite toil to produce it, no less and, quite as emphatic, no more. For if I have less, I am suffering an injury from my fellow men, and if I have more then I am causing an injury not only to others, but to myself as well. For, inasmuch as my action in taking to myself more than my share of labor forces another man to take less than his share, I am thereby courting strife and retaliatory corruption of labor's laws, resulting in unnatural and inadequate remuneration for myself and for others.

Then let us divide labor by curtailing the hours thereof so that every man who wishes to may have a fair chance to earn an honest and also a sumptuous living. By giving every willing man a chance to work you will also give every man a chance to demand such wages as the advancement of our civilization warrants him to receive. And let this be not in one or two trades, but in all trades and all honest occupations alike.

Why, what do I hear? Does any one say that the finances of the country cannot stand it, and that such a thing would ruin all the capitalists and the employers of labor? Not in the least. People do not eat money; they do not make their clothing out of greenbacks, nor do they build houses of coin; money simply passes from one hand to another, and the more that comes in, as a rule, the more goes out. Suppose now that such a beneficial revolution as this could be brought about in one week's time, who is going to be injured by it? Is it the merchant, when his customer who last week had only $10 of a salary, or perhaps none at all, being out of work, comes into his store this week with $20 ready cash to buy of his goods? Is it the house owner, some of whose tenants with their families were crowded into one or two rooms, when each family can now afford to pay for a decent and respectable suit of rooms in which to live comfortably? Is it the millionaire, who last week was fretting with anxiety over his investments in lands, railroads and buildings and who this week finds his property booming and bounding upward in valuation as to threaten to double his fortune within a week or a day? Or is it the wealthy bankers of our country, with their immense hoards of money standing idle in their vaults, when they suddenly find the money market having such a marvelous revival that the silver miners of the west need no more idle their time and let the precious ore lay in the ground because of it being a glut in the market, depreciated and despised?

There will be no more complaints of overproduction, though there will certainly be much more goods produced than at present. There will be no more suicides committed in desperation through lack of work and on account of the miserable drudgery of the toiler's life; no more deeds of violence and crime and deceit impelled by fear of destitution through enforced idleness and the unprofitableness of industrial pursuits. And what has been the cause of all this beneficial reform and these most animating scenes in the world of industry and commerce, which make the hearts of men to bound and rejoice? What is it? It is nothing more nor less, nothing but simply the rightful division of labor between all those who have a claim to it and the need of it.

MAURICE C. ROBERTS.

From New York to Bloomington.

John B. Lennon, general secretary of the Journeymen Tailors' union of America, announces that on Jan. 1, 1896, the headquarters of that organization will be removed from New York to Bloomington, Ills. During the month of October charters were granted to six new local unions.

INSURING THE BANKS.

An Organization That May Do Much Good.

Bankers from 13 states have organized a mutual association for protection and insurance against loss by burglaries, robberies and in the transportation of money. New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kentucky, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota were the states represented. From this list it will be seen that the territory covered is that in which there has been a minimum of risk, but where of late there have been dangerous signs of a growing lawlessness so far as banks are concerned.

So rapid has been the development of insurance within the past two decades that it is not surprising that the banks seek this remedy against existing evils. We have insurance against loss of profits; against loss of rent; against the dishonesty of employees—then why not against burglaries? The bank officers may be placed under bonds, but until now what could protect against weakness of the bank vaults?

Such an organization as that just formed in Iowa may do great good. It should, however, make punishment for the law breaker more certain, rather than to devote its chief energies to making the losses lighter. The old rule regarding the relative value of prevention and cure holds true to this day.—Boston Journal.

THE MEANEST MAN ALIVE.

Aged Bridegroom Gets Back Part of His Marriage Fee With Interest.

In September Rev. W. B. Matteson of the Baptist church of Owosso, Mich., was called upon to marry a couple, the groom being a man of 70 and the bride considerably younger. At the conclusion of the ceremony the groom handed the minister $20.

Several weeks later Mr. Matteson was informed that, owing to the excitement of the occasion, the bridegroom was somewhat rattled, and had mistaken the $20 bill for a $5, and demanded a rebate of $15. The reverend gentleman sent his check for the required amount to correct the error, but this was not sufficient.

It seems in the old man's third venture three months was all that was required to exhaust the glamour of matrimony, and life with him had become once more simply a matter of business. Consequently he demanded that the minister pay him interest on the $15.

The request was immediately complied with, and a second check was drawn for the sum of 15 cents, and when the voucher was returned a few days ago the minister caused it to be framed, and it now hangs in his study.—Chicago Times-Herald.

TWO BEN RUSSELLS.

Remarkable Series of Coincidences In Their Autobiographies.

Mr. Ben Russell, the sergeant-at-arms of the house, and Mr. Ben Russell, the representative of the Second Georgia district, have discovered a remarkable series of coincidences in their respective lives.

They were both born in October. Each man's father and grandfather respectively was named Benjamin, and their ancestors came from Massachusetts. Mr. Russell of Georgia enlisted in the First Georgia regiment, the other Russell enlisted in the First Maine (afterward the Tenth) regiment. Both were discharged as first lieutenants.

Both went into the newspaper business; each man has owned a newspaper for 21 years; both were mayors of their respective towns; both served two terms in their state legislatures; both were delegates to national conventions, and now they are both serving the United States under the same roof.—Boston Herald.

ANOTHER DIVORCE MECCA.

Should This Bill Pass, It Will Be In Iowa.

The Iowa code commission, appointed by the last legislature to revise the code and place before the legislature what the committee thinks should be changed in the existing laws, has finished its work, and among the recommendations is an amendment to the divorce laws, permitting a wife to get a divorce from her husband on the ground that he has "neglected to properly provide for her comfort."

This law passed will, it is said by leading lawyers, make Iowa the easiest place in which to get a divorce in the country, for all that it will be necessary to do will be for the wife to swear that the husband does things which destroy her comfort. The provision is being widely discussed and may pass.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A V. C. Man In Prison.

A man wearing the Victoria cross was recently sentenced to 18 months' hard labor in England for bigamy under unusually cruel and cowardly circumstances, the judge telling him that he richly deserved the full limit of ten years. He had married one after another a number of young girls, beating them brutally after he was tired of them. Yet he had won his cross honestly by an unusually unselfish act of bravery. In 1880, when the British were cut up by the Afghans at Maiwand, in the insurrection that led to Roberts' march to Kandahar, he saved a gun heaped up with wounded men by rushing, alone on foot against the Afghan horsemen about to surround it and holding them off with his rifle for the few moments needed to get the piece clear.—New York Sun.

Hall Caine's Opinion of Us.

Hall Caine, on his return to England, says, "The copyright act has not appreciably affected English fiction in the United States." He said that he had seen no anti-English spirit in America, although he had found much to humble the spirit of Englishmen. He expressed a very high appreciation of the greatness of the American character.

As It Should Be.

It is probable that the next Fourth of July will be the greatest holiday ever seen in New York. It will be a reunion of the people of the states, north and south, as well as of the blue and the gray.

If this sort of thing goes on much longer, people will forget that Mason and Dixon's line ever existed.—Atlanta Constitution.

Scientific Expedition For Madagascar.

A movement is on foot in Paris to send out to Madagascar a scientific mission. There will be two geologists, to study the soils and subsoils; two doctors, to study the diseases peculiar to Madagascar; two mining engineers, two botanists, two surveyors, two ethnographists, and so on.

And a Few Resolutions.

At last accounts very little had been dropped into Cuba's hat except burning thoughts and plugged nickels.—Detroit Tribune.

Freeman
Photographer, Hildreth Building.

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

STRONG MESSAGE

From Pres. Cleveland to Congress Today

URGING ENFORCEMENT OF MONROE DOCTRINE.

A Proper Answer to England's Reply.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Dec. 18—The President to-day sent to Congress a special message on the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

With his message, he submits the reply of the British government to the suggestion of the United States that the disputed question be settled by arbitration. In the reply, the British government observes that it does not see how the Monroe doctrine is applicable to the question in dispute.

In his message President Cleveland says: "The doctrine on which we stand is safe and sound. It is intended to apply to every intrusion of European powers and it is not apparent why it does not apply to the Venezuelan affair.

"The suggestion that the British government submit the Venezuelan affair to arbitration was made that we might learn what she sought under her claim; to see whether she wished only to establish the boundary line or to encroach upon American possessions.

"There is but one course for the United States government to pursue, having labored faithfully to satisfactorily arrange matters. We recognize the plain requirements of the situation and will act accordingly.

President Cleveland then suggests the appointment of a commission by the Executive to thoroughly investigate the conditions attending the boundary dispute, the causes, etc., and report as quickly as possible. Then, he says, the United States fully alive to the responsibilities incurred and of the consequences that will follow will do its duty.

The message is a very lengthy document, and the above is but an extract, touching upon the main points.

A LOWELL MAN KILLED

AT ST. PAUL, WAS THERE UNKNOWN.

His Father Once Resided in This City—Sketch of His Career.

According to a telegram sent to Lowell from St. Paul some days ago, Patrick Haughay was killed in a railroad accident. It was said in the telegram also that the father of the young man lived in Lowell.

Search was made, without success, for the father, but yesterday Mr. Haughay went to the police station. He said that he was living in Boston, but was visiting in this city. His attention had been called to the probability of the young man killed in Minnesota being his son.

Mr. Haughay said he placed his boy in 1882, in the house of the Angel Guardian, Boston, but was told there, in a short time that the boy had been delivered to him. This he denied, and says he has been unable to procure any trace of his son, although he heard he was in the west.

Mr. Haughay says he served in the 10th New Hampshire regiment during the rebellion, and received an honorable discharge. His children were born to him and his first wife, who died before he placed his boy in the house of the Angel Guardian. His second wife, Mr. Haughay says, was burned to death in Boston, six weeks ago. A second son, who has been searching for his brother, lives in New York city.

Mr. Haughay was directed to write to the chief of police in St. Paul for information regarding the fatal accident.

THE LOCAL COACHMEN

Danced Away the Flying Hours Last Night.

It is not often that the coachmen have a night off, but when they do, they make the most of it.

Last night they left their coaches, and proceeded to make merry at their annual gathering in Associate hall.

There is no jollier set than the coachmen.

They court a good time and always try to make it pleasant for their friends.

Last night's party was the first the coachmen ever held, but it will not be the last.

The stage was set with palms and potted plants which almost hid from view Hibbard's orchestra of six pieces. The orchestra played a most delightful concert program, which the early comers who sat in the gallery enjoyed immensely.

Shortly after 9 o'clok the grand march was started. Mayor Courtney, who was the special guest of the coachmen, led the march with Miss Rose A. Maguire as his partner. Following in order were Mr. Daniel Hayes, with Miss Dolly Corbett, and Mr. Owen Muldoon with Miss Emeline Muldoon.

The officers who had the affair in charge were general manager, Owen Muldoon; assistant, C. A. Duffy; floor director, Daniel Hayes; assistant, William Hayes; chief aid, William Murray; aids, John Finnon, Martin Crow, Robert Woods, Frank Dunn, Edward Robertson; reception committee, Frank Currier, chairman, John Maguire, Henry Derring, Thomas Ellis, Martin Cassidy.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

William Johnson was run over and killed by an electric car in Pawtucket, R. I., this morning.

James Ryan fell in a quarry hole at Quincy, Mass., this morning, and was killed.

It was the Bascom Block.

In the police court yesterday the block in which the case of depravity was discovered by the police was mentioned as O'Donnell & Gilbride's. That was unjust to the firm, and the occupants of the O'Donnell & Gilbride block. The prisoners were taken from the Bascom block adjoining O'Donnell & Gilbride's stores.

When you need printing remember THE SUN.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL

FINAL RESULTS COMPUTED BY THE COMMITTEE.

The Awards to the Season Ticket Holders Announced.

The St. John's hospital bazaar was a success beyond the fondest expectations of the management.

The returns from the different tables are all in and the management offers the following statement of the receipts:

Sales table	$362 80	
Vote on child's watch	343.50	
Total		706.30
All prize table		110.00
St. Anthony's table		593.98
Doll rabbit		200.50
Guess table		99.15
Citizens' table		278.45
Candy table		222.15
Knights of Columbus table		735 00
St. John's table		298.59
Old Ladies' table		264.12
Hospital table		345.10
Refreshment room		121.50
Tonic		45.00
Souvenirs		16.50
Concert		101.03
Door receipts		142.78
Total from tables	$4977.62	
Cash contributions	865 00	
Season tickets	5472.00	
Grand total		$11,008.62

The expenses amounted to about $450 which will leave a net profit of $10,558.62.

The sisters at the hospital feel deeply grateful to the kind public who so generously assisted in making the bazaar such a success.

Last night the committee made the awards to season ticket holders, as follows:

1—Five thousand feet of land, James Delehanty, 373 Market street.

2—Bound copy of Art Work in Lowell, Catherine Ulrick, Dorchester.

3—Silver fruit dish, Patrick Kane, 13 Lagrange street.

4—Picture of Madonna, Daniel C. Gannon, 483 Lawrence street.

5—Willow rocker, Mrs. Gallagher, Revere.

6—Handsome rug, Mrs. Kate Clarke, 17 Dutton street.

7—Sewing machine, Annie R. McHugh, 388 Lincoln street.

8—Gold watch, Ann Walwood, 6 Blinkhorn avenue.

9—China set, Rose Gunther, North Chelmsford.

10—Piano lamp, Mrs. V. Core, 465 Moody street.

11—Lady's desk, Myles McSweeney, Collinsville.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

NEVILLE—The funeral services of the late Dennis Neville took place this morning from his late home, 85 West Third street, and was very largely attended by many relatives and friends. The cortege formed at the house and proceeded to St. Michael's church where a high mass of requiem was offered up for the repose of his soul by Rev. D. P. Scannell.

The choir of the church rendered the Gregorian chant, Mr. John Warburton taking the solos.

At the Offertory Miss Mabel Ware who was in excellent voice, rendered Rossini's funeral hymn, O Meritum Passionis. At the close of mass she also rendered "One Sweetly Solemn Thought," and while the body was being borne from the church, Mr. Warburton sang the De Profundis psalm. Miss Corbett presided at the organ.

Many beautiful floral offerings were received from loving friends of the deceased. The bearers were James Calnin, John Ring, John Hallahan, James Carney, and H. F. Duggan, the last two bearers representing Court City of Lowell, A. O. F., of which the deceased was a member.

Burial was in the Catholic cemetery and the celebrant of the mass read the committal service at the grave. Deceased leaves a wife and two sisters in Lowell, one of whom is Mrs. John Moynihan, also a brother in Newport, and a mother and father, with a brother and sister in Ireland.

DEATHS.

FAY—Mary Fay, aged 35 years, wife of John Fay, died yesterday at her home, 9 Molloy's court, off Summer street. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon.

CARROLL—Margaret A. Carroll, aged 38 years, died this morning at her late home, 94 High street, after an illness of a few days. She leaves two children, John E., clerk for Michael Corbett, provision dealer, and Mary J., who is employed at W. H. I. Hayes's cigar store.

The funeral will take place Thursday morning.

McKENZIE — Mrs. Alice McKenzie, widow of the late James McKenzie, died this morning at her home in the Navy Yard, Dracut. Funeral will be announced later.

TOOHEY—Michael Toohey, aged 58 years, died this morning at his home, 31 Merrill street. He was an old resident of Lowell. He leaves a wife and several children.

The funeral of Patrick Dempsey who died Sunday at his home on West street will occur tomorrow from St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."
A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.
ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

CONSUMPTION
To THE EDITOR—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy free to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. Slocum, M. C., No. 183 Pearl Street, New York.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 372 Bridge Street.
Meats and Provisions.
(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

A MOTHER'S DUTY

TOWARDS HER DAUGHTERS.

Suggestions Which Bear Repeating, as Their Importance Is Immeasurable.

[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]

Only a few years ago even the medical profession scouted the idea that young girls could suffer from the misery of uterus troubles.

That form of disease, it was claimed, came only to married women.

When Lydia E. Pinkham first sent out the news of her great discovery, there was no lack of harsh speech from those whose practice and opinions she set at defiance.

But when young girls by the hundreds were absolutely cured by *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, then the tongues of the traducers were stilled, and faith was allowed to live in the hearts of the people.

Young girls are subject to this trouble. It robs them of the buoyancy of youth. It makes all effort distasteful.

It causes retention and suppression of menses, leucorrhœa, severe headache, waxy complexion, depression, weakness, loss of appetite and interest.

Certainly mothers ought to know that these are all symptoms of the one cause of nearly all the suffering that comes to women; and to save their daughters ought to begin treatment at once.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the surest and most natural remedy for women ever compounded. It will accomplish its work with certainty.

We Are After You
WITH THE LOWEST PRICES
FOR THE CHRISTMAS TRADE
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, - - - - Prop.

Stop That Cough

Did it ever occur to you that there are thousands of people in the cemeteries that might be alive and enjoying the pleasures of this world if they had only taken care of that cough. You may have the cough, but

FRANK GOODALE
Has THE REMEDY,
And for a small sum of money he will give it to you. It has cured hundreds; it will cure you. This remedy can be bought at
GOODALE'S
Drug Store
217 Central Street, FISKE'S BLOCK.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

We have added to our regular stock of fine perfumes and toilet articles many novelties, which will make suitable gifts for the holidays. Have you tried the new Japanese Perfume Matsuketa? It is all the rage. We never had such a fine line of Atomizers. Come in and see them, over 150 patterns at reasonable prices.

ELLINGWOOD & CO.
APOTHECARIES,
Merrimack, Cor. Central St.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Clear and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop.

WANT COLUMN.

THE PARTY seen picking up the money at Ingham's building on Church street this morning, will please return it to the Electric Light office and avoid further trouble.

MARIE ANTOINETTE SKIRT has seven large gores in the side and back and a large panel front, large mellon sleeves and is just the proper style. We have all up-to-date styles in ladies' dresses. The Norfolk suit is all right for a stylish business suit. A perfect fit guaranteed. Price $6.00. We use the best sewing silk and all our work is executed in a first class manner; no disappointment to our customers. Miss M. K. Crawford, is head lady. Dressmaker's League, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.

LOST—Near the Appleton storehouse a package of pay envelopes. Liberal reward for their return. P. O. White & Co., 324 Central street.

DOLLARS.—50 boys to make extra money after school and in spare time. Boys making $2 per day. Address with stamp, Robinson Mfg. Co., Fitchburg, Mass.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 780 Gorham street.

SALESMEN—to take orders. We send samples; give exclusive territory; pay good salary and expenses, or liberal commission to proper applicants. Address, P. O. Box 125, New York City.

FOUND—A child's fur lined kid glove which owner can have at this office upon paying for ad.

TO RENT—Three six room flats. G. D. Kimball, room 4, Ramels building.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, near Bridge street, 3 minutes' walk from P. O. square, good cottage house in first class repair and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block. Price $10.0.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Ward 4, near Wilder and Middlesex streets, nice two story house of 8 rooms, slated roof, bath, hot and cold water, 4500 ft. of land. Price 2600. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—Near Andrew street, two tenement house, large lot of land; this is you chance; on easy terms. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

WANTED—300 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—Near Wilder street, a good cottage house and land, good repair, on easy terms. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two tenement house, large lot of land, on corner of streets. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

FOR SALE—Cottage house, 10 minutes walk from City Hall, 7 rooms and bath a large lot of land, price $1450. $100 down, balance as rent. Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.

FOR SALE—A beautiful farm of 250 acres, good buildings, grafted orchards, over $2000 worth of wood and timber to pay for farm, cut over 30 tons of No. 1 hay last year, 4 1-2 miles from depot, 2 1-2 miles to Creamery, land slopes to south. Beautiful view if sold this month, will throw in crops, will take $1400. $400 down balance to suit. Apply to Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, old P. O. Block, Lowell.

FOR SALE—Small farm in Pawtucketville of five acres, new cottage house; this is a bargain. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

Real Estate House
WM. H. EMERY,
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

Belvidere, house of 9 rooms, bath, laundry, steam heat, 4000 feet of land, $4000.

Centralville, 2½ story house, 6 rooms, 2530 feet of land, newly papered and pain ed, near Bridge and Tenth streets, $1300, on easy terms.

Belvidere, new 2-tenement house of 13 rooms, built upon honor, 4600 feet of land, nice location, $4300.

I have several new houses of 8 to 10 rooms, with bath, laundry, furnace heat, etc., on our land at head of new Moody Street bridge, which I will sell on easy terms, same as rent.

House lots at head of new Moody Street bridge, $320 and up; it is about 10 minutes' walk from city hall. Terms are very easy, payments by the month or year.

A. J. RYAN, Agent.

ONE OF THE BEST
Bargains of the Season

In a 4-Tenement Block; best part of Ward 3; land enough for another block of 6 tenements. Will be sold low to settle partnership.

7-Room Cottage; fine repair; barn and carriage room for 4 horses. Old Ward 4; price low.

Another one in Ward 4; price $1500.

Still another on Shaw Street, $1300. A few nice lots in Chelmsford Centre; also 2 new houses, 7 rooms each; easy terms.

F. L. RICHARDSON
56 Central Street.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent,)
Merchant Tailor
Fine Tailoring a Specialty.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

1895 CHRISTMAS 1895

We can supply your table this year as never before. We can furnish a fat turkey, chicken, goose or duck, celery, cranberries, etc. Christmas Candy 10c lb. New Mixed Nuts 2 lbs. 25c. New Layer Raisins, dates, figs, currants, etc. Sweet Oranges, Malaga Grapes, Bananas, etc.

Give our new market a call and you will be sure of a fine dinner.

F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Merchant,
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

A New Invoice of
CHOICE FALL NOVELTIES
Arrived this week. Some exquisite selections of FRENCH FRAMES, fine Felts and Chenille Hats. We have been appointed agents for the ELI and H. & S. FINE CORSETS and invite ladies of Lowell to inspect our stock before purchasing.

ABBIE M. SMITH,
175 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant

CO TO
CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT
FOR
Fine Custom Tailoring
42 CENTRAL STREET.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. Brody, Manager.
Special Engagement.
THE TURNER-MILLER COMPANY
Under the Auspices of
CO. D, 2d CORPS CADETS
Presenting the Thrilling Military Drama,
THE GIRL SPY
OF CHICKAMAUGA.
3 Nights and Matinee Wednesday, December 18, 2.30.
December 16th, 17th, 18th
50 People in the Production.
Strong Play, "Grand Battle," Full of Fun
Evening Prices, 50, 35, 25, 20, 15, 10c. Matinee, 35, 25, 15, 10c.

Something New Under the Sun. Elite Engagement.
THREE NIGHTS, Commencing Thursday, Dec. 19th.
With Saturday Matinee. An attraction of Unusual Excellence. In Their New Fantastic Burlesque Musical Comedy
THE KODAK
In Three Snap Shots.
All Fun. A Positive Novelty. No Sorrow
HEAR The Musical Tennis Club. The Mandolin Troubadours. The Fairy Bells. The Saxophone Quintette.

We Have Just Received an Invoice OF
CHINAWARE
For Decorating for Christmas use.
Christmas Candles
For Trees and Table use.
C. B. Coburn & Co.
61-67 Market Street.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 544.

J. D. GRANT,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
64 MERRIMACK STREET
Carries the largest line of Silverware in the city; also an immense stock of
Watches, Clocks, Diamonds
And the general run of Jewelry. His prices, considering only FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN are employed for Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry are the lowest to the owners of the same, because of the thorough manner in which every job is done.

The Right Road to Make Money
Do you want a good, paying business? If so, call at
ROOM 18, BARRISTERS HALL.
Where you can get information with regard to a business, from which large sums of money are being made. Owner has positively made a small fortune at this business, in a very short time. Call and investigate. Suitable for gentleman or lady. Just the business for man and wife.

SLEIGH SALE
The dealers were late in making shipments, and we got a large discount. For that reason, you can get a good sleigh very low of
E. H. Morse
139 Middle Street

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass., Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a. m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

VARIETY STORES use our papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at the office for 5 cents a hundred.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR WEDNESDAY, DEC. 18.

SUN RISES..... 7 09 | MOON SETS..... 6 32 PM
SUN SETS..... 4 14 | FULL SEA { 11 50 AM / 12 15 PM
LENGTH OF DAY.. 9 05 |

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; possibly local snows in extreme northern portions; warmer; southwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

When in doubt, smoke Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices. 18 Church street.

Something new at Devine's, ladies' Boston bags. Call at old wooden building 70-72 Middlesex street, P. F. Devine proprietor.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Johnson left last night for New York city. During their stay in the city they will place their order for the first importations of spring millinery for the season of 1896. Knowing that the first importations are always the best, and with their long experience in the millinery business, and the reputation that this millinery establishment has gained in Lowell, it is safe to predict that they will not only sustain the well earned reputation but will add new laurels, and will be as in the past, the leaders.

Fell on Sidewalk.

A lady named Ann Gibbon, who resides at 74 Whipple street, fell on the sidewalk and sprained her ankle yesterday. She was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

His Heel Was Crushed by the Elevator.

Frank Bernard, an employe of the Tremont & Suffolk mills, had his heel badly crushed by having it caught in an elevator at the mills yesterday afternoon.

He was taken in the ambulance to the Corporation hospital. He resided at 10 Aiken avenue.

No License Transfers.

Daniel D. Driscoll was present at the meeting of the police board last night and wanted the board to grant him a transfer of his license. The commissioners were not disposed to grant the request.

The application of George F. Murchand for a common victualler's license at 349 Middlesex street was referred to the superintendent for investigation and report.

J. H. Collins was given permission to make alterations in his premises on Cabot street.

This is the Place,

P. F. Devine, the proprietor of the trunk manufactory at 70-72 Middlesex street, has a large stock of Christmas goods suitable for ladies or gents.

He has an extensive line of ladies' Boston bags. These goods are something new this season. He has also a beautiful line of gents' dress suit cases, and hundreds of other useful articles such as a person should have to go travelling with. Any person intending to make a present should call in this store and examine their goods. They will see how easily they can save money. Remember the place, the old wooden building at 70-72 Middlesex street, P. F. Devine, proprietor.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

The Courier says: "Governor Greenhalge's refusal to be a candidate for delegate at large to St. Louis leaves a place open for some other distinguished republican. The governor takes the ground that it would not be proper for him to attend a partisan convention, as he is governor of the commonwealth, not of any party. This position will commend itself to most minds, and at any rate it will be agreeable to the gentlemen who are anxious to serve their party next June."

A leading Boston paper in its report of the passing of the death sentence on Angus Gilbert, opines that the "hand of God may step in to cheat the gallows." Such a mixed metaphor is strongly akin to Hibernicism.

The constituents of Hon. William Excitable Barrett, M. C., from Melrose, are considering the advisability of having built for his use a tin plate megaphone as an attachment to his hat while in Washinton.

There's many a bright boy going to be disillusionized soon as to the merits and charity of Santa Claus, when he sneaks out of bed and catches the old folks charging the stocking with popcorn and peanuts.

There has been a great deal of talk during the past few days and much speculation as to whether Gov. Greenhalge will have to sign the death warrant of Angus D. Gilbert. There have been numerous inquiries made at the state house in this relation. The governor is not required to sign that warrant. Gov. Andrew in 1865 refused to sign a death warrant because he did not believe in capital punishment. The law was then changed making it obligatory on the court to sign the warrant.

THE RED MEN CELEBRATE.

Elaborate Observance of Their Ninth Anniversary at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Passaconaway tribe of Red Men celebrated its ninth anniversary last evening at Odd Fellows' temple. Supper was served at 8 o'clock and about 400 people sat down. There were large delegations present from Watananock tribe of Nashua and Miantonomo tribe of this city.

After supper speeches and musical exercises were indulged in.

Rep. Hayes presided and made a humorous introductory speech. The orators were: Junior Sagamore Guilfoyle of Nashua, Past Sachem Tuttle of Passaconaway tribe, Allen Dodge, Past Sachem Noble of Nashua, and Trustee Gray of Passaconaway. An excellent entertainment was given under the direction of J. A. Bailey. Those who participated were: Walter Shaw, Miss Ethel Wilson, Mrs. F. L. Roberts, Mamie Harnish, Robert Leatham, Blanche Whitcher, O'Neill children, C. T. Sheehan. Mr. Rylah Firth and Miss Florence Barnes played the accompaniments.

The committee of arrangements included William Peters, Charles E. Smith, William Marvel, Charles Kittredge, J. H. Breed, Mylo Clifford, J. A. Bailey, L. F. Steele, E. B. Brown, L. H. Hartley, C. N. Leith and A. J. Page. There was a reception committee which included Sachem Bradley and Brothers Madden, Hayes, Donaldson, Goodwin, Sanborn and Woodman.

Dolls, Toys and Sleds.

We have an elegant assortment of dolls, toys, sleds and chinaware at extremely low prices. Call and examine. Dickson Bros., big tea store, 67 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

OF THAT MESSAGE

The Approval is General and Enthusiastic.

HIGH COMPLIMENTS FOR SEC'Y OLNEY'S CORRESPONDENCE.

How Received in Congress and in London.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The effect of the message throughout the country has been electric and the approbation enthusiastic.

Although the nature of Secretary Olney's vigorous communication and of Lord Salisbury's answer had already been foretold in dispatches from Washington and London, there was still a great popular craving to learn just how the president would deal with Lord Salisbury's refusal to submit the matter to arbitration, and the message was listened to with intense interest in congress, and was read with avidity on the streets. No where was a voice lifted in dissent from the doctrine so firmly laid down by the president, but, on the contrary, there was an outburst of patriotic feeling that must have been very gratifying to the chief executive.

In the dignified United States senate, a body that rarely exhibits emotion on any occasion, there was witnessed the unparalleled spectacle of hand clapping and applause, which was the spontaneous expression of the approval of almost every senator, without regard to party. On the streets the message was discussed, and old veterans of the late war talked exultantly of what they were prepared again to undertake at the call of their country. In the great hall of the pension building the employes gathered, and sang with gusto the "Star Spangled Banner" and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

At the White House messages poured in from every quarter of the country, congratulating the president upon his message. They came from men of all parties and station.

The matter, of course, was of the greatest interest in diplomatic circles, and the general impression on a sober second consideration of the notes was that the matter has not yet reached a stage where war is imminent, and that the hint of Great Britain's purpose to reopen negotiations with Venezuela looking to a settlement of the dispute between themselves perhaps may be regarded as an indication as to how the whole matter will end.

Minister Andrade of Venezuela secured a copy of the message early in the day, and cabled, by way of Cuba and Hayti, to his government. The time of transmission is eight hours, and it is felt that its receipt in Caracas will be the sign for an enthusiastic demonstration.

Mr. Andrade's satisfaction was almost beyond the power of expression. "The message is superb," said he, with much enthusiasm. "It is even a surprise to me in its vigor, in the nobility of the sentiments expressed and in the masterly exposition of the Monroe doctrine. There can be no doubt or misconstruction of its meaning. In my country it cannot but arouse the keenest appreciation on the part of the government and the people for its powerful expression of friendship from a strong country in behalf of a comparatively weak one."

At the British embassy, Sir Julian Pauncefote and his official corps shared in the general interest in the question. It was stated that the foreign offices made public at noon yesterday the Salisbury answer, simultaneous with its publication here But as the president's message to congress has not gone through diplomatic channels, it was not a part of the matter given to the British public by the foreign office yesterday.

Beyond the Salisbury letters, the embassy has received no communication on the Venezuelan subject, so that the case rests on the correspondence submitted yesterday.

Statesmen's Comments.

Democrats are unanimous in their expressions of approval of the president's message, and those Republicans who speak for publication have few words of dissent.

Senator Lodge (Rep.)—This is the most serious and important message which has been submitted by any president to congress in many years. I heartily approve of its spirit, its conclusions and the general position taken. It is to be hoped that the president's message will make the English people understand that this to us is a vital question; that we are wholly content to leave it to arbitration; but that if arbitration is declined we shall resist this aggression to the utmost, and that, although we do not seek war, we do not fear it.

Senator Hoar (Rep.)—It is less turgid than most of the papers which have emanated from the president, and sounds very much as if it had been written by someone else. I should want an opportunity to read both the message and accompanying documents carefully before expressing an opinion on the soundness of the position taken.

Senator Brice (Dem.)—We have arrived at a time when the president is not only heartily supported by his own party, but is thoroughly in accord and enthusiastically supported by the Republicans. I shall have to revise the alleged statement regarding my proposed action at the meeting of the national Democratic committee and extend it so as to say that there will be no necessity of holding a Republican convention nor an election either.

Senator Davis (Rep.) says: I think the president has risen to an opportunity such as has not been presented to any president in many years. In language of great dignity, power and accuracy he has stated the Monroe doctrine as understood by the American people for 70 years.

Senator Platt (Rep.)—I concur heartily in all the president says in the message. In a matter of this kind, affecting the national interests and the national honor, there ought to be no division of party, and I think there will be none in this instance.

Senator Voorhees (Dem.)—It was splendid, splendid. I violated the rules of the senate the first time in my life by clapping my hands when the message was read. I endorse every word of it, and so will the American people.

Senator Hawley (Rep.)—It is a good and strong document, but it may be subject to the criticism in some quarters that it is too plainly put; but whether the question is as diplomatically stated as it might be is one for the diplomatists.

Senator Gorman (Dem.)—It is a warlike document; a very vigorous statement. Of course much depends upon what the commission which we are to send to Venezuela shall report.

Senator Frye (Rep.)—I am delighted with the message. It has a genuine American tone, and is patriotic throughout. It verifies my sentiments exactly.

Senator Chandler (Rep.)—It is a broad and courageous paper, and expounds a doctrine for which the United States will fight if necessary.

Senator Teller (Rep.)—The concluding words have an American ring.

Representative Walker (Rep.)—The position in which the United States government finds itself in the Venezuelan dispute is exceedingly serious. The president's suggestion as to the position of the United States will meet with the approval of the people.

Representative McCall (Rep.)—The message is a spirited and noble document, and should receive the united support of both parties.

In Congress.

The president's message on the Venezuelan question occupied the main attention of the senate during its brief session. Secretary Cox read the document amid impressive silence, the senators following every word with intense interest. The concluding sentence of the message was no sooner read than a demonstration occurred almost unparalleled in the history of the upper branch of congress, senators on both sides of the chamber joining in their expressions of approval by long continued hand-clapping. The message and accompanying documents were at once referred to the committee on foreign relations, and beyond the reading of the documents no debate or reference to them occurred during the session.

The president's message laid on Speaker Reed's table until late in the afternoon, when it was read and received with much enthusiasm by members of both parties.

Views of the English Press.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—All of this morning's papers devote more or less of their editorial space to a discussion of President Cleveland's message on the Venezuelan question and to the merits of that question itself.

The Times says: It is impossible to disguise the gravity of the difficulties that have arisen between Great Britain and the United States. President Cleveland's message, and its reception on both sides of the senate, give additional importance to the dispatches between Washington and London. The details of the boundary dispute are insignificant in comparison with the far-reaching claims advanced in Mr. Olney's dispatches, and emphasized in President Cleveland's message. Convinced as we are that a rupture between the two English speaking communities would be a calamity not only to themselves, but to the civilized world, we are nevertheless driven to the conclusion that the concessions this country are so imperiously summoned to make are such as no self-respecting nation, least of all one ruling an empire that has its roots in every quarter of the globe, could possibly submit to. The United States themselves would never for a moment dream of yielding to this kind of dictation. We are of the same blood, and shall be not less careful of our national honor. The Times then argues that the Monroe doctrine has never been recognized as international law, and it quotes Lord Salisbury's admission that any disturbance of the existing territorial distribution in the Western hemisphere by any European state would be highly inexpedient.

The Daily Graphic says: The epitaph of the Monroe doctrine has been written in the Venezuelan correspondence. President Cleveland's message only serves to illustrate another of the inherent absurdities of the modern interpretation of the Monroe doctrine. President Cleveland does not propose to instruct Mr. Bayard to demand his passports, nor does he contemplate an invasion of Canada or an expedition to Demerara. He is struck by the awkward fact that he first ascertain what there is to fight about.

The Chronicle says: Th message will be read here with blank astonishment. Can these be serious words addressed to us by the descendants of the little shipload of English folks who sailed in the Mayflower? There is but one answer. If the enlarged application of the Monroe doctrine is to be enforced, America must become responsible for the foreign policy of all the petty and impetuous little states on the two continents of America.

The Daily Telegraph contends that America has no concern in the Venezuelan dispute. The editorial goes on to say: By what right does the Washington government demand the arbitration of this matter when the very theory which guides their interference has absolutely nothing to do with the points in dispute? What nation has ever agreed to the Monroe doctrine? How often has the Washington government itself ventured to advance it?

The Daily News says: It is a remarkable document, though its consequences are not likely to be serious. Neither Secretary Olney nor President Cleveland seems to realize that the Monroe doctrine cannot be quoted as authoritative in negotiations with a foreign power. The definition of Monroeism is a matter for Americans themselves. It binds nobody else.

The Standard says: This extraordinary document will receive from English publicists more dispassionate treatment than the decidedly provocative nature of its contents renders altogether easy. The position President Cleveland assumes is preposterous. There can be but one answer. We decline to humiliate ourselves.

Another Investigation Wanted.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Dec. 18.—Alderman Allen has announced that he will demand another investigation of the poor department at the next meeting of the board of aldermen. It is claimed that the firms who have been given the contract to supply the poor with goods have charged full prices for them, regardless of the reduced figures given in the contracts.

Looks Bad For Lane.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 18.—The presence of Bank Examiner Heard and others in the United States court here yesterday started a rumor that an attempt is to be made to indict Cashier Lane of the Merchants' Savings bank of Manchester. Verification will come only when the grand jury reports.

Business Is Booming.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 18.—The stockholders of the Barnard Manufacturing company yesterday voted to increase the capital stock from $330,000 to $495,000. The increase in spindle capacity will be 30,000, and an additional two-story mill will be built. The present capacity is 37,200 spindles.

Many Disasters Feared.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 18.—Vessels arriving here report unprecedented weather on the Atlantic. All of them encountered hurricanes and sustained more or less damage. A number of coasting vessels are missing. Much uneasiness is felt concerning them.

Biennial Elections Advocated.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The Massachusetts Biennial Election association has issued an appeal to voters in behalf of the adoption of biennial elections, on the ground that they are economical, and that such a change would be wise and beneficial.

The Stockwell Murder Case.

NASHUA, N. H., Dec. 18.—In the Stockwell murder trial yesterday the evidence brought out by the prosecution was very strong, and hardly any of it was offset by the defense.

Nearing the End.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Leaders in the great tailors' strike claim that the contractors are yielding, and that the backbone of the strike is broken.

TWO WEEKS MORE

The Cuban War May be Settled.

THE INSURGENTS ARE MAKING GREAT HEADWAY

Despite the Reports of Their Numerous Defeats.

HABANA, Dec. 18.—The insurgents, in spite of reports of their defeats, have crossed the military lines between the city of Santa Clara and Cienfuegos, the headquarters of General Campos, and their advance guards are now in sight of Las Lajas, well to the westward of Santa Clara, showing that the Spaniards have been utterly unable to check their progress since they crossed the frontier of Santa Clara from Puerto Principe at Iguara.

The "repulses" of the insurgents, and the announcement of the heavy losses they are said to have incurred, have not prevented them from pushing steadily onward, and so the Spanish forces must be in retreat or defeated beyond concentration.

As the latest news came from the front, the guerrilla forces of the Spaniards were engaged with the vanguard of the Cubans, and the troops commanded by Colonel Valle were known to be engaged with the insurgents near Hormiguero. However, the most serious news for the Spaniards was the dispatch announcing the insurgents to be in sight of Las Lajas, showing the combined armies of Maceo and Gomez to be making for the province of Habana. Near Matanzas, a decisive battle must be fought, or else the Spaniards must retreat upon Habana itself.

Campos Worried.

General Campos, recognizing the gravity of the situation, has left Cienfugoes for Matanzas, to take command of the Spanish troops that will attempt to bar the way of the Cubans. If Campos is defeated in Matanzas, the insurgent cause will, it would seem, be triumphant.

Only about 10 days have elapsed since the announcement was made of the defeat of Colonel Sagura at Iguara by Maceo and Gomez, but the Cubans have since then crossed four-fifths of the province of Santa Clara, and they have done this in the face of the 40,000 picked troops said to have been distributed over that territory.

It was at Santa Clara that De Campos made his headquarters, and it was from there he proposed to direct the operations which were to hurl the enemy back in confusion. Later he changed his headquarters to Cielfuegos, southwest of Santa Clara; now he is off for Matanzas, four days hard traveling for the insurgents from Santa Clara.

If the insurgents are defeated, and ordinary fair generalship is adopted by the Spaniards, the forces of Gomez and Maceo will be caught from their rear on one of the narrowest parts of the island by all the Spanish troops they have successfully evaded or defeated in their march westward. The next two weeks, consequently, should settle matters one way or the other.

Nipped In the Bud.

MATTEAWAN, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Another conspiracy, looking to a delivery of convicts at the asylum for criminal insane, has been frustrated by the confession of the ringleader, Pat McGuire. A keeper named John Brown acted as "go-between" for the convicts who were in the plot and parties in New York. Brown was arraigned before Justice Hoysradt yesterday, and was held for the grand jury. McGuire realizing that he might have to commit murder in the endeavor to escape, confessed the plot to Superintendent Allison.

Politics Eliminated.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—At the American Federation of Labor meeting the following sub-resolution was carried by a vote of 1460 to 153: "That this convention declares that no party politics—whether Democratic, Republican, Socialistic, Populistic or any other organization—should have any place in the Federation of Labor." A resolution endorsing the struggles of the Cuban patriots for liberty was adopted. Copies will be forwarded to President Cleveland and Secretary of State Olney. The convention adjourned sine die.

For Circulating Bogus Coins.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—James McDonald, Jacob Ferrier and Robert J. Massey were arrested yesterday for uttering counterfeit half dollars. The coin is pronounced by one of the government officials as the most perfect counterfeit he has ever seen. The men were bound over in $1000 bail for the grand jury.

HELD IN BONDAGE

All Her Life—Happy Release at Last of Miss Alice Young, Who Resides at 392 Alexander Street, Rochester, N. Y.

(From Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.)

Our representative was received very pleasantly at 392 Alexander street by Miss Alice Young, who told how since childhood she had been held in the bondage of pain from her back, never remembering the time that she had suffered pains or aches in the region of the kidneys. Many were the means she used to find relief, but there seemed no remedy for her case and she still remained a captive; then alone comes these little enemies to backache, Doan's Kidney Pills, and a half a box releases the bonds as one by one the aches disappear, she finds herself a slave to pain no more, by their continued use. She says: "I was entirely relieved of all my suffering, and now I am perfectly strong, healthy and well." "How did you take this remedy?" Miss Young was asked by our representative. She replied that she followed directions explicitly. Miss Young then told how the malady affected her, saying her symptoms were: Stooping, bending over, walking or standing any length of time always gave me a pain in the small of my back. I had a pain in the kidneys all the time, and if I caught cold it would always settle there. The pain I suffered was of a very exhausting nature; at night I could only lie flat on my back, any other position causing pain and suffering; the nerves passing up my back were effected, and this brought with it severe headaches; but, as I said before, Doan's Kidney Pills have removed all pain and suffering entirely, and I never felt better and healthier in my life."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents, mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

Importers and Retailers of Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware,

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

The Greatest Bargains in

FANCY CHINA and LAMPS

Ever offered in the City of Lowell will be found in our BASEMENT DEPART'NT

The balance of this week we are showing the very newest designs and a dozen kinds where others show you one. You make a costly mistake if you buy before seeing us.

Dinner Sets.

130-piece French China Dinner Sets, regular price $37.30, only $28.50.
Maddock's English Porcelain Dinner Sets, assorted decorations- sold to date $23, only $18.89.
Fumerals English Porcelain Dinner Sets, 130 pieces, sold to date $21, only $15.41.

Tea Sets.

56-Piece Haviland China Tea Sets, dainty decorations, new shapes, coin gold tracing, sold to date $13, only $11.47 per set.
56-piece French China Tea Sets, gold striped, only $7.50 each.
One lot of German Tea Sets, 56 pieces, assorted decorations, only $4.98 each.

Fish and Ice Cream Sets.

French and China Ice Cream Sets: 13 pieces, actually worth $6, only $3.75 per set.
13-piece fine French China Ice Cream Sets, sold regularly at $25, only $15 each.
French China Fish Sets, 25 pieces, sold regularly at $15, a special price for this lot $6.98.
One lot of fine French China Fish Sets, 15 pieces, regular price $39, only $25 each.

Cut Prices on Lamps.

B. & H. Lamps, cast head and base, lift-out oil pot, new ratchet wick, adjustable with 15 inch silk shade, drapped with 9 inch chiffon, only $5.29 each.
Edward Miller Lamps, cast head and base, removable oil pot, latest improvements, column 8 inch base of onyx, with 16 inch silk shade, drapped with fancy chiffon only $4.98 each.

Odd Pieces for Little money.

Solid Brass 5 o'clock Tea Kettles, only $1.00 each.
Sample stock of A. D. Coffees, only 23c each.
China Mustache Cups and Saucers 21 cents each.
Ladies' French China Cups and Saucers, 12 cents to $2.00 each.

Rich Cut Glass, Bric-aBrac, Jardiniers.

Silver and Plated Ware, Chocolate and Tete-a-Tete Sets, Toilet and Manicure Sets, at the lowest prices in New England.

A HYDRANT BROKEN

At the Corner of Westford and Chelmsford Streets.

Last evening a horse, that became frightened at an electric car, dashed to one side and the wagon attached broke a hydrant at the corner of Chelmsford and Westford streets. The water arose high in the air and caused some alarm in the vicinity. The employes of the fire department and the water works were notified and as soon as possible the hydrant was repaired. Meantime, however, it flooded Thorndike street as far as the crossing on Middlesex street, and a considerable portion of Appleton street.

The water was so rusty that under the electric light it resembled blood. During the evening the city water in that vicinity was quite muddy.

NURSES GRADUATED

At St. John's Hospital Yesterday—Lecture by Dr. Huntress.

The members of the staff at St. John's hospital lecture occasionally to the nurses of the house upon their various duties.

Last week Dr. Harrington lectured on dietary matters and the efficacy of treating diseases by food. His lecture was very interesting and instructive.

Yesterday the class graduated and Dr. Huntress delivered an address. He complimented the young ladies on their zeal and perseverance in going through the course, and gave them some good advice on going out into the world to put into practice what they had been taught. At the close of his address he presented each of the nurses with a diploma. Most of the members of the medical staff were present. The graduates are Miss Macaulay, Miss Chisholme, Miss Fender, Miss Sexton, Miss Connolly and Miss Callahan, all highly intelligent young ladies who have had a thorough course of training in actual hospital work.

Odd Fellows Elect Officers.

Integrity lodge, Manchester Unity Odd Fellows, elected the following officers last evening: Noble grand, W. E. Grant; vice grand, Harry Blowen; permanent secretary, Charles Rogers; lecture master and chaplain, K. J. McKenzie; treasurer, John McPhail; grand master, Thomas Chadwick; warden, William Martin; delegate to district meeting, Thomas Chardwick; physician, Dr. S. P. Smith.

The many friends of Hugh F. Courtney, the genial clerk for O'Hearn & Dowd, will be pleased to learn he has fully recovered from his recent illness and is once more behind the counter.

Bernard J. Fox, who was formerly employed by Dr. Harrington as hostler, has terminated his service there and will engage in more lucrative employment.

Oil and water color boxes, easels and artist's materials for Christmas, at Coburn's, Market street.

The Holy Name society of St. Michael's church held a well attended meeting last Sunday evening and elected the following officers: President, James Shields; vice president, Thomas Sullivan; secretary, Thomas Henry; treasurer, Dennis O'Brien; spiritual director, Rev. D. P. Scannell.

Harvard TONIC PILLS
A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

One Dose

Tells the story. When your head aches, and you feel bilious, out of tune, with your stomach sour and no appetite, just buy a package of

Hood's Pills

And take a dose, from 2 to 6 pills. You will be surprised at how easy they will do their work, cure your headache and biliousness, rouse the liver and make you feel well. So

Easy to Take

So thorough and satisfactory, they are winning friends everywhere. They are very valuable to take

After Dinner

To prevent distress and assist digestion. For the purpose of a general family cathartic they are unequalled. Prevent a cold, break up a fever, relieve constipation and

Cure Liver Ills

All druggists. 25 cents. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

ATTENTION!

Secretaries of societies, lodges, clubs and all fraternal orders. A list of societies will be inserted in the Lowell Directory for 1896

FREE OF COST,

By sending or leaving the same at Merrill's Bookstore, 124 Central street. Give name of order, time of meeting, and where held; also, full name of secretary and treasurer of same. This is quite an important feauture of the Directory, and with your co-operation we shall be enabled to give a complete list of same.

Josiah T. Corner, 41 So. Walker St.

Representing Sampson, Murdock & Co., Publishers of Lowell Directory

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

You will find at our store as good a selection as can be found anywhere. Pictures, Bibles, Pocketbooks, Easels, Albums, Stationery, Pens, Ink Wells, etc., etc. If you are a doubter come to us and we will set you right. We are at your service to save you money.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall Square

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,

98 Merrimack Street.

GRAND DISPLAY

Holiday Goods and Christmas Gifts NOW READY

Everything new. The very latest Holiday novelties of every description to be found on our counters in endless variety. Our prices are the lowest, our stock the largest. If you want to buy a Christmas present, we can sell you a better article for less money than any other house in New England.

Special bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas, from 39c. up to $5.00.

Ladies' and Gents' Pure Irish Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, plain and initial.

Ladies', Misses' and Men's Gloves, and Mittens of every price and color.

Ladies' Hand Bags in great variety.

Handkerchief Boxes, Glove Boxes, Tie Boxes, Rose Bowls, Placques, Picture Frames, Pin Boxes, Jewelry Boxes, Satin Handkerchief Folds, Thermometers, etc., etc.

Remember our Great Bankrupt Sale of Ladies' and Children's CLOAKS and FUR CAPES. OUTSIDE GARMENTS AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

All Styles RUBBERS Best Quality

BYAM'S FAMILY SHOE STORE,

62 Central and 63 Prescott Streets. We need not mention prices, as ours are always the lowest.

New York CLOAK and Suit Co.

12 John Street.

OPEN EVERY EVENING TILL AFTER CHRISTMAS.

A HANDSOME PRESENT GIVEN AWAY FREE

TO EVERY CUSTOMER.

Every lady whose purchase amounts to $2 or upwards will be presented with a handsome Gloria Silk Umbrella or choice from 25 styles Linen or Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs.

Every Jacket and Cape in Our Immense Assortment Marked Down.

SPECIAL LEADERS

For This Week Will Be:

$6.00 Jackets for $2.95.
$8.50 Jackets for $4.65.
$10 Jackets for $5.95.
$12.50 Jackets for $7.50

Fur Capes for $4.75, $6.75 and $8.50, worth from $8.50 to $14.50; also a beautiful Illuminated Calender given FREE to every purchaser. See them in our show window.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXIX. NO. 15. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1895. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

WHAT MR. CONATON SAYS

In Regard to That Sinking Fund Controversy.

In an interview published in a morntng paper, Sinking Fund Commissioner Conaton, says:

When the so-called finance commission requested the sinking fund commission to appear before them I distinctly stated to the gentlemen of the board that their statement of the amount of sinking funds and cash on deposit was in error about $103,000, and notwithstanding this they wilfully or otherwise refused or neglected to make the correction.

"In our general management of the sinking funds we have simply followed in the footsteps of our predecessors, men who are looked upon as good financiers. By referring to the auditor's reports you will find that Charles M. Williams, Hon. J. C. Abbott, Charles C. Hutchinson, Hon. Charles S. Lilley and Henry G. Cushing, as commissioners, kept balances varying from $200,000 to $400,000 and in 1880, when Messrs. Abbott, Lilley and Col. A. M. Chadwick were commissioners, the report shows $491,483, Dec. 31, and in examination of the city hall lot fund shows that on Dec. 16th they had $85,-575.00 more, aggregating to over $578,000 at one time, and Mr. Austin K. Chadwick admitted this fact at the hearing of yesterday.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

New Music Hall.

The last two performance of "The Girl Spy" under the auspices of the Second Corps of Cadets of this city this afternoon and evening at Music Hall.

The Noss Jollities at Music hall, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The Nosses are among the greatest musical artists in the world.

BOARD OF TRADE

Discussed the Report of the Finance Commission.

The board of trade met last night and discussed the finance commission report. President Chalifoux was in the chair, and the members unanimously approved the first recommendation, that the mayor have control of all the executive departments. The clause relating to the tenure of office for some officials caused discussion, and the matter will be considered at length at the next meeting.

The annual meeting will be held Dec. 31.

MUNICIPAL NOTES.

A meeting of the committee on claims is called for 7.30 tomorrow evening.

Marriage Intentions.

The only intention recorded at the city clerk's office today was:

John H. Linnekan 27, Boston, to Lizzie M. Butterfield 26.

CHRISTMAS

Presents of money to England, Ireland and Scotland for Chrkimas at the money order office.

324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

Payable at any bank in England, Ireland and Scotland.

J. F. O'DONNELL, Agt.

324 Market, corner Worthen Street.

Flowers and Floral Designs

We grow our own Flowers. Our prices are the lowest. Orders for Churches, Weddings, Funerals, etc., executed promptly.

PATTEN & CO., 293 Central St. Telephone 442-3

SLIPPERS

Patent Leather
Alligator
Satin
Velvet
Embroid'd
Dancing
Tourist
Turkish
and
Tinted Kid
for
Everybody
Even
the
Baby

SLIPPERS are brought to mind once a year, because nothing in the wide world furnishes more acceptable

Christmas Gifts.

It will surprise you to find what we are offering in Slippers for

ONE DOLLAR

O'Sullivan Bro's

Opp. City Hall, Lowell.

FIRST GAME LOST

Les Miserables Meet Their First Defeat.

VESPERS LOSE A GAME TO THE B. A. A.

The Highlands Defeat the Jamaica Team.

The greatest game, so far as excitement and enthusiasm are concerned, that has ever been bowled in Lowell, was played on Les Miserables alleys last night.

The 999th Artillery with 100 rooters came up from Boston on a special train and they were determined to win.

The brilliant record of Les Miserables stood as a shining mark; a guide for the young men of the Artillery.

And how they did follow that guide!

Only once in the entire game did they wince or feel scared. That was in the first half of the third string, when Les Miserbles started in and bunched strikes and spares till at the end of the first box they had a total of 493, which gave them a clear lead of 43 pins on the visitors.

It was a rapid pace they were setting and it told on them. The strain was a little too much. Behind them were massed 100 of their friends who cheered them on and urged them to their best effort.

Bud they fell: failed to carry along the game they so well inaugurated, and that alone accounts for their defeat.

It was 7.30 when the game started. The rooters for the visitors, led by Alderman Presho of Boston massed themselves along the sides of the alleys.

"Three cheers for Capt. Swift and three more for Les Miserables,, shouted an enthusiast, as the little man with the pink blouse prepared to roll the first ball.

And what a cheer! Every man from Boston shouted; and then the Lowell folks gave three for Capt. Chapin and the 909th.

Every strike and every spare was cheered to the echo. The first string gave the 999th a lead of 14 pins, which they increased to 36 on the second.

The third, or at least the first half of it showed "Charlie" Marren at his best. He was an excellent bidder for the single string record. At the end of the first half he had scored 138, but he failed to maintain his gait.

The 999th made a grand finish, and won out on the last box. After the game a group picture was taken, and then both teams were cheered.

Luncheon was served to the visitors in the hall upstairs and it was 11.30 when the visitors left for home on a special train. The score:

999TH ARTILLERY.

	1	2	3	Totals
Chapin	169	164	196	529
Loring	154	190	169	513
Harwood	192	161	199	552
Orne	140	172	205	517
Spencer	185	175	168	528
Totals	840	862	937	2639

LES MISERABLES.

Swift	174	171	193	538
Farrell	150	170	192	512
Seede	177	179	152	507
McLaughlin	165	159	172	496
Marren	161	161	211	533
Totals	826	840	920	2586

The Vespers Lost.

The Vespers and the B. A. A's. put up a great game with high scores on the Vesper alleys last night. Though they bowled 2677, the Vespers were beaten. The B. A. A. team rolled a very even game and not a man fell below the 500 mark.

Hill had a total of 615, with single strings of 215, 198, and 202.

The team total reached 2734. The score:

B. A. A.

	1	2	3	Totals
Hill	215	198	202	615
Lodge	163	148	178	509
Fuller	187	196	155	538
Burton	203	191	164	558
Legate	182	168	164	514
Totals	950	921	883	2734

VESPERS.

Corwin	189	188	174	551
Grover	225	202	190	617
Dahlberg	186	170	165	521
Swift	145	161	181	487
Goulding	184	156	161	501
Totals	929	877	871	2677

Highlands Break the Ice.

The Highlands won last night.

The Jamaica club was beaten by 81 pins in a well played game.

Lewis was high roller and the team as a whole did excellent first and second ball work. The score:

Highlands—Church 530, Dickerman 534, Barton 539, Cheney 498, Lewis 566; total 2667.

Jamaica—Nolte 520, Scully 524, Hagar 505, Hall 509, Smith 528; total 2586.

The Nashua Team Won Again.

The Middlesex team lost another game in the Merrimack Valley league tournament last night. Ed. Morse's Nashua team won on their own alleys, as the following to tals will show:

Nashua—Steed 572, Waters 470, Degnan 550, Fuller 498, Fogarty 478; total 2568.

Middlesex—Beauregard 457, Gregory 515, Halstead 500, Clogston 521, Smith 473; total 2466.

Another for Capt. Adams.

Capt. Adams rolled 504 in the High School tournament game yesterday, and carried his team to victory. The score:

Team 4—Adams 504, Barton 440, Mitten 440, O'Brien 375, Lane 440; total 2190.

Team 1—Wing 389, Nesmith 360, Murphy 470, Donahue 422, O'Donnell 302; total 2033.

FUNERAL SERVICES.

TOWNE—The funeral services over the remains of Andrew Dexter Towne were held yesterday at the residence of his son-in-law, D. E. Dudley, 2 Belmont street. Rev. C. L. Merriam officiated and there was singing by Miss Hathaway. Interment in Keene, N. H.

Patents to Lowell Inventors.

James T. Cowley, assignor to Lamson Consolidated Store Service company, Newark, N. J., store service apparatus; two patents.

James T. Cowley, Lowell, assignor to Lamson Consolidated Store Service company, Newark, N. J., elevator.

Henry W. Church, assignor to Kitson Machine company, Lowell, drying apron and drum cylinder for same.

Ammi B. Campbell, Lowell, assignor to Meteor dispatch company, Portland, Me., valve for pneumatic dispatch tube system.

When you need printing remember THE SUN.

WHITTIER'S BIRTHDAY.

Is Appropriately Observed by the Educational Club.

Yesterday being the birthday of the poet Whittier, an appropriate program was prepared by Miss Florence Eaton of the Women's Educational club at 228 Worthen street.

Historical sketches of the poet's life and works were read, also a musical program which included: Song, Barbara Frietchie, Miss Flora E. Lees; readings, Mrs. C. T. Upton; piano solos, S. R. Fleet and Arthur M. Burtt: duet, Mrs. Tenney and Mrs. Allen. Miss Alice Frothingham was accompanist.

ROBBED THE POOR BOX

Of St. Jean Baptiste Church, Taking $16 in Cash.

Early yesterday morning when the sexton of St. Jean Baptiste church opened the church to commence his labors he found that the poor boxes had been opened and the contents taken.

The thieves left their tools behind them, a spike broken at the point, a broken drill and a ratchet brace. The box which contained about $16 was not taken as they evidently could not break it off.

The culprits are supposed to have secreted themselves in the church until the doors were locked and climbed out through a window in the vestry afterward.

They left a candle burning in the vestry and it burned a hole in a table cloth.

PROBATE COURT.

Lawton, J.

The session yesterday was of great local interest. The case of Eugene S. Hylan was one of those heard. John C. Burke appeared for him and Larkin T. Trull for one of the claimants, asked for a postponement which was allowed, the date being fixed at Jan. 6, at Cambridge.

Claims against Mr. Hylan were allowed as follows: Harding, Whitmore & Co., $3627; George H. Worcester, $3502.08; Pickhard & Kutro, $106.70; the Elberfield company, $115.

Those interested in the Horace H. Knapp case chose Nathan D. Pratt for assignee. Claims allowed were those of Charles F. Blanchard, $590; Frederick A. Bates, $150; Frederick S. Geer, $790; Frank B. Dow, $205; John J. Pickman, $50; George F. Stiles, $7; Old Lowell National bank, $278.

Wills presented for probate: Amanda L. Bartlett, Pepperell; Timothy F. Donovan, Shepard F. Henderson, Margaret M. Monroe, Narcisse Paquin, Lowell; S. Ohlsen, Chelmsford; Coleman O'Laughlin, Lowell.

Administrations: Hannah M. Howe, Lowell; Harry L. Mallett, Everett.

Insolvency cases: Silas W. Fletcher, continued to adjourned third meeting in January; Lyons & Marren, adjourned the third meeting, Feb. 18; E. Kapplan & Co., warrant returnable Feb. 18: Horace L. Knapp, warrant returnable Feb. 18: Benjamin F Colby, Arthur W. Sherman, Albert W. Derbyshire, adjourned third meeting, no assent.

The adjourned third meeting of the debtors of John F. Kimball was held. The claims of the Lowell Trust company for $4200, and Edward F. Gallagher of Boston for $8300 were proved and the account of the assignees allowed.

After a dividend had been declared the amount to be fixed by the court, the case was still further continued.

The last case to come up was that of Joseph L. Gregoire, asking the court not to allow Edmund H. Duprez to act as executor of the estate of Clotilde Gregoire.

In 1890 the latter made a will, leaving several bequests and appointing Duprez executor and Joseph L. Gregoire, her husband, residuary legatee. Mrs. Gregoire died last September and Mr. Gregoire asks that Duprez be not allowed to act as executor, for three reasons, that he is not now a resident of Lowell: that the legatees are all or nearly all opposed to him; and that for these reasons he is not a suitable person.

A number of witnesses were heard and the case was finally taken under advisement, J. J. Pickman for Mr. Gregoire and W. H. Anderson for Mr. Duprez.

DEATHS.

CROWLEY—Nellie Crowley, aged 5 years, child of Daniel and Mary Crywley, died yesterday at their home on Charles street.

McKENZIE—Alice W. McKenzie, aged 67 years, died last evening at her home in the Navy Yard, Dracut.

FAY—The funeral of Mary Fay took place this afternoon from her late home, 9 Molloy's court, and was well attended. Service was held at St. Peter's church and Rev. Fr. McKenna officiated. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

KINGSLEY—Emma M. Kingsley, aged 47 years, died yesterday at the home of her mother, Mrs. Eliza Kingsley of 210 Cross street.

SULLIVAN—Frank Sullivan, who was taken from 6 Edgerly court in the ambulance last Saturday afternoon, died this morning at the city farm hospital.

ROBINSON—Mary Robinson, aged 62 years, died yesterday at her late home, 45 Kidder street.

When you want any decoraton done of a design made to suit at a reasonable price call on Jim at 6 Prescott street. Greenhouses at Brookside. Telephone connection.

New Strength

Is given tired, nervous women by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Read this: "I have had rheumatism and catarrh very badly, but since taking 12 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla I am a different woman. I take Hood's Sarsaparilla every spring and am as strong and well as a woman of 35. A doctor is never called into my home, as all of my family use Hood's Sarsaparilla and also Hood's Pills. My granddaughter was troubled very badly with dyspepsia but Hood's Pills have cured her. They are a splendid dinner pill. No home should be without Hood's Pills or Hood's Sarsaparilla; they are without equal." MRS. ALICE V. ENRIGHT, 145 Jay St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the only True Blood Purifier prominently in the public eye today. $1; 6 for $5.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, headache. 25c.

THE CITY COUNCIL

Meetings of Both Branches Last Night.

ALDERMEN REFUSE TO BALLOT FOR SUPT. OF STREETS.

Transfer Resolutions Passed and Minor Business Transacted.

The board of aldermen and the common council met last evening and attended to several matters that came up for action

Alderman Wilson made another attempt to ballot for a superintendent of streets but his efforts were unsuccessful.

In the council several transfer resolutions were passed, and in both branches the "general transfer" resolution was passed.

The following petitions were referred: Of Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company for location of tracks from the terminus of the present tracks on Lawrence street to the boundary line of South Tewksbury; and on Pine street from Westford to Liberty street; to change the name of Olive street to Glenwood; of Esther M. Hayes that the amount of $17.49 collected from her for taxes in '92 and '93, be refunded; of George W. Willey for license to give theatrical performances at the Bijou theatre.

An order was adopted granting a hearing to the Lowell & Suburban Street Railway company on January 3, 1896 on its petition for track locations.

The petition of Alfred Leblanc for a recount of the votes cast for him in the last election was received, and an order was adopted authorizing the city clerk to preserve all ballots and transfer them to the body authorized to conduct the recount.

A petition was received from Aime Gauthier and others asking for a recount of the aldermanic vote in the entire city. Only fifteen names were signed to the petition whereas there should have been 90; ten from each ward, and on motion of Alderman Tryder they were given leave to withdraw.

An order was adopted declaring the returns of the recent city election, as submitted by the clerk, to be correct.

Several sewer assessments were approved.

An order was adopted for the appointment of a committee to regulate the salary of the city officials for 1896. Aldermen Dow and Howe were appointed on the committee.

Several minor licenses were granted.

Reports on petitions for sewer and street improvements were ordered to remain in the clerk's office seven days.

The board passed the general transfer resolution.

On the petition of a number of voters, it was decided to recount the votes cast at the recent election on the license question.

The democratic city committee sent notice that the caucuses for the election of a new city committee will be held Thursday evening, December 20th, at 8 o'clock.

Alderman Wilson moved to take from the table the motion to ballot for a superintendent of streets.

Alderman Tryder said he knew of no reason for electing a superintendent of streets now, as it will be only three weeks or so when the new government will elect a man. Mr. Crowley, he said, told him he did not want the place any longer and he thought there was no need of hurrying.

The motion was then defeated, Aldermen Dow, Howe, Hill, Flemings and Tryder in the negative, and Varnum, Wyman and Wilson in the affirmative.

The report of the committee appointed to investigate the assessors' department was received. It recommends that three principal assessors be employed by the department; that the various assistant assessors be engaged at specified times and paid by the day; also that a record be kept of improvements made on property.

The report of the committee appointed to revise the jury list was accepted.

COMMON COUNCIL.

The joint resolutions transferring $21,-000 from the reserve fund to the Thorndike street sewer fund and $8000 from the East Merrimack street bridge fund to the Moody street bridge fund received their final passage.

Mr. Hartwell's motion to reconsider immediately the second resolution was defeated.

President Curtin read the resolution to transfer $18,000 to a fund to be known as the fund for a manual training high school.

Mr. Webster inquired if the money to be transferred was coming from the amount relized from the sale of the old city hall.

Mr. Goward said that the amount named will be sufficient to purchase the land and remove the buildings now on it.

The resolution received its final passage.

The resolution known as the "general transfer resolution" was passed.

The council then took a recess.

After the recess the order appointing a committee on salaries was passed and Councilmen Garvey, Eastman and O'Day were appointed on the committee.

Ladies of the G. A. R.

Mrs. Caverley will inspect the Sylvia Delano circle, No. 1, of New Bedford this evening, and the Annie Etheridge circle, No. 4, of Lynn on Monday evening.

The Ladd & Whitney circle, No. 8, of this city will be inspected on Friday evening by Assistant Inspector Mrs. Lawton of New Bedford.

Mrs. J. H. Caverley has been appointed department inspector of the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic, for Massachusetts, and has selected as assistant inspectors, Mrs. M. J. Symonds, Malden; Miss H. M. Mason, Haverhill; Mrs. C. A. Rowley, Salem; Mrs. T. H. Lawton, New Bedford; Mrs. M. M. Newhall, Lynn; Mrs. M. E. Stillman, Salem

New Highway Hearing.

The county commissioners met at Cambridge, yesterday, to give a hearing on the petition for a new highway from Billerica to Tewksbury. The road will be built but it is still a question of location.

You'll Miss It.

Don't fail to see our show windows this week, they are full of bargains. Goods almost given away. The U. S. Tea Co., other corner of Central and Prescott streets.

LATEST

AN IRISH ARMY

Of 100,000 Offered to President Cleveland

BY THE NEW IRISH AMERICAN ALLIANCE.

Hoping For a Chance to Get at England.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—The following manifesto has been issued by the executive committee of the Irish National Alliance of America, and a copy has been sent to President Cleveland:

To the members of the Irish National Alliance, and the American public:

We believe it to be incontrovertible that no more bitter, more perfidious or more unrelenting enemy than Great Britain is to the United States has ever existed.

Imbued with this conviction and recalling that Great Britain has avowed her intention to trample upon the Monroe doctrine, by her attempt to rob Venezuela of her territory, and has dared to violate the integrity of our territory in Alaska, we hereby offer, as a proof of our loyalty and devotion to the country of which we are citizens, to place at the disposal of the president of the United States without delay one hundred thousand soldiers.

Our army, which is now organized, is ready to serve the American republic here at home or should the Monroe doctrine need its aid we will fight either on Irish soil or English ground.

As to our relations towards England we have no apologies to make or offer. Should it be possible to embroil her with any power on earth we shall not hesitate to do so.

The chief object of the Irish National Alliance is to create the opportunity which will enable us to drive the British enemy from Ireland as it was driven from the United States.

England's cruelty, oppression and usurpation of the rights of American colonists hastened her utter defeat in America.

(Signed,)
WILLIAM LYMAN, President.
P. V. FITZPATRICK, Treasurer.
JOHN SUTTON, Secretary.

NEW DAY NURSERY.

It Is Formally Opened With Appropriate Exercises.

The new Day Nursery in Centralville was formally opened yesterday, a delightful house warming being held.

The ladies served an old fashioned supper and many friends of the noble institution enjoyed it.

In the hall a pretty flower and sales table was in charge of Misses Alice Perham, Florence Plunkett and Alice Chalifoux.

During the evening an entertainment was given at which Misses Helen Dempsey, Amy E. Tucke and Agnes Williams gave violin selections and the Misses Murphy rendered vocal numbers.

The crib room, a light, cheerful room with its tiny white cots and its high ceiling, is attractive enough for any children. The play room is large and has windows on three sides. The walls are paneled with straw matting, which will aid in their being kept clean and also prevent accidents to the children. A directors' room, bath room and well equipped kitchen and pantry complete the first floor plan.

On the second floor are rooms for the matron and her assistant, and three small rooms to be used for hospital purposes. The rooms are plainly but prettily furnished, and the equipments show the taste of the committee on furnishing, Mrs. Samuel Young, Mrs. S. T. Brown, Mrs. Julian T. Keyes and Mrs. Julian Talbot.

The Day Nursery is open at any time for visitors, and the matron, Mrs. Carrie Emerson, will be glad to show visitors what is being done.

The debt is all paid off and the corporation ownes both the new house and the lot on which it stands. The building committee consists of: Col. C. A. R. Dimon, Rev. Dr. Chambre, Rev. Mr. Manchester, Mrs. S. T. Brown and Mrs. Julian Talbot.

LOCAL NOTES.

Prayer books and bibles at Lawler's book store.

For Lacawana coal go to Rourke & Sullivan', 984 Gorham street.

A party of fifty young people held a skating party at Lakeview last night.

The Mt. Vernon church has increased the salary of its pastor, Rev. O. H. Denny, $300 in appreciation of his services.

The compilers of the new directory are around and have an ad. in another column of interest to secretaries of societies.

Martin Flaherty of this city will box eight rounds with Billy Brierly at the Manhattan club, New York, Friday night.

Double texture two cape mackintoshes, handsome fancy plaid linings, only $4.98, at Holmes' specialty store, 124 126 Merrimack street.

The nicest kind of a gift for a lady is a mackintosh. Special sale at Chris Holmes' specialty store, 124 and 126 Merrimack street.

If you want to get a gents' dress suit case made on honor, call at Lowell Trunk Manufacturing, P. F. Devine, 70-72 Middlesex street.

Mr. William S. Monroe of Boston delivered an interesting talk on the study of geography to about 150 school teachers in High school hall yesterday afternoon.

Miss Belle Shedd of Andover street entertained about 60 couples of her most intimate friends with a cotilion in Lester's hall last night. Music was furnished by the American orchestra, and the catering was done by the Page company.

At the Educational club on Worthen street, last evening, Miss Margaret Blanchard gave a Boston tea party and a bicycle tea. Among the entertainers were Miss Raynes banjo and mandolin club, Miss Lucy Hill. Miss Noyes and Miss Kathryn Magee.

HONORS FOR FR. O'CONNELL.

Friends and Parishioners Plan for a Testimonial.

A meeting of clerical friends and acqaintances of Rev. Fr. W. H. O'Connell, rector of the American college, Rome, was held Monday afternoon at the rectory of St. Cecilia's church, Back Bay, Boston, to take definite action in properly recognizing the appointment. Rev. Peter Ronan was chairman and Rev. E. J. Moriarty was secretary.

The selection of Fr. O'Connell for this high position is viewed as a recognition of his learning and piety, and also as a personal honor to each of his brother priests,

At the meeting Monday it was voted to present the new rector with a testimonial, and Rev. Richard J. Barry, Bothia street, was chosen treasurer.

Fr. O'Connell will leave Boston early in January, and his numerous friends and acquaintances among the clergy will kindly communicate before Jan. 1 with Fr. Barry.

POLICE COURT.

Hadley, J.

Cosmopolitan? You'd think so were you present at today's police court proceedings.

It was "International" day and the offenders and spectators were from all climates.

Among those in the dock were three Greeks whom Officers John Fox and Maguire scooped on Fenwick street while noisely drunk.

The first of them called had a name something like Alex Protoplasm, or Porousplaster, the second was Constantinos and another name, while the third had the Anglicized cognomen of Harry Cerrates.

When Mr. Protoplasen was called, there was some difficulty in ascertaining to whom the name belonged. When finally he had been located. It was discovered that he knew no English.

"Is there an interpreter here?" inquired the court.

About four men stood up and an intelligent appearing young man who has served as interpreter before was picked out. After he had found his right hand he was sworn and began his story, talking the Armenian language. Of course Armenian was "all Greek" to the Greek and vice versa and the interpreter gave up the job, remarking to the court: "He's a Greek. He has a complexion like an Armenian but he talks a different language."

"Is there any one who talks modern Greek?" again inquired the court, while some one remarked, "get up Ed," to Lawyer McVey.

A second interpreter came forth and began to address the bewildered Greek in the Turkish tongue.

"I thought you spoke Greek," said the court to interpreter No. 2. "Oh, no; I speak only Turkish. I thought it might do," was his answer.

Finally a Greek was found and to make a long story short, two of the defendants were fined $5 each and the third $10.

Eight of the eighteen drunks were released.

Luke Kelly and Edmund Haley were sent to the state farm.

Michael Shea and one Furiong had a discussion over the right of Ireland to be free, with an argument on Rome as a side issue, the result being a battle. Shea was charged with drunkenness and assault and battery. On the latter charge the court discharged him after expressing his opinion of men who bring such trouble into court. Shea was fined for drunkenness.

A marriage was scheduled to occur in police court today, the contracting parties rather the happy couple being Harry Shembier and Jennie Fafford, who were arrested for fornication.

EXPLOSION ON STEAMER.

A Pipe Burst, Killing Five Men and Injuring Many.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Five men were killed and six injured by an explosion of a steam pipe on the American line steamship St. Paul at her dock in New York.

Miners on Strike.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

DENISON, Tex., Dec. 18.—One thousand miners are out on strike here for an increase of 15 cents per ton on digging.

No Comparison.

No printing establishment in this city compares with THE SUN Job Print in its mechanical equipment and the excellence of its work. Did you ever try it?

Merrimack Op. City Hall. The Big Store, Cloth'g Co.

Macintoshes
Smoking
Jackets
Dress Suit
Cases

FOR MEN

GIFTS

Cardigan Jackets,
Sweaters,
Night Shirts
Neckwear,
Mufflers,
Gloves
Suspenders,
Hose,
Umbrellas,

FROM 25c. TO $25

Here's a list of articles, any of which will be pleasing to a gentleman for a Christmas Present. If you are after something expensive, we have it. If you want a good show for your money we have that, too.

Get into our store, make our clerks show you everything in stock, but DON'T BUY, that is, unless you find we can give you the best trade.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

THE WAR SPIRIT

Aroused All Over the United States.

Senator Chandler Offers a Bill for An Appropriation

To Strengthen the Army and Navy and Prepare For War.

THE HOUSE PROMPTLY PASSES THE BILL FOR VENEZUELAN COMMISSION.

The Opinions of the American and English Press on the Situation.

WASHINGTON, D. C. Dec. 18—The House today passed unanimously a bill for the appointment by the president, of a commission to investigate the Venezuelan boundary dispute and appropriated $100-000,000 for its maintainance.

Sen. Chandler has the following bill for early consideration in case of the existing complications reach a more acute stage. That the president be authorized and is hereby directed to strengthen the military armament of the country by the addition of 100,000 infantry rifles, 1000 guns for field artillery and not exceeding 5000 guns for forts and that $100,000,000 be appropriated for the expense of said additions.

Think it a Wire Pulling Scheme.

LONDON Dec. 18—The Radical newspapers take serious views of the Venzuelan trouble and ask many questions whether the message is a wire pulling scheme or the earnest policy of the country. They claim that England will not retract.

The press throughout the United States is unanimous in its approval of the president's course.

Offered Their Services.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 18—The national guards of this city have wired the president that they have 1000 men all ready in case of war.

STOCKWELL HAS CONFESSED

TO MURDER IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

He Has Been Sentenced to Twenty Years of Hard Labor.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

NASHUA, Dec. 18.—The Stockwell case was abruptly ended today by the confession of the prisoner who pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree.

The court accepted the plea and sentenced him to twenty years of hard labor.

FOUR MEN KILLED

And Nine Injured in a Pennsylvania Coal Mine.

By Associated Press to The Sun.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Dec. 18—Four workmen were killed and nine badly injured at the Midvalley coal mine by a runaway workmen's train.

SOCIETY ELECTIONS.

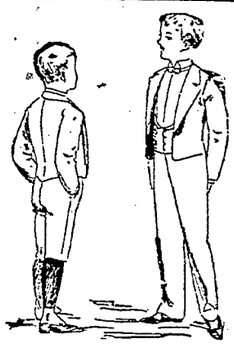
Court Samuel De Champlain of Foresters elected officers last night for the ensuing year as follows: Chief ranger, J. B. Fremeau; sub chief ranger, Evariste Bellemaire; treasurer, Paul Vigeant; financial secretary, Arthur Boulais; R. S., J. B. Huttubise; S. W., L. P. Breault; J. W., Joseph Boudreaud; S. R., Hubert Gregoire; J. B., Philip Bourk; trustee, Wilbert Bouthilette; physician, Dr. Lamoureux.

Initiation followed the election.

L'Union St. Joseph has elected the following named officers for 1896: President, J. J. Lapierre; vice president, A. St. Pierre; recording secretary, J. Fremeau; assistant, J. E. Moreau; corresponding secretary, N. Hamilton; treasurer, C. Belanger; assistant, D. A. Lambert; directors, J. Turcotte, J. B. Hurtubise, L. Genest, W. Bouilliame, J. J. Cinq-Mars; visitors, L. P. Breault, P. Gagne, N. Boucher.

Prosperity Circle, Companions of the Forest, has elected officers as follows: Chief companion, Miss Eliza Carr; sub. chief, Miss Mary Lewis; recording secretary, James H. Hickey; financial secretary, John E. Maguire; treasurer, Hugh C. McOsker; right guard, Miss Mary T. O'Connor; left guard, Miss Mary Santwere; inside guard, W. H. Stafford; outside guard, Abraham Berry; trustee for three years, Maria Markham; trustee for one year, Wm. Courser; physician, Dr. T C. McGannon.

The circle has appointed a committee of 20 to arrange for a rose party at the hall on Jan. 31.



Boys' and children's correct dress for all social occasions.

Eton suits (see picture) and Tuxedo Suits, with short trousers, 8 years to 14, with long trousers, 12 years to 16.

Fine black and blue diagonal suits; Juniors for boys 3 years to 8; double breasted jackets, 7 years to 15; single breasted jackets with vests and short trousers, 10 years to 16.

Children's white blouses, boys' white dress vests, dress shirts, ties, collars and cuffs.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.
Lowell.

WAS A BLACKMAIL SCHEME

THE HANDWRITING AND SPELLING OF WRITER

Gave a Strong Clue to the Identity of Its Sender, S. A. Owen Suspected.

CHICAGO, Dec. 18.—The coils are tightening around S. A. Owen, who it is said mailed the infernal machines to Messrs. Pullman and Armour, and notified them in advance, in the hope of obtaining a reward. He is believed to be the same man who for 10 months has been sending threatening letters to Messrs. P. D. Armour demanding $2000. The identification of the writer of the letters with the man who mailed the infernal machines is based on the similarity of the writing.

In a written statement made by Owens yesterday he misspelled the words "prairie" and "contents" precisely as was done in addressing the packages that caused his arrest. Owens kept a billiard hall recently, which is close to a spot where some months ago it was demanded that Mrs. Armour should cause money to be left for the writer or be attacked with vitriol and dynamite.

Missionaries Safe.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 18. — United States Minister Terrell received advices from Caesarea and Adana yesterday announcing the safety of the American missionaries at those places. All the extra guardships, except the German one, are now in the Bosphorus, and the foreign population of this city and vicinity breathes somewhat easier.

Declared a Humbug.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—James Jeffrey Roche declares that the report of an Irish-American army being formed in this country is all a humbug. Furthermore, he thinks the newspapers have been victims of a joke.

Why Not?

If you are economizing why not look over your printing bills and see if you are not paying to much for printing? Call at this office and get prices on your work, and see if we cannot save money for you.

It is True

that there is no other tea used so extensively in this city today as the Garden Flower tea sold by us. If you are not using it you don't use the best tea. Commercial Tea Co., opp. post office.

New Year's Day

Interest Begins in the

Savings Department OF THE TRADERS' NATIONAL BANK

At Rate Per Annum of

4 Per Cent. Compound Semi-Annually.

On Money Deposited Before 4 p. m. Friday, January 3rd.

Hours—8 to 4 daily. Saturdays 8 to 1 and 7 to 9 p. m.

30 MIDDLESEX STREET
11 POST OFFICE AVENUE

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.

Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.

42 CHURCH STREET.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street.

Meats and Provisions.

(Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs Edward Cogger & Co., 155 Church and 23 Concord streets.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

Regular $1 Child's Folding Chair for

This Week Only 48c. This Week Only

A. E. O'HEIR & CO'S, 16 Mer'k St.

The Home Furnishers.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON.

Southern Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
5 45	6 50	6 00	$7 08
6 30	7 45	6 30	7 52
6 50	8 08	6 40	$7 37
$7 01	7 58	8 00	8 12
$7 18	8 02	8 30	9 11
$7 27	8 12	9 00	$8 42
$7 38	8 50	9 15	10 25
7 45	8 35	10 00	11 15
8 50	9 40	10 45	11 58
9 00	10 30	11 30	$12 08
9 40	10 40	12 00	$12 55
11 00	12 06	1 00	$1 40
$11 45	12 30	2 00	4 04
$12 16	1 05	3 00	3 40
1 40	2 50	3 30	4 48
2 00	4 25	4 15	$4 30
$4 00	4 45	5 00	5 44
4 30	5 20	5 25	6 22
$5 20	6 15	5 50	7 05
5 33	6 53	6 15	7 18
$6 24	7 10	7 30	8 10
$7 52	8 35	8 00	$8 40
		10 15	11 22
		11 20	12 23

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
$7 18	8 02	2 00	2 55
$7 27	8 12	9 00	10 07
8 45	9 50	1 00	1 57
$9 18	10 10	5 00	5 59
$4 25	5 32	7 30	8 10
$5 58	7 00	8 00	8 40
		9 00	10 05

Western Division.

To Boston. Lve.	Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	Arr.
6 50	8 04	7 20	8 33
8 15	9 13	9 25	10 37
9 25	10 42	10 25	11 46
10 50	12 00	11 50	1 08
12 05	1 38	2 15	3 19
12 45	2 01	3 30	4 29
2 30	3 45	3 40	4 56
3 20	4 14	4 25	5 43
4 05	5 24	5 01	6 18
5 10	6 44	6 01	7 06
6 15	7 39	6 31	7 46
7 00	8 06	9 40	10 41
9 30	10 44		

Sunday Trains.

Lve.	Arr.	Lve.	Arr.
8 15	9 27	8 00	9 19
12 05	1 27	11 45	12 51
4 15	5 27	5 00	6 28
5 30	7 00	7 00	8.21
7 25	8 44		

Trains by this division leave Lowell from Middlesex street station.

Leave Boston from the new Union Station, Causeway street.

‡From Middlesex St. station only.

Make way for the Irish army in the event of a war between this country and England.

It is nearly time to start selecting your Christmas gifts. Don't wait to receive ours before sending yours.

If the tailors' strike in New York will aid in the extermination of the sweat-shop, it will be a benefit to mankind.

A pastor who can unite discordant elements in a church and keep them so should command a high salary in his city.

Another skating fatality on the ice. The Sun gave warning of going on thin ice. This is not likely to be the last if the skating continues.

Jerome F. Maniung is out for an independent Miller ticket next year. That would be even better than a fusion ticket that does not fuse.

Dunraven is coming over to testify at the investigation of his charges. He will go home much worse disgraced than he was on his last trip.

Gen. Campos like the dull school boy "wants to go home" or exchange Cuba for some English island nearer home. England wofully replies: "I have troubles of my own."

The coal combine is fleecing the public during the cold spell. It has always been a cause for astonishment that some combine does not undertake to tax the public for air and light.

It is now in order for a certain class of ministers to assail the police. The Nashua police are under fire; those of Brockton have just made their escape. The storm will soon strike other cities. Beware.

Ambassador Bayard does not seem to be very seriously scared at Congressman Barrett's mode of gaining notoriety. Barrett is the sort of statesman who believes in springing surprises. They are good things to get a man talked about.

"The bride of Christ," a new healer, who has announced her arrival in Haverhill has bean struck by the Francis Schlatter craze. Schlatter, it is said, was at one time a lunatic in Switzerland and is not accounted quite sane at present.

Cooking by recipe is becoming more common and treatment for dyspepsia, we are assured, is increasing in the same proportion. It is not every stomach that would stand the result of daily experiments on a new recipe without rebelling.

Samuel Gompers again presides over the American Federation of Labor. He has proved himself worhty of the position during his incumbency when first elected and is now more competent from experience to lead organized labor to success.

President Cleveland's message will strike a patriotic chord in the heart of every citizen. It is a direct slap in the face to England in her policy of encroachment on Venezuela. Now just watch England's way of backing out gracefully so as to bring in the words of old Disraeli "peace with honor."

Illinois and New York have adopted plans for pensioning superannuated teachers without much loss to the state. It would be better to pension old teachers than to continue paying them for teaching when they have lost their ability to do anything except spoil the children.

The mandamus issued against the sinking fund commissioners to compel them to invest the funds at their discretion, does not change the situation. The commissioners never intended to do anything else. In his argument, Hon George F. Richardson repeatedly asked the court "of what use would be a mandamus if it were not peremptory?" The commissioners showed that they had been awaiting a higher market, as they had a right to do. The only effect of the mandamus would be to prevent the commissioners from awaiting a higher market indefinitely—something which they never meant to do.

A BITTER FIGHT

Traction Fight at Philadelphia Becoming Serious.

RIOTOUS MOBS FILL THE STREETS.

Cars are Bombarded With Disastrous Results.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18. — Despite the efforts of the strike leaders to preserve order, there has been much violence, although none of a serious nature. At Sixth and Market streets somebody threw a brick through a car yesterday, and the conductor and motorman fled for their lives. The crowd then broke every window in the car and the one which followed it.

At Second and Berk streets a crowd of men surrounded a car. The motorman and conductor refused to abandon their positions, and were thrown to the street. The car was turned upside down and both streets were blocked.

At Cumberland and Amber streets about 100 women plugged the switches and blocked the cars on Cumberland street. Conductors tried to reopen the switches, but were driven away by the women. Scores of men have been arrested for cutting trolley ropes. Strike leaders mounted on horseback are at several of the big depots urging men at work to join the strikers.

The mayor yesterday afternoon issued a proclamation, calling upon all good citizens to assist the authorities in preserving order, and to that end begging them not to collect in crowds on the public highways. "Violence will be met with force and peace will be preserved at all hazards," he says.

Philadelphia is all but at the mercy of a mob. Not a street car of the Union Traction company is running, and that company controls

Every Line In the City,

with the exception of two comparatively short cross-town lines.

The police were absolutely unable to control the mob violence. From early morning until dusk, as each branch line made desperate efforts to start, howling mobs surrounded each car, stoned and hooted the motorman and conductor, smashed the windows, cut the trolley ropes and wreaked all possible destruction. Then the attempt was abandoned. The strikers took little if any part in the work of destruction.

Five hundred extra policemen were sworn in by Mayor Warwick last night, and these, with the regular force of 2100, will make an attempt to quell the rioters. They have orders from Mayor Warwick to carry their batons unsheathed. Should this fail, the governor will be appealed to to order out the militia. The city's executive declared in unmistakable terms that the strike is no longer a contest between a railway company and its employes, but a battle between the city and violence, and the city will win, if it takes the United States army.

The situation is the gravest the city has ever been called upon to encounter. The staff officers of the National Guard of Pennsylvania are in their armories, uniformed and armed in case of need.

The strike itself remains unchanged. The Traction leaders refuse to listen to any suggestion from the other side, and, indeed, no effort is being made in that direction. The strikers are firm, and determined to fight it to the bitter end. Three mass meetings were held last night in various parts of the city.

The entire road covers about 500 miles, and over 6000 men are employed. About 5000 of these are out. There are all sorts of rumors. One is that electricians of the company will join the ranks of the malcontents. Another is that armies of railway workers are bound for this city from Brooklyn, Baltimore, Indianapolis and other points, either to assist or take the places of the strikers.

The fiercest riot of the day occurred at Sixth and Vine streets about noon. The mob reached almost to Market street, two blocks below. It entrenched itself along the sidewalks and bombarded every car which attempted to run the gauntlet. Superintendent Linden, with a great force of police, finally succeeded in dispersing the crowds after 16 arrests had been made. At Sixth and Market streets veritable pandemonium broke loose as the first two cars reached that point.

In an instant every glass was smashed, and a fusilade of dinner kettles, fire buckets and bricks poured from the upper floors of the business blocks on either side. Conductors and motormen fled for their lives.

Later in the day another violent scene was witnessed at Eighth and Market streets. A West Philadelphia car made its appearance. Motorman, conductor and the few passengers were ordered to leave, and after the fender had been ripped from its attachments and the general work of destruction perpetrated, the car was upset at the intersection of the two lines of track. This blockade was not raised for two hours. In one of these riots Policeman A. Keppler was seriously injured by a shower of stones. Other injuries to citizens and officers are reported from different sections.

Women are playing a prominent part in the strike. One of the warmest adherents of the strikers is a Mrs. Howard, who has done much toward organizing the men and winning over new recruits. The Women's Health Protective association adopted resolutions of sympathy for the men.

Fourteen Seamen Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 18.—Intelligence has reached here that on Sunday last the German ship Athena, from New York for London, with a cargo of naphtha, exploded off Cape May. Fourteen lives were lost, and four of the crew were rescued by the British ship Tafna and brought to this port.

To Try For America's Cup.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—The Globe says that it is rumored that the Hendersons of Glasgow received an order yesterday for a yacht, designed by George L. Watson, which is to compete in races for the America's cup.

PECULIAR in combination, proportion and preparation of ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses great curative value. You should TRY IT.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Phila., Pa. Sold by all Local Druggists.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

How to Cure Yourself While Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo," is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want, while taking "Baco-Curo," it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent, interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists, with our ironclad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes, (thirty days' treatment), $2.50 and guaranteed cure, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Booklet and proofs free. Eureka Chemical and Mfg. Co., Mfg. Chemists, La Crosse, Wis.

TROUBLES OF AN ACTOR.

Henry Irving's Experience With a Too All Around Admirer.

When Sir Henry Irving was in Dublin, he met a very enthusiastic admirer of the Lyceum productions. Irving asked him what plays he had seen.

"Well," he replied, "I saw 'Romeo and Juliet.' I thought it was simply fine. Miss Terry was splendid as Juliet, especially in the balcony scene—you remember the balcony scene, don't you, where she"—

"Oh, yes," replied Irving, "I remember it very well! You know I played Romeo?"

"Yes, yes, I remember. Then the nurse—wasn't the nurse very good? Who is it played that part—oh, yes, Mrs. Sterling, wasn't it? And the apothecary, I thought he was very good. Didn't you?"

"Well, what other plays did you see?" asked Irving.

"Well, I saw 'Macbeth' for one."

"Did you like it?"

"Oh, yes, especially that scene where Lady Macbeth comes in with the taper, you know, and looks at her hand! How is this that goes? 'Out, damned spot! Out, I say!' And then something about 'the perfumes of Arabia.' And then there's a fine scene between her and Macbeth, where she tells him—I forget, but it was very good. And Banquo was awfully good. Don't you think so?"

"Well, did you see 'Hamlet?'" asked Irving.

"'Hamlet?' Oh, yes! Polonius struck me as particularly good in that. Do you remember where he is giving his advice to Laertes—

"Give thy thoughts no tongue, nor any unproportioned thought his act;
Be thou familiar, but by no means vulgar.
Those friends thou hast, and something something tried,
Grapple them to thy soul with hooks of steel.

"I forget how it goes on. Horatio was very good too."

"Well, I played Hamlet in that, you know," ventured Irving.

"Oh, indeed! Yes; to be sure. I remember. But who was it that played the ghost?"

Irving gave it up when it reached this point.—New York Sun.

Her Idea.

"Here is your Christmas present."

There was a look of great happiness on Dimpleton's face as he turned toward his wife and handed to her a neat rectangular package, on which her name was carelessly written in pencil.

"Yes, my dear," he continued, as with an air of mystification his wife cut the string and examined curiously in turn a bright new passbook and checkbook of a well known bank, "for some time I was troubled to know just what to get you. Recalling the number of occasions that you have remarked that you would like to feel that you were independent, and knowing also what an excellent thing it is for a woman to acquaint herself with the ordinary methods of doing business, it occurred to me that it would be a nice thing to open a bank account for your own use. I have therefore deposited $1,000 to your credit. Here are your bankbook and your book of blank checks, and you have only to step around to the bank with me and leave your signature, and the thing will be complete. There, what do you think of that for your Christmas?"

"It's lovely, dear, of course," replied Mrs. Dimpleton, looking at him somewhat vaguely as she absently turned over the leaves of the checkbook, "and yet, do you know, I think I would rather have had the money?"—Life.

His Limit.

"How tired you look, my darling," exclaimed the little woman as she met him at the door. "Come right in and rest yourself! I've made you a new pair of slippers, and if your head aches I'll rub it with cologne—poor dear!"

All this time he had been regarding her suspiciously. Finally he said:

"I had really forgotten that Christmas was so near. Here's $20. It's the best I can do, Maria, until collections are better!"—Atlanta Constitution.

He Was a Stranger.

Jones—Tomorrow will be the first Sunday of the year, and I propose to commence the New Year by going to church.

Mrs. Jones—You had better take me with you.

Jones—What for?

Mrs. Jones—You may need somebody to identify you.—Truth.

Miss Ice of Boston.

Miss Ice, who recently arrived here from Boston, has moved to Mrs. Lamar Stark's, where she will spend the winter.—Florida Times-Union.

CITY BILLS.

City of Lowell,
Auditor's Office, Dec. 17, 1895.

Persons having bills against the City of Lowell, must present them at this office on or before Dec. 20th, to obtain payment Jan. 10, 1896. Bills presented later will remain unpaid until Feb. 10, 1896.

DAVID CHASE, Auditor.

UNION TAILORS

The only shop in town using the Union Label.

Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.

F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

SUNBEAMS,

Upon His Honor.

—Life.

And the Clerk Wilted.

They are telling a good story on a Montezuma clerk. In conversation with a farmer recently the clerk, noticing a lady at a distance, said:

"That woman looks as if she might bite a nail in two?"

"Yes," replied the farmer.

"Got a jaw on her like a vise?"

"Yes."

"Keeps it going all the time, as if there wasn't any such thing as an eight hour law?"

"Yes."

"Got a bonnet on that looks as if it might be a sign for a vegetable garden?"

"Yes."

"Got a complexion like a slab of tanbark?"

"Yes."

"Looks as if her temper would sour milk just from the cow?"

"Yes."

"Got clothes on that look like they'd been made out of last year's circus posters?"

"Exactly."

"Who is she?"

The farmer got up to get a better look before committing himself.

"She's a jay from Jay's Crossroads, ain't she?" he said, with a laugh, as he sat down again.

"Yes, who is she?"

"Oh, she's my wife. Let me take you over and introduce you!"—Atlanta Constitution.

An Eye to the Future.

He drew her to him, and for a few minutes there was no sound but the beating of their hearts.

"Dearest," she said at last, looking trustingly up into his eyes.

"What is it, darling?" he asked lovingly.

"Now that I have consented to elope with you, shall we go to Milwaukee or cross the line and try Indiana?"

"We must go to Milwaukee," he replied promptly.

"Is that the most convenient place, love?"

"Well, it's the most convenient to the South Dakota courts."—Chicago Post.

A Trifling Difference.

Exchange Editor—What makes Dr. Leader look so sad today?

Financial Editor—Oh, nothing, only he tried to say in an editorial that Wigglestein was a national character, and the compositor made him say that he was a notional character instead.—Somerville Journal.

Good Advice.

Student (hurriedly accosting a mate of his)—Sapperlot, there are a couple of creditors close on my heels.

Fellow Student—Quick, run into the savings bank, over the way! Nobody will look for you there.—Buntes Allerlei.

Get all your printing done at THE SUN office.

Cold Weather

There are seven million pores in the ordinary sized man, which act as sewers in cleansing the system of impurities. When they become clogged, perspiration ceases or is less than normal in quantity. Cold weather restricts the amount of perspiration, and in nature's struggle to free the system of waste matter the Kidneys become overworked. Buker's Kidney Pills counteract the effects of overwork, prevent disease, and cure the Backache incidental to Kidney troubles. When the back aches, try the pills. Druggists sell them for 50 cents. A book about Backache and Kidney troubles for the asking.

Buker Pill Co., Bangor, Me.

$30,000 WORTH OF GOODS TO GO AT AUCTION PRICES.

OUR GREAT SACRIFICE SALE

Opens Today, Dec. 16, at 9 o'clock.

Christmas Purchasers can get Goods here at Half Prices. Our Goods comprise everything in the line of China, Crockery and Glass Ware, Plated Goods and Bric-a-Brac of all kinds.

We have some of the latest DINNER SETS in the market, a new invoice of the celebrated MILLER LAMP is in stock, and there are some of the newest and best goods in the market in the assortment.

Every article has been marked down to just cover cost. This is one of the rarest opportunities to procure extra fine goods at small Cost ever offered to Lowell people.

FRENCH & PUFFER

CENTRAL STREET.

LOWELL

Trunk Manufactory

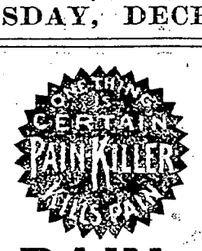
P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

BIRD'S ORIGINAL COUGH DROPS

MANUFACTURED BY Bird Brothers.

For Sale by All the Leading Druggists and Confectioners.



PAIN-KILLER

THE GREAT

Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures

Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures

Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*

An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cinn. Nonpareil.*

We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*

A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*

Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*

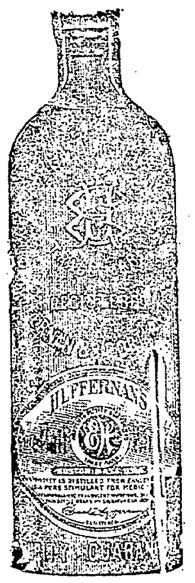
It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*

It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*

Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

HEFFERNAN'S

Pure Malt Whiskey



A Medicinal Tonic and Stimulant

FOR THE OVERWORKED AND WEAK.

That "All Run Down" Feeling Positively CURED.

For Sale by all Druggists and Liquor Dealers.

SOLD ONLY IN BOTTLE.

Price, - - $1.00 Per Bottle

THE LOWELL

Gas Light Company

OFFICE:

22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle

SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.

Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS

With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is

$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.

No charge made for the use of meters.

No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.

Orders when left at office promptly attended to

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £13,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS, HON. WALTER C. PEPYS, CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

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DR. WALKER'S DENTISTS

NEW LUMBER YARD

No. 255 HILDRETH STREET.

Best Quality. Lowest Prices. Cedar Posts a Specialty.

P. V. ALLEN & CO.

Telephone 568-5.

Skates

25c. to $3 a Pair.

Sleds

25c. to $3 Each.

Dolls

Of All Kinds.

Toys

Of Every Description.

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall. Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block. Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE

OLD 64 CIGAR.

H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House, Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block. Counsellors-at-Law. William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street. Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed. Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

WALTER H. MASON, 393 Mammoth Road, Lowell, Mass. Teacher of Piano Forte. Communication through Gardner's, Prescott St. Engagements as pianist or accompanist at concerts solicited. Pupil of Ernst Perabo. Terms, $15 for 20 lessons.

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges

Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at

Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

LOWELL AGENCY FOR

Frank Jones' Ale

AND THE CELEBRATED

ANHEUSER BUSCH BEER

The Trade and Families supplied at Lowest Prices. Orders by mail or telephone promptly attended to.

JOHN LENNON,

NO. 302 MARKET STREET

TELEPHONE—No. 33-2.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors

To be Found in this city is at

E. FAULKNER'S,

Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

C. H. MOLLOY,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to.

No. 343 MARKET STREET

T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer.

Telephone 508-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER

448 Corham Street.

Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices

Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour, the best in the city.

CHRISTMAS TIME

Is with us and if you want to make a present to a friend there is nothing more practicable to give than a

BEAUTIFUL STAND LAMP

When attached to the gas fixture it will be a thing of joy forever, and would be appreciated by anyone. There is a large assortment at

D. H. WILSON'S

NO. 279 DUTTON STREET.

All kinds of Copper, Steam Gas Piping and Plumbing.

E. R. DONOVAN, Office, 85 Gorham Street. Constable and Auctioneer.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public.

Brown Bro's

OUR PRICES will tell their own story. They are on the bed rock and we defy competition. Similar goods may be sold LOWER but the same goods NEVER.

100 doz. Children's Picture Handkerchiefs at 3c. each.
100 doz. Ladies' Scalloped Bordered Handkerchiefs at 5c each.
50 doz. Ladies' Embroidered Edge Handkerchiefs at 15 and 25c each.
50 doz. Silk Handkerchiefs, all colors, 25c each.
84 doz. Ladies' and Gents' Mufflers at 75c and $1.00 each.
A choice line of Christmas Aprons, Gloves, Neckties and Fascinators.
Also 100 doz. Children's White Flannel Petticoats, waist combined, at the ridiculous low price of 15c each, well worth 33c each.

Come and buy the little folks one to keep them warm.

BROWN BRO'S, Opp. Monument Square

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?

If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.

MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

COME! COME!!

GIVE A PERSON A SHOW.

That is Just what we are doing. We will give any customer that calls at our shoe store more for their money than they can get in any other shoe store. How do these prices suit you:

First we have a lot of Women's Congress and Lace Serge Boots, 25c.
A pair of Women's Felt Slippers, hand made, our own, 35c.
300 pairs of Women's Button Boots, slightly imperfect, 50c. a pair.
Misses' School Shoes, solid leather, warranted, 75c. Another lot 65c.
Men's Rubber Boots, best made, $2.50.
Men's Storm Rubbers, 75c.
Child's Rubber Boots, 75c. Remember the place.

William Wade

Two Doors Below the Old Post Office.

He: "The ring doesn't seem to fit very well. Hadn't I better take it back and have it made smaller?"

She: "No. An engagement ring is an engagement ring, even if I have to wear it round my neck."

OUR GREAT FIRE, SMOKE and SLAUGHTER SALE

Offers rare opportunities for filling the sideboard for the holidays, and in fact for stocking it for the winter supply. Our great bargains in whiskeys is in Ramsey's Scotch, Tom, Gins, Irish Old Crow and Hermitage. During the few days this sale has been in progress we have disposed of the bulk of our stock, but we still have a few bargains left which we offer in the following revised list: The stock must be cleaned out to make way for new goods now arriving.

RHINE WINES.

California.					
Sauterne	case	qts.	$2.50	per bottle	$0.25
"	"	pts.	3.00	" "	.15
Haute Sauterne	"	qts.	3.50	" "	.20
"	"	pts.	4.00	" "	.20
Graves	"	qts.	6.00	" "	.50
"	"	pts.	7.00	" "	.30
Martellac	"	qts.	10.00	" "	.90
"	"	pts.	11.00	" "	.60
Macon	"	qts.	7.50	" "	.65
"	"	pts.	6.50	" "	.35
Chablis	"	qts.	8.50	" "	.45
"	"	pts.	6.50	" "	.75
Laubenheimer	"	qts.	5.50	" "	.50
"	"	pts.	6.50	" "	.30
Oppenheimer	"	qts.	7.00	" "	.60
"	"	pts.	8.00	" "	.35
Neirstiner	"	qts.	9.50	" "	.45

BRANDIES.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Blackberry, bottle			.45
California bottle			.45

TABLE WATERS.

	Qts.	Pts.
Apollinaris	$1.75	$1.25
Neptune	1.45	.50

GINS.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Kaiser	$1.50	.40	.20
Old Tom		.75	
Tom		.75	
Plymouth		.85	

WHISKSIES.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Kaiser	$1.50	$0.40	$0.20
Belmont	2.00	.50	
Blue Grass	2.50	.70	.35
Paul Jones XXXX	3.00	.90	
White Elephant		1.00	
Collingwood		.75	
Ramsay's Scotch		.75	
Irish		.75	
Heffernan's Malt		2.00	
Private Brand		1.50	
Old Crow		.75	
Hermitage		.75	
Willow Creek		.75	

ALES AND PORTERS.

	Doz.	Bottles
Smith's Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Evans' Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Golden Ale, pints	1.00	.10
Norfolk Porter, pints	1.00	.10

RUMS.

	Gal.	Qts.	Pts.
Kaiser	$1.50	$ .40	$ .20
New England		40	
Choice Medford		45	
Cherry		40	
Old Rum		65	.30

COCKTAILS.

	Qts.
The Club	$1.00
Popular	.75
Champagne	.60

CORDIALS.

	Qts.	Pts.
Creme du Menthe	$0.95	
Field's Orange Bitters	.75	
Chartreuse, green		.80
Chartreuse, yellow	1.40	.75
Kumel's	.80	
Benedictine	1.40	
Absintho	1.00	
Abbott's Angostura	.50	
Lime Juice	.20	
Rock, Rye and Honey	.85	.35
Cream Du Violet	1.00	
Kirschevasser	1.00	
Parfait Amour	.35	
Creme du Mandarin	1.35	
Jug Orange Curacoa		.75
Jamaica Rum and Syrup	.80	

CALIFORNIA WINES.

Claret, Zinfandel, St. Julian, Port, Sherry, Angelica — 6 Quart Bottles $1 — 3 Bottles 65c. — Catawba, Muscatel, Malaga

(Miscellaneous.)

Tokay, Frontignan — 50c. Each formerly $1. — Madeira, Malaga.

IMPORTED SHERRY AND PORT.

Formerly sold at $1, $1.25, $1.50, per bottle now sold at 70c. per bottle for choice.

JOHN M. PEVEY. 55-57 MIDDLE STREET

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE

He Holds That the Monroe Doctrine Must be Enforced.

In the Face of Great Britain's Fiat He Hurls the Defiance of the United States---No Supine Submission to Wrong and Injustice Even if the Alternative Brings the Calamities of War.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The president sent to congress yesterday the Venezuelan correspondence, accompanied by the following significant message:

To the Congress—In my annual message addressed to the congress on the 3d inst. I called attention to the pending boundary controversy between Great Britain and the republic of Venezuela, and recited the substance of a representation made by this government to her Britannic majesty's government suggesting reasons why such dispute should be submitted to arbitration for settlement, and inquiring whether it would be so submitted. The answer of the British government, which was then awaited, has since been received.

Such reply is embodied in two communications addressed by the British prime minister to Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador at this capital. One of these communications is devoted exclusively to observations upon the Monroe doctrine, and claims that in the present instance a new and strange extension and development of this doctrine is insisted on by the United States; that the reasons justifying an appeal to the doctrine enunciated by President Monroe are generally inapplicable "to the state of things in which we live at the present day," and especially inapplicable to a controversy involving the boundary line between Great Britain and Venezuela.

Without attempting extended argument in reply to these positions it may not be amiss to suggest that the doctrine upon which we stand is strong and sound, because its enforcement is important to our peace and safety as a nation, and is essential to the integrity of our free institutions and the tranquil maintenance of our distinctive form of government. It was intended to apply to every stage of our national life, and cannot become obsolete while our republic endures. If the balance of power is justly a cause for jealous anxiety among governments of the Old World, and a subject for absolute non-interference, none the less is an observance of the Monroe doctrine of vital concern to our people and their government.

Assuming, therefore, that we may properly insist upon this doctrine without regard to the "state of things in which we live," or any changed conditions here or elsewhere, it is not apparent why its application may not be invoked in the "present controversy." If a European power, by an extension of its boundaries, takes possession of the territory of one of our neighboring republics against its will and in derogation of its rights, it is difficult to see why to that extent such European power does not thereby attempt to extend its system of government to that portion of this continent which is thus taken. This is the precise action which President Monroe declared to be "dangerous to our peace and safety," and it can make no difference whether the European system is extended by an advance of frontier or otherwise.

It is also suggested in the British reply that we should not seek to apply the Monroe doctrine to the pending dispute, because it does not embody any principle of international law which is "founded on the general consent of nations," and that "no statesman, however eminent, and no nation, however powerful, are competent to insert into the code of international law a novel principle which was never recognized before, and which has not since been accepted by the government of any other country."

Monroe Doctrine Is Just.

Practically the principle for which we contend has peculiar, if not exclusive, relation to the United States. It may not have been admitted in so many words to the code of international law, but since in international councils every nation is entitled to the rights belonging to it, i: the enforcement of the Monroe doctrine is something we may justly claim, it has its place in the code of international law as certainly and as surely as if it were specifically mentioned, and when the United States is a suitor before the high tribunal that administers international law the question to be determined is whether or not we present claims which the justice of that code of law can find to be right and valid. The Monroe doctrine finds its recognition in the principles of international law, which are based upon the theory that every nation shall have its rights protected and its just claims enforced.

Of course this government is entirely confident that under the sanction of this doctrine we have clear rights and undoubted claims. Nor is this ignored in the British reply. The prime minister, while not admitting that the Monroe doctrine is applicable to present conditions, states: "In declaring that the United States would resist any such enterprise if it was contemplated, President Monroe adopted a policy which received the entire sympathy of the English government of that date." He further declares: "Though the language of President Monroe is directed to the attainment of objects which most Englishmen would agree to be salutary, it is impossible to admit that they have been inscribed by any adequate authority in the code of international law." Again he says: "They (her majesty's government) fully concur with the view which President Monroe apparently entertained, that any disturbance of the existing territorial distribution in that hemisphere by any fresh acquisitions on the part of any European state would be a highly inexpedient change."

In the belief that the doctrine for which we contend was clear and definite, that it was founded upon substantial considerations and involved our safety and welfare, that it was fully applicable to our present conditions and to the state of the world's progress, and that it was directly related to the pending controversy, and without any conviction as to the final merits of the dispute, but anxious to learn in a satisfactory and conclusive manner whether Great Britain sought under a claim of boundary to extend her possessions on this continent without right, or whether she merely sought possession of territory fairly included within her lines of ownership, this government proposed to the government of Great Britain a resort to arbitration as the proper means of settling the question, to the end that a vexatious boundary dispute between the two contestants might be determined and our exact standing and relation in respect to the controversy might be made clear.

This proposition has been declined by the British government, upon grounds which in the circumstances seem to me to be far from satisfactory. It is deeply disappointing that such an appeal, actuated by the most friendly feelings toward both nations directly concerned, addressed to the sense of justice and to the magnanimity of one of the great powers of the world, and touching its relations to one comparatively weak and small, should have produced no better results.

The course to be pursued by this government in view of the present condition does not appear to admit of serious doubt. Having labored faithfully for many years to induce Great Britain to submit this dispute to impartial arbitration, and having been now finally apprised of her refusal to do so, nothing remains but to accept the situation, to recognize its plain requirements and deal with it accordingly. Great Britain's present proposition has never thus far been regarded as admissible by Venezuela, though any adjustment or the boundary which that country may deem for her advantage, and may enter into her own free will, cannot of course be objected to by the United States.

Assuming, however, that the attitude of Venezuela will remain unchanged, the dispute has reached such a stage as to make it now incumbent upon the United States to take measures to determine with sufficient certainty for its justification what is the true divisional line between the republic of Venezuela and British Guiana. The inquiry to that end should, of course, be conducted carefully and judiciously, and due weight should be given to all available evidence, records and facts in support of the claims of both parties.

In order that such an examination should be prosecuted in a thorough and satisfactory manner, I suggest that the congress make an adequate appropriation for the expenses of a commission, to be appointed by the executive, who shall make the necessary investigation and report upon the matter with the least possible delay.

When such report is made and accepted it will, in my opinion, be the duty of the United States to resist by every means in its power, as a willful aggression upon its rights and interests, the appropriation by Great Britain of any lands or the exercise of governmental jurisdiction over any territory which, after investigation, we have determined of right belong to Venezuela.

In making these recommendations I am fully alive to the responsibility incurred, and keenly realize all the consequences that may follow.

I am, nevertheless, firm in my conviction that while it is a grievous thing to contemplate the two great English speaking people of the world as being otherwise than friendly competitors in the onward march of civilization, and strenuous and worthy rivals in all the arts of peace, there is no calamity which a great nation can invite which equals that which follows a supine submission to wrong and injustice, and the consequent loss of national self-respect and honor beneath which is shielded and defended a people's safety and greatness. GROVER CLEVELAND.

Executive Mansion, Dec. 17, 1895.

An Involuntary Whaler.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Dec. 18.—The mysterious disappearance of George Nichols has been cleared up by a letter received here by his father. Young Nichols was a traveling agent for a Boston firm. Last June, while in New Bedford, Nichols joined a party that boarded a tug which had been engaged to tow a whaling vessel out of the harbor. The party went on board the whaler and had a merry time, and when the tug was cast off, Nichols was overlooked, as he was asleep somewhere in the vessel. He was carried to sea, and had to work his passage, which is not yet finished. The whaler is bound around the Horn, and is due to touch at some port in Chili next spring. The letter was brought by a vessel which spoke the whaler in mid-ocean.

For Cheating Uncle Sam.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 18.—Charles W. Story of Boston was fined $1000 and costs by Judge Aldrich of the United States district court for an attempt to defraud the government. Story was indicted for conspiracy with Postmaster Johnson at Winnesquam in 1893 to defraud the government by furnishing Johnson with circulars to be mailed at that office, Story to receive one-half the amount paid to Johnson on account of the increased cancellation of stamps at the Winnesquam office.

Mayor Houghton.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Dec. 18.—Albert C. Houghton, Citizen, was elected first mayor of North Adams. The Republicans elected three and the Democrats eight councilmen. The Republicans elected two of the three assessors, two of the three library trustees and three of the six members of the school committee. License was carried by 522 majority.

The Fayerweather Will Again.

NEW HAVEN, Dec. 18.—Mrs. Susan E. Gillette announces that under the recent decision of the court which gives relatives a right which sets aside bequests contained in the Fayerweather will, she will claim a part of the estate of the late Daniel Fayerweather. Mrs. Gillette is the widow of a second cousin of the late millionaire.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Italy sent more troops to Abyssinia.

The reichstag has adjourned until Jan. 9.

Japan is giving up Manchuria and Korea.

Sir Charles Dilke says international free trade is impossible.

Connecticut tobacco growers want the duty on the product restored.

A currency relief plan has been prepared by ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild.

An opera house and several stores at Richmond, Mo., were destroyed by fire. Loss, $100,000.

Mrs. James Pease, 62 years old, was burned to death at Westfield, Mass., by falling on a stove.

The Meriden (Conn.) election was a sweep for the Republicans. Levi E. Coe was chosen mayor.

The 22d annual session of the Maine State grange opened at Bangor, Me., with a large attendance.

The anniversary of Poet Whittier's birthday was observed with appropriate exercises in the public schools at Amesbury, Mass.

An attempt was made at Rockport, Ind., to lynch several negroes confined in the jail there. The sheriff resisted, and the attempt failed.

General Moses B. Walker, the hero of Chickamaugua, died at Kenton, O. He was the last man that left the bloody field of Chickamaugua.

Governor Morton has granted a respite until Jan. 7 in the case of Bartholomew Shea, convicted of the murder of Robert Ross at Troy, N. Y.

The charge of drunkenness brought against Lemuel A. Ashport, a Brockton (Mass.) policeman, was sustained. Mayor Whipple ordered him to be reprimanded.

Lake Champlain is frozen over for 40 miles north of Whitehall to Vergennes, and it is safe to cross on the ice from Chimney Point, N. Y., to the Vermont shore.

THE CORPORATION RULE

DESPOTIC SWAY OF COMBINATIONS THAT CONTROL.

It Is the Old Divine Right of Kings In a Disguise That Deceives the People—Monopoly Will Rule Until the Workers Learn to Use the Ballot.

[Special Correspondence.]

To the historians of the future some of our present developments will be quite incomprehensible, unless they are inclined to laugh at the sight of our stupendous simplicity. The idea that will be most amusing to them is that of our failing to realize the total incompatibility of political freedom with or in the midst of powerful corporations for industrial purposes. Because what is the meaning of such corporations after all? They mean groups of individuals to whom rights have been granted above those understood to be inherent with every one of us as individuals. And what is that but the enactment of laws saying that such and such individuals, when in groups, shall have the power to dictate to the rest of the nation the conditions on which they shall live? And who shall be the rest of the nation? The poorest or most conscientious men, those who have not means enough to group themselves in powerful combinations, or those who see the wrong of combining for the sake of injuring their fellow men. In either case they shall be the men whose natural, inherent or generally granted rights should be considered most sacred, and hence the very rights to be protected and respected by human laws, never to be interfered with by any artificial combinations on the part of the greedy human types in the nation.

Corporations, in the industrial realm, what are they but a complete denial of equal freedom, and hence disguised despotism? All freedom becomes a negation as soon as equal freedom disappears because of some rights granted to certain groups of men and not to the rest, who prefer to remain ungroped or have to by reason of insufficient means, etc.

The naked fact is that parliamentary systems and republics have so far assumed, in a hidden form, if you like, the old divine right of kings and despots—that of granting favoritisms to the powerful, of course the only ones who can pay for them or have influence around the throne of law, in legislative halls, where our groups of kings, the modern ones, humbug the workers of nations, the so called sovereign people. No wonder that the sovereign is always kept in poverty. Don't you see that the people have abdicated the law of equal rights, the only scepter by which the people can rule?

What we call capitalism is nothing but the concentration of wealth through laws of privilege in defiance of all natural law and natural rights. And what are laws of favoritism, of privilege, of monopoly? Nothing but the old divine right of kings, which negatives all divine law, and so all rights by God granted to men. We don't see it in that light because every now and then the people go to the polls to decide which lot of kings shall be allowed to keep on manufacturing laws of privilege and monopoly through the same identical processes by which the old kings issued their own laws for the same purpose—that of keeping most of the workers in poverty. One or two centuries ago, for instance, the average workers earned $200 per annum, $100 of which glided off through his fingers mostly to enrich 1 per cent of the nation. The average worker today earns $1,000, $700 of which, if not more, also glides off from him to enrich 1 per cent of the nation. In relation to what he produces the worker of today is poorer than ever before in history, because the needs of the worker increase in proportion to what he does produce, if not faster yet.

And the above injustice shall continue until the working masses learn how to use the ballot, not for the perpetuation of monopoly rule, but for its suppression, to be replaced by equal rights and equal freedom.

Perhaps the best way with which to accomplish that job would be to concentrate all our efforts in the rapid extermination of all franchise corporations, they representing the most intensified monopolistic industrial disposition of the ages. And the process is not difficult at all. At least 60 or 70 per cent of the wealth of those corporations is nothing but franchise values, land values as a matter of fact. Taxation on land values would cut that off all at once. That alone would relieve the industries of the nation from over $500,000,000 per annum. Something like $6,000,000,000 would remain with those franchise corporations in what we may call labor created values. An annual issue of $400,000,000 full legal tender government notes for 15 consecutive years would cancel the above $6,000,000,000, when what we call public utilities (the franchise corporations) would be totally owned by the people. As the franchise corporations are but forms of transportation indispensable to all of us, we would then have such transportation so as to simply cover full wages to those at work there. That would be but an extension of our post-office system.

Once the franchise corporations out of the way because of their naturally being public utilities, which, if not owned by the people, they shall crush the people, then all the other minor corporations would rapidly disappear under the mere action of land values taxation. They would have to gradually become co-operative concerns, like any other common group of partners, only with a larger number of them.

All the above would come about under the magic touch of equal rights to all and privileges to no one, when we could produce ten times more wealth than today, all to be retained by the workers, because of no laws of monopoly anywhere in the horizon of the social fabric. JOSE GROS.

Morristown, N. J.

How to Broil Live Lobster.

To broil live lobsters takes a very hot fire and is quite difficult to do with a common cook stove. Have a very hot fire—wood is best—and put the lobster in a dripping pan and bake nearly an hour, or until the shells begin to turn white. Crack the shells a little and serve whole with melted butter. They are delicious.

WANT DIVISION OF LABOR

IT IS NEEDED THAT MAN MAY ENJOY IN FULL HIS RIGHTS.

A Sure Remedy For Overproduction and Underconsumption—The Method Is In a Sufficient Reduction of the Hours of Labor—Objections Answered.

[Special Correspondence.]

Man exists by labor and on the fruits of labor; therefore every man is bound to labor, except he is possessed of what is an accumulation of the fruits of labor, and which we call capital. Consequently every man has a divine and an equal right with any other man to the privilege of producing by the labor of his own hands any means that are necessary for his support and his enjoyment of life. And any state of society which denies to any section of the community, however small, or to any citizen, such privileges, or an equality in those privileges, is unfair and unjust. Remarkable and monstrous examples of such unfairness and injustice are evident in these days.

There is a natural law which provides that the consumption of goods must bear a certain proportion to the production of the same, so that when the amount of production reaches beyond a certain mark in proportion to the consumption it causes the production to be unprofitable. And this is the reason why we have often such an absurd paradox of an apparent overproduction on one hand, which causes the employment of men to be unprofitable, and an equal underconsumption on the other hand, which also causes the employment of men to be unprofitable.

What, then, can be the remedy? Let us reflect. How would "division of labor" do? It is recognized by a great multitude as a remedy of tried and proved efficacy in many branches of industry, but it has never received the acknowledgment it deserves from all the different branches of industry, not to mention the different circles of society. Now let the amount of profitable labor be ever so little, being made so by the multiplicity and the perfecting of machinery and inventions, yet divide it as equally as possible, not, however, without due regard to all the rights of personal liberty. My neighbor has no right to go and do my share of labor along with his own, to earn, and then to own, the means of my livelihood as well as his own, thereby keeping me in enforced idleness and consequent enforced misery and mendicancy or its alternative, which is enforced crime and shame and ruination of soul and body. If I am to receive my rightful share of earth's blessings in an honorable way, then I must have the privilege of my proper share of the requisite toil to produce it, no less and, quite as emphatic, no more. For if I have less, I am suffering an injury from my fellow men, and if I have more then I am causing an injury not only to others, but to myself as well. For, inasmuch as my action in taking to myself more than my share of labor forces another man to take less than his share, I am thereby courting strife and retaliatory corruption of labor's laws, resulting in unnatural and inadequate remuneration for myself and for others.

Then let us divide labor by curtailing the hours thereof so that every man who wishes to may have a fair chance to earn an honest and also a sumptuous living. By giving every willing man a chance to work you will also give every man a chance to demand such wages as the advancement of our civilization warrants him to receive. And let this be not in one or two trades, but in all trades and all honest occupations alike.

Why, what do I hear? Does any one say that the finances of the country cannot stand it, and that such a thing would ruin all the capitalists and the employers of labor? Not in the least. People do not eat money; they do not make their clothing out of greenbacks, nor do they build houses of coin; money simply passes from one hand to another, and the more that comes in, as a rule, the more goes out. Suppose now that such a beneficial revolution as this could be brought about in one week's time, who is going to be injured by it? Is it the merchant, when his customer who last week had only $10 of a salary, or perhaps none at all, being out of work, comes into his store this week with $20 ready cash to buy of his goods? Is it the house owner, some of whose tenants with their families were crowded into one or two rooms, when each family can now afford to pay for a decent and respectable suit of rooms in which to live comfortably? Is it the millionaire, who last week was fretting with anxiety over his investments in lands, railroads and buildings and who this week finds his property booming and bounding upward in valuation as to threaten to double his fortune within a week or a day? Or is it the wealthy bankers of our country, with their immense hoards of money standing idle in their vaults, when they suddenly find the money market having such a marvelous revival that the silver miners of the west need no more idle their time and let the precious ore lay in the ground because of it being a glut in the market, depreciated and despised?

There will be no more complaints of overproduction, though there will certainly be much more goods produced than at present. There will be no more suicides committed in desperation through lack of work and on account of the miserable drudgery of the toiler's life; no more deeds of violence and crime and deceit impelled by fear of destitution through enforced idleness and the unprofitableness of industrial pursuits. And what has been the cause of all this beneficial reform and these most animating scenes in the world of industry and commerce, which make the hearts of men to bound and rejoice? What is it? It is nothing more nor less, nothing but simply the rightful division of labor between all those who have a claim to it and the need of it.

MAURICE C. ROBERTS.

From New York to Bloomington.

John B. Lennon, general secretary of the Journeymen Tailors' union of America, announces that on Jan. 1, 1896, the headquarters of that organization will be removed from New York to Bloomington, Ills. During the month of October charters were granted to six new local unions.

INSURING THE BANKS.

An Organization That May Do Much Good.

Bankers from 13 states have organized a mutual association for protection and insurance against loss by burglaries, robberies and in the transportation of money. New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Michigan, Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Kentucky, Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota were the states represented. From this list it will be seen that the territory covered is that in which there has been a minimum of risk, but where of late there have been dangerous signs of a growing lawlessness so far as banks are concerned.

So rapid has been the development of insurance within the past two decades that it is not surprising that the banks seek this remedy against existing evils. We have insurance against loss of profits; against loss of rent; against the dishonesty of employees—then why not against burglaries? The bank officers may be placed under bonds, but until now what could protect against weakness of the bank vaults?

Such an organization as that just formed in Iowa may do great good. It should, however, make punishment for the law breaker more certain, rather than to devote its chief energies to making the losses lighter. The old rule regarding the relative value of prevention and cure holds true to this day.—Boston Journal.

THE MEANEST MAN ALIVE.

Aged Bridegroom Gets Back Part of His Marriage Fee With Interest.

In September Rev. W. B. Matteson of the Baptist church of Owosso, Mich., was called upon to marry a couple, the groom being a man of 70 and the bride considerably younger. At the conclusion of the ceremony the groom handed the minister $20.

Several weeks later Mr. Matteson was informed that, owing to the excitement of the occasion, the bridegroom was somewhat rattled, and had mistaken the $20 bill for a $5, and demanded a rebate of $15. The reverend gentleman sent his check for the required amount to correct the error, but this was not sufficient.

It seems in the old man's third venture three months was all that was required to exhaust the glamour of matrimony, and life with him had become once more simply a matter of business. Consequently he demanded that the minister pay him interest on the $15.

The request was immediately complied with, and a second check was drawn for the sum of 15 cents, and when the voucher was returned a few days ago the minister caused it to be framed, and it now hangs in his study.—Chicago Times-Herald.

TWO BEN RUSSELLS.

Remarkable Series of Coincidences In Their Autobiographies.

Mr. Ben Russell, the sergeant-at-arms of the house, and Mr. Ben Russell, the representative of the Second Georgia district, have discovered a remarkable series of coincidences in their respective lives.

They were both born in October. Each man's father and grandfather respectively was named Benjamin, and their ancestors came from Massachusetts. Mr. Russell of Georgia enlisted in the First Georgia regiment, the other Russell enlisted in the First Maine (afterward the Tenth) regiment. Both were discharged as first lieutenants.

Both went into the newspaper business; each man has owned a newspaper for 21 years; both were mayors of their respective towns; both served two terms in their state legislatures; both were delegates to national conventions, and now they are both serving the United States under the same roof.—Boston Herald.

ANOTHER DIVORCE MECCA.

Should This Bill Pass, It Will Be In Iowa.

The Iowa code commission, appointed by the last legislature to revise the code and place before the legislature what the committee thinks should be changed in the existing laws, has finished its work, and among the recommendations is an amendment to the divorce laws, permitting a wife to get a divorce from her husband on the ground that he has "neglected to properly provide for her comfort."

This law passed will, it is said by leading lawyers, make Iowa the easiest place in which to get a divorce in the country, for all that it will be necessary to do will be for the wife to swear that the husband does things which destroy her comfort. The provision is being widely discussed and may pass.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A V. C. Man In Prison.

A man wearing the Victoria cross was recently sentenced to 18 months' hard labor in England for bigamy under unusually cruel and cowardly circumstances, the judge telling him that he richly deserved the full limit of ten years. He had married one after another a number of young girls, beating them brutally after he was tired of them. Yet he had won his cross honestly by an unusually unselfish act of bravery. In 1880, when the British were out up by the Afghans at Maiwand, in the insurrection that led to Roberts' march to Kandahar, he saved a gun heaped up with wounded men by rushing alone on foot against the Afghan horsemen about to surround it and holding them off with his rifle for the few moments needed to get the piece clear.—New York Sun.

Hall Caine's Opinion of Us.

Hall Caine, on his return to England, says, "The copyright act has not appreciably affected English fiction in the United States." He said that he had seen no anti-English spirit in America, although he had found much to humble the spirit of Englishmen. He expressed a very high appreciation of the greatness of the American character.

As It Should Be.

It is probable that the next Fourth of July will be the greatest holiday ever seen in New York. It will be a reunion of the people of the states, north and south, as well as of the blue and the gray.

If this sort of thing goes on much longer, people will forget that Mason and Dixon's line ever existed.—Atlanta Constitution.

Scientific Expedition For Madagascar.

A movement is on foot in Paris to send out to Madagascar a scientific mission. There will be two geologists, to study the soils and subsoils; two doctors, to study the diseases peculiar to Madagascar; two mining engineers, two botanists, two surveyors, two ethnographists, and so on.

And a Few Resolutions.

At last accounts very little had been dropped into Cuba's hat except burning thoughts and plugged nickels.—Detroit Tribune.

Freeman
Photographer, Hildreth Building.

A MOTHER'S DUTY
TOWARDS HER DAUGHTERS.
Suggestions Which Bear Repeating, as Their Importance is Immensurable.
[SPECIAL TO OUR LADY READERS.]
Only a few years ago even the medical profession scouted the idea that young girls could suffer from the misery of uterus troubles.
That form of disease, it was claimed, came only to married women.

When Lydia E. Pinkham first sent out the news of her great discovery, there was no lack of harsh speech from those whose practice and opinions she set at defiance.
But when young girls by the hundreds were absolutely cured by *Lydia E. Pinkham's* Vegetable Compound, then the tongues of the traducers were stilled, and faith was allowed to live in the hearts of the people.
Young girls are subject to this trouble. It robs them of the buoyancy of youth. It makes all effort distasteful.
It causes retention and suppression of menses, leucorrhœa, severe headache, waxy complexion, depression, weakness, loss of appetite and interest.
Certainly mothers ought to know that these are all symptoms of the one cause of nearly all the suffering that comes to women; and to save their daughters ought to begin treatment at once.
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the surest and most natural remedy for women ever compounded. It will accomplish its work with certainty.

We Are After You
WITH THE LOWEST PRICES
FOR THE CHRISTMAS TRADE
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

Stop That Cough
Did it ever occur to you that there are thousands of people in the cemeteries that might be alive and enjoying the pleasures of this world if they had only taken care of that cough. You may have the cough, but
FRANK GOODALE
Has THE REMEDY,
And for a small sum of money he will give it to you. It has cured hundreds; it will cure you. This remedy can be bought at
GOODALE'S
Drug Store
217 Central Street, FISKE'S BLOCK.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS
We have added to our regular stock of fine perfumes and toilet articles many novelties, which will make suitable gifts for the holidays. Have you tried the new Japanese Perfume Matsuketa? It is all the rage. We never had such a fine line of Atomizers. Come in and see them, over 150 patterns at reasonable prices.
ELLINGWOOD & CO.
APOTHECARIES,
Merrimack, Cor. Central St.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop.

WANT COLUMN.
THE PARTY seen picking up the money at Ingham's building on Church street this morning, will please return it to the Electric Light office and avoid further trouble.
MARIE ANTOINETTE SKIRT has seven large gores in the side and back and a large panel front, large mellon sleeves and is just the proper style. We have all up-to-date styles in ladies' dresses. The Norfolk suit is all right for a stylish business suit. A perfect fit guaranteed. Price $5.00. We use the best sewing silk and all our work is executed in a first class manner, no disappointment to our customers. Miss M. K. Crawford is head lady. Dressmaker's League, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets.
LOST—Near the Appleton storehouse a package of pay envelopes. Liberal reward for their return. F. O. White & Co., 324 Central street.
DOLLARS.—60 boys to make extra money after school and in spare time. Boys making $2 per day. Address with stamp, Robinson Mfg. Co., Fitchburg, Mass.
FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 780 Gorham street.
SALESMEN—to take orders. We send samples; give exclusive territory; pay good salary and expenses, or liberal commission to proper applicants. Address, P. O. Box 125, New York City.
FOUND—A child's fur lined kid glove which owner can have at this office upon paying for ad.
TO RENT—Three six room flats. G. D. Kimball, room 4, Ranels building.
FOR SALE—In Centralville, near Bridge street, 8 minutes' walk from P. O. square, good cottage house in first class repair and on easy terms. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block. Price $1000.
LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
FOR SALE—In Ward 4, near Wilder and Middlesex streets, nice two story house of 8 rooms, slated roof, bath, hot and cold water, 4500 ft. of land. Price 2500. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.
ALL LADIES having a few hours leasure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.
FOR SALE—Near Andrew street, two tenement house, large lot of land; this is your chance; on easy termis. Price $1500. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.
WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.
FOR SALE—Near Wilder street, a good cottage house and land, good repair, on easy terms. Price $1200. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.
FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two tenement house, large lot of land, on corner of streets. Price $2300. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.
FOR SALE—Cottage house, 10 minutes walk from City Hall, 7 rooms and bath a large lot of land, price $1450, $100 down, balance as rent. Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, Lowell.
FOR SALE—A beautiful farm of 250 acres, good buildings, grafted orchards, over $3000 worth of wood and timber to pay for farm, cut over 30 tons of No. 1 hay last year, 4 1-2 miles from depot, 2 1-2 miles to Creamery, land slopes to south. Beautiful view if sold this month, will throw in crops, will take $1400, $400 down balance to suit. Apply to Charles W. Pinkham, 45 Merrimack street, old P. O. Block, Lowell.
FOR SALE—Small farm in Pawtucketville of five acres, new cottage house; this is a bargain. Price $1800. G. L. Hubbard, room 4 O. P. block.

Real Estate House
WM. H. EMERY,
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)
Belvidere, house of 9 rooms, bath, laundry, steam heat, 4000 feet of land, $4000.
Centralville, 2½ story house, 6 rooms, 2500 feet of land, newly papered and painted, near Bridge and Tenth streets, $1300, on easy terms.
Belvidere, new 2-tenement house of 13 rooms, built upon honor, 4600 feet of land, nice location, $4300.
I have several new houses of 8 to 10 rooms, with bath, laundry, furnace heat, etc., on our land at head of new Moody Street bridge, which I will sell on easy terms, same as rent.
House lots at head of new Moody Street bridge, $323 and up; it is about 10 minutes' walk from city hall. Terms are very easy, payments by the month or year.
A. J. RYAN, Agent.

ONE OF THE BEST
Bargains of the Season
In a 4-Tenement Block; best part of Ward 3; land enough for another block of 6 tenements. Will be sold low to settle partnership.
7-Room Cottage; fine repair; barn and carriage room for 4 horses. Old Ward 4; price low.
Another one in Ward 4; price $1500.
Still another on Shaw Street, $1300. A few nice lots in Chelmsford Centre; also 2 new houses, 7 rooms each; easy terms.
F. L. RICHARDSON
56 Central Street.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent.)
Merchant Tailor
Fine Tailoring a Specialty.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

1895 CHRISTMAS 1895
We can supply your table this year as never before. We can furnish a fat turkey, chicken, goose or duck, celery, cranberries, etc. Christmas Candy 10c lb. New Mixed Nuts 2 lbs. 25c. New Layer Raisins, dates, figs, currants, etc. Sweet Oranges, Malaga Grapes, Bananas, etc.
Give our new market a call and you will be sure of a fine dinner.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Merchant,
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

A New Invoice of
CHOICE FALL NOVELTIES
Arrived this week. Some exquisite selections of FRENCH FRAMES, fine Felts and Chenille Hats. We have been appointed agents for the ELITE and H. & S. FINE CORSETS and invite the ladies of Lowell to inspect our stock before purchasing.
ABBIE M. SMITH,
175 Merrimack Street, Lowell.
Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant

CO TO
CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT
FOR
Fine Custom Tailoring
42 CENTRAL STREET.

NEW MUSIC HALL
W. H. Boody, Manager.
Special Engagement.
THE TURNER-MILLER COMPANY
Under the Auspices of
CO. D, 2d CORPS CADETS
Presenting the Thrilling Military Drama,
THE GIRL SPY
OF CHICKAMAUGHA.
3 Nights and Matinee Wednesday, December 18, 2.30.
December 16th, 17th, 18th
50 People in the Production.
Strong Play, "Grand Battle," Full of Fun
Evening Prices, 50, 35, 25, 20, 15, 10c. Matinee, 25, 25, 15, 10c.
Something New Under the Sun. Elite Engagement.
THREE NIGHTS, Commencing Thursday, Dec. 19th,
With Saturday Matinee. An attraction of Unusual Excellence. In Their New Fantastic Burlesque Musical Comedy
THE KODAK
In Three Snap Shots.
All Fun. A Positive Novelty. No Sorrow
HEAR The Musical Tennis Club. The Mandolin Troubadours. The Fairy Bells. The Saxophone Quintette.

We Have Just Received an Invoice OF
CHINAWARE
For Decorating for Christmas use.
Christmas Candies
For Trees and Table use.
C. B. Coburn & Co.
61-67 Market Street.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

J. D. GRANT,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
64 MERRIMACK STREET
Carries the largest line of Silverware in the city; also an immense stock of
Watches, Clocks, Diamonds
And the general run of Jewelry. His prices, considering only FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN are employed for Repairing Watches, Clocks and Jewelry are the lowest to the owners of the same, because of the thorough manner in which every job is done.

The Right Road to Make Money
Do you want a good, paying business? If so, call at
ROOM 18, BARRISTERS HALL,
Where you can get information with regard to a business, from which large sums of money are being made. Owner has positively made a small fortune at this business, in a very short time.
Call and investigate. Suitable for gentleman or lady. Just the business for man and wife.

SLEIGH SALE
The dealers were late in making shipments, and we got a large discount. For that reason, you can get a good sleigh very low of
E. H. Morse
139 Middle Street

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL, HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER, BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

IF YOU WANT A CASE
Of the Leading Brands of
LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER
TELEPHONE.
J. H. RILEY,
Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue
Telephone Number 474-4.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass., Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p.m.

VARIETY STORES use old B. wrapping paper. We sell the office for 5 cents a hundred.

SUN WEATHER BULLETIN.

ALMANAC FOR WEDNESDAY, DEC. 18.

SUN RISES	7 09	MOON SETS	6 30 PM
SUN SETS	4 14	FULL SEA	12 30 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	9 05	FULL SEA	12 15 PM

Forecast for New England: Generally fair; possibly local snows in extreme northern portions; warmer; southwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

When in doubt, smoke Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

Something new at Devine's, ladies' Boston bags. Call at old wooden building 70-72 Middlesex street, P. F. Devine proprietor.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Johnson left last night for New York city. During their stay in the city they will place their order for the first importations of spring millinery for the season of 1896. Knowing that the first importations are always the best, and with their long experience in the millinery business, and the reputation that this millinery establishment has gained in Lowell, it is safe to predict that they will not only sustain the well earned reputation but will add new laurels, and will be as in the past, the leaders.

Fell on Sidewalk.

A lady named Ann Gibbon, who resides at 74 Whipple street, fell on the sidewalk and sprained her ankle yesterday. She was taken to St. John's hospital in the ambulance.

His Heel Was Crushed by the Elevator.

Frank Bernard, an employe of the Tremont & Suffolk mills, had his heel badly crushed by having it caught in an elevator at the mills yesterday afternoon.

He was taken in the ambulance to the Corporation hospital. He resided at 10 Aiken avenue.

No License Transfers.

Daniel D. Driscoll was present at the meeting of the police board last night and wanted the board to grant him a transfer of his license. The commissioners were not disposed to grant the request.

The application of George F. Murchand for a common victualler's license at 349 Middlesex street was referred to the superintendent for investigation and report.

J. H. Collins was given permission to make alterations in his premises on Cabot street.

This is the Place.

P. F. Devine, the proprietor of the trunk manufactory at 70-72 Middlesex street, has a large stock of Christmas goods suitable for ladies or gents.

He has an extensive line of ladies' Boston bags. These goods are something new this season. He has also a beautiful line of gents' dress suit cases, and hundreds of other useful articles such as a person should have to go travelling with. Any person intending to make a present should call in this store and examine their goods. They will see how easily they can save money. Remember the place, the old wooden building at 70-72 Middlesex street, P. F. Devine, proprietor.

SOME CRISP GOSSIP.

The Courier says: "Governor Greenhalge's refusal to be a candidate for delegate at large to St. Louis leaves a place open for some other distinguished republican. The governor takes the ground that it would not be proper for him to attend a partisan convention, as he is governor of the commonwealth, not of any party. This position will commend itself to most minds, and at any rate it will be agreeable to the gentlemen who are anxious to serve their party next June."

A leading Boston paper in its report of the passing of the death sentence on Angus Gilbert, opines that the "hand of God may step in to cheat the gallows." Such a mixed metaphor is strongly akin to Hibernicism.

The constituents of Hon. William Excitable Barrett, M. C., from Melrose, are considering the advisability of having built for his use a tin plate megaphone as an attachment to his hat while in Washinton.

There's many a bright boy going to be disillusionized soon as to the merits and charity of Santa Claus, when he sneaks out of bed and catches the old folks charging the stocking with popcorn and peanuts.

There has been a great deal of talk during the past few days and much speculation as to whether Gov. Greenhalge will have to sign the death warrant of Angus D. Gilbert. There have been numerous inquiries made at the state house in this relation. The governor is not required to sign that warrant. Gov. Andrew in 1865 refused to sign a death warrant because he did not believe in capital punishment. The law was then changed making it obligatory on the court to sign the warrant.

THE RED MEN CELEBRATE.

Elaborate Observance of Their Ninth Anniversary at Odd Fellows' Hall.

Passaconaway tribe of Red Men celebrated its ninth anniversary last evening at Odd Fellows' temple. Supper was served at 8 o'clock and about 400 people sat down. There were large delegations present from Wataunock tribe of Nashua and Miantonomo tribe of this city.

After supper speeches and musical exercises were indulged in.

Rep. Hayes presided and made a humorous introductory speech. The orators were: Junior Saggamore Guilfoyle of Nashua, Past Sachem Tuttle of Passaconaway tribe, Allen Dodge, Past Sachem Noble of Nashua, and Trustee Gray of Passaconaway. An excellent entertainment was given under the direction of J. A. Bailey. Those who participated were: Walter Shaw, Miss Ethel Wilson, Mrs. F. L. Roberts, Mamie Harnish, Robert Leatham, Blanche Whitcher, O'Neill children, C. T. Sheehan, Mr. Rylah Firth and Miss Florence Barnes played the accompaniments.

The committee of arrangements included William Peters, Charles E. Smith, William Marvel, Charles Kittredge, J. H. Breed, Mylo Clifford, J. A. Bailey, L. F. Steele, E. B. Brown, L. H. Hartley, C. N. Leith and A. J. Page. There was a reception committee which included Sachem Bradley and Brothers Madden, Hayes, Donaldson, Goodwin, Sanborn and Woodman.

Dolls, Toys and Sleds.

We have an elegant assortment of dolls, toys, sleds and chinaware at extremely low prices. Call and examine. Dickson Bros., big tea store, 87 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MER'K ST.

OF THAT MESSACE

The Approval is General and Enthusiastic.

HIGH COMPLIMENTS FOR SEC'Y OLNEY'S CORRESPONDENCE.

How Received in Congress and in London.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 18.—The effect of the message throughout the country has been electric and the approbation enthusiastic.

Although the nature of Secretary Olney's vigorous communication and of Lord Salisbury's answer had already been foretold in dispatches from Washington and London, there was still a great popular craving to learn just how the president would deal with Lord Salisbury's refusal to submit the matter to arbitration, and the message was listened to with intense interest in congress, and was read with avidity on the streets. No where was a voice lifted in dissent from the doctrine so firmly laid down by the president, but, on the contrary, there was an outburst of patriotic feeling that must have been very gratifying to the chief executive.

In the dignified United States senate, a body that rarely exhibits emotion on any occasion, there was witnessed the unparalleled spectacle of hand clapping and applause, which was the spontaneous expression of the approval of almost every senator, without regard to party. On the streets the message was discussed, and old veterans of the late war talked exultantly of what they were prepared again to undertake at the call of their country. In the great hall of the pension building the employes gathered, and sang with gusto the "Star Spangled Banner" and "My Country, 'Tis of Thee."

At the White House messages poured in from every quarter of the country, congratulating the president upon his message. They came from men of all parties and station.

The matter, of course, was of the greatest interest in diplomatic circles, and the general impression on a sober second consideration of the notes was that the matter has not yet reached a stage where war is imminent, and that the hint of Great Britain's purpose to reopen negotiations with Venezuela looking to a settlement of the dispute between themselves perhaps may be regarded as an indication as to how the whole matter will end.

Minister Andrade of Venezuela secured a copy of the message early in the day, and cabled, by way of Cuba and Hayti, to his government. The time of transmission is eight hours, and it is felt that its receipt in Caracas will be the sign for an enthusiastic demonstration.

Mr. Andrade's satisfaction was almost beyond the power of expression. "The message is superb," said he, with much enthusiasm. "It is even a surprise to me in its vigor, in the nobility of the sentiments expressed and in the masterly exposition of the Monroe doctrine. There can be no doubt or misconstruction of its meaning. In my country it cannot but arouse the keenest appreciation on the part of the government and the people for its powerful expression of friendship from a strong country in behalf of a comparatively weak one."

At the British embassy, Sir Julian Pauncefote and his official corps shared in the general interest in the question. It was stated that the foreign offices made public at noon yesterday the Salisbury answer, simultaneous with its publication here But as the president's message to congress has not gone through diplomatic channels, it was not a part of the matter given to the British public by the foreign office yesterday.

Beyond the Salisbury letters, the embassy has received no communication on the Venezuelan subject, so that the case rests on the correspondence submitted yesterday.

Statesmen's Comments.

Democrats are unanimous in their expressions of approval of the president's message, and those Republicans who speak for publication have few words of dissent.

Senator Lodge (Rep.)—This is the most serious and important message which has been submitted by any president to congress in many years. I heartily approve of its spirit, its conclusions and the general position taken. It is to be hoped that the president's message will make the English people understand that this to us is a vital question; that we are wholly content to leave it to arbitration; but that if arbitration is declined we shall resist this aggression to the utmost, and that, although we do not seek war, we do not fear it.

Senator Hoar (Rep.)—It is less turgid than most of the papers which have emanated from the president, and sounds very much as if it had been written by someone else. I should want an opportunity to read both the message and accompanying documents carefully before expressing an opinion on the soundness of the position taken.

Senator Brice (Dem.)—We have arrived at a time when the president is not only heartily supported by his own party, but is thoroughly in accord and enthusiastically supported by the Republicans. I shall have to revise the alleged statement regarding my proposed action at the meeting of the national Democratic committee and extend it so as to say that there will be no necessity of holding a Republican convention nor an election either.

Senator Davis (Rep.) says: I think the president has risen to an opportunity such as has not been presented to any president in many years. In language of great dignity, power and accuracy he has stated the Monroe doctrine as understood by the American people for 70 years.

Senator Platt (Rep.)—I concur heartily in all the president says in the message. In a matter of this kind, affecting the national interests and the national honor, there ought to be no division of party, and I think there will be none in this instance.

Senator Voorhees (Dem.)—It was splendid, splendid. I violated the rules of the senate the first time in my life by clapping my hands when the message was read. I endorse every word of it, and so will the American people.

Senator Hawley (Rep.)—It is a good and strong document, but it may be subject to the criticism in some quarters that it is too plainly put; but whether the question is as diplomatically stated as it might be is one for the diplomatists.

Senator Gorman (Dem.)—It is a warlike document; a very vigorous statement. Of course much depends upon what the commission which we are to send to Venezuela shall report.

Senator Frye (Rep.)—I am delighted with the message. It has a genuine American tone, and is patriotic throughout. It verifies my sentiments exactly.

Senator Chandler (Rep.)—It is a broad and courageous paper, and expounds a doctrine for which the United States will fight if necessary.

Senator Teller (Rep.)—The concluding words have an American ring.

Representative Walker (Rep.)—The position in which the United States government finds itself in the Venezuelan dispute is exceedingly serious. The president's suggestion as to the position of the United States will meet with the approval of the people.

Representative McCall (Rep.)—The message is a spirited and noble document, and should receive the united support of both parties.

In Congress.

The president's message on the Venezuelan question occupied the main attention of the senate during its brief session. Secretary Cox read the document amid impressive silence, the senators following every word with intense interest. The concluding sentence of the message was no sooner read than a demonstration occurred almost unparalleled in the history of the upper branch of congress, senators on both sides of the chamber joining in their expressions of approval by long continued hand-clapping. The message and accompanying documents were at once referred to the committee on foreign relations, and beyond the reading of the documents no debate or reference to them occurred during the session.

The president's message laid on Speaker Reed's table until late in the afternoon, when it was read and received with much enthusiasm by members of both parties.

Views of the English Press.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—All of this morning's papers devote more or less of their editorial space to a discussion of President Cleveland's message on the Venezuelan question and to the merits of that question itself.

The Times says: It is impossible to disguise the gravity of the difficulties that have arisen between Great Britain and the United States. President Cleveland's message, and its reception on both sides of the senate, give additional importance to the dispatches between Washington and London. The details of the boundary dispute are insignificant in comparison with the far-reaching claims advanced in Mr. Olney's dispatches, and emphasized in President Cleveland's message. Convinced as we are that a rupture between the two English speaking communities would be a calamity not only to themselves, but to the civilized world, we are nevertheless driven to the conclusion that the concessions this country are so imperiously summoned to make are such as no self-respecting nation, least of all one ruling an empire that has its roots in every quarter of the globe, could possibly submit to. The United States themselves would never for a moment dream of yielding to this kind of dictation. We are of the same blood, and shall be not less careful of our national honor. The Times then argues that the Monroe doctrine has never been recognized as international law, and it quotes Lord Salisbury's admission that any disturbance of the existing territorial distribution in the Western hemisphere by any European state would be highly inexpedient.

The Daily Graphic says: The epitaph of the Monroe doctrine has been written in the Venezuelan correspondence. President Cleveland's message only serves to illustrate another of the inherent absurdities of the modern interpretation of the Monroe doctrine. President Cleveland does not propose to instruct Mr. Bayard to demand his passports, nor does he contemplate an invasion of Canada or an expedition to Demerara. He is struck by the awkward fact that he first ascertain what there is to fight about.

The Chronicle says: The message will be read here with blank astonishment. Can these be serious words addressed to us by the descendants of the little shipload of English folks who sailed in the Mayflower? There is but one answer. If the enlarged application of the Monroe doctrine is to be enforced, America must become responsible for the foreign policy of all the petty and impetuous little states on the two continents of America.

The Daily Telegraph contends that America has no concern in the Venezuelan dispute. The editorial goes on to say: By what right does the Washington government demand the arbitration of this matter when the very theory which guides their interference has absolutely nothing to do with the points in dispute? What nation has ever agreed to the Monroe doctrine? How often has the Washington government itself ventured to advance it?

The Daily News says: It is a remarkable document, though its consequences are not likely to be serious. Neither Secretary Olney nor President Cleveland seems to realize that the Monroe doctrine cannot be quoted as authoritative in negotiations with a foreign power. The definition of Monroeism is a matter for Americans themselves. It binds nobody else.

The Standard says: This extraordinary document will receive from English publicists more dispassionate treatment than the decidedly provocative nature of its contents renders altogether easy. The position President Cleveland assumes is preposterous. There can be but one answer. We decline to humiliate ourselves.

Another Investigation Wanted.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Dec. 18.—Alderman Allen has announced that he will demand another investigation of the poor department at the next meeting of the board of aldermen. It is claimed that the firms who have been given the contract to supply the poor with goods have charged full prices for them, regardless of the reduced figures given in the contracts.

Looks Bad For Lane.

CONCORD, N. H., Dec. 18.—The presence of Bank Examiner Heard and others in the United States court here yesterday started a rumor that an attempt is to be made to indict Cashier Lane of the Merchants' Savings bank of Manchester. Verification will come only when the grand jury reports.

Business Is Booming.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Dec. 18.—The stockholders of the Barnard Manufacturing company yesterday voted to increase the capital stock from $330,000 to $495,000. The increase in spindle capacity will be 30,000, and an additional two-story mill will be built. The present capacity is 37,200 spindles.

Many Disasters Feared.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Dec. 18.—Vessels arriving here report unprecedented weather on the Atlantic. All of them encountered hurricanes and sustained more or less damage. A number of coasting vessels are missing. Much uneasiness is felt concerning them.

Biennial Elections Advocated.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—The Massachusetts Biennial Election association has issued an appeal to voters in behalf of the adoption of biennial elections, on the ground that they are economical, and that such a change would be wise and beneficial.

The Stockwell Murder Case.

NASHUA, N. H., Dec. 18.—In the Stockwell murder trial yesterday the evidence brought out by the prosecution was very strong, and hardly any of it was offset by the defense.

Nearing the End.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—Leaders in the great tailors' strike claim that the contractors are yielding, and that the backbone of the strike is broken.

TWO WEEKS MORE

The Cuban War May be Settled.

THE INSURGENTS ARE MAKING GREAT HEADWAY

Despite the Reports of Their Numerous Defeats.

HABANA, Dec. 18.—The insurgents, in spite of reports of their defeats, have crossed the military lines between the city of Santa Clara and Cienfuegos, the headquarters of General Campos, and their advance guards are now in sight of Las Lajas, well to the westward of Santa Clara, showing that the Spaniards have been utterly unable to check their progress since they crossed the frontier of Santa Clara from Puerto Principe at Iguara.

The "repulses" of the insurgents, and the announcement of the heavy losses they are said to have incurred, have not prevented them from pushing steadily onward, and so the Spanish forces must be in retreat or defeated beyond concentration.

As the latest news came from the front, the guerrilla forces of the Spaniards were engaged with the vanguard of the Cubans, and the troops commanded by Colonel Valle were known to be engaged with the insurgents near Hormiguero. However, the most serious news for the Spaniards was the dispatch announcing the insurgents to be in sight of Las Lajas, showing the combined armies of Maceo and Gomez to be making for the province of Habana. Near Matanzas, a decisive battle must be fought, or else the Spaniards must retreat upon Habana itself.

Campos Worried.

General Campos, recognizing the gravity of the situation, has left Cienfuegos for Matanzas, to take command of the Spanish troops that will attempt to bar the way of the Cubans. If Campos is defeated in Matanzas, the insurgent cause will, it would seem, be triumphant.

Only about 10 days have elapsed since the announcement was made of the defeat of Colonel Segura at Iguara by Maceo and Gomez, but the Cubans have since then crossed four-fifths of the province of Santa Clara, and they have done this in the face of the 40,000 picked troops said to have been distributed over that territory.

It was at Santa Clara that De Campos made his headquarters, and it was from there he proposed to direct the operations which were to hurl the enemy back in confusion. Later he changed his headquarters to Cienfuegos, southwest of Santa Clara; now he is off for Matanzas, four days hard traveling for the insurgents from Santa Clara.

If the insurgents are defeated, and ordinary fair generalship is adopted by the Spaniards, the forces of Gomez and Maceo will be caught from their rear on one of the narrowest parts of the island by all the Spanish troops they have successfully evaded or defeated in their march westward. The next two weeks, consequently, should settle matters one way or the other.

Nipped In the Bud.

MATTEAWAN, N. Y., Dec. 18.—Another conspiracy, looking to a delivery of convicts at the asylum for criminal insane, has been frustrated by the confession of the ringleader, Pat McGuire. A keeper named John Brown acted as "go-between" for the convicts who were in the plot and parties in New York. Brown was arraigned before Justice Hoysradt yesterday, and was held for the grand jury. McGuire realizing that he might have to commit murder in the endeavor to escape, confessed the plot to Superintendent Allison.

Politics Eliminated.

NEW YORK, Dec. 18.—At the American Federation of Labor meeting the following sub-resolution was carried by a vote of 1460 to 158: "That this convention declares that no party politics—whether Democratic, Republican, Socialistic, Populistic or any other organization—should have any place in the Federation of Labor." A resolution endorsing the struggles of the Cuban patriots for liberty was adopted. Copies will be forwarded to President Cleveland and Secretary of State Olney. The convention adjourned sine die.

For Circulating Bogus Coins.

BOSTON, Dec. 18.—James McDonald, Jacob Ferrier and Robert J. Massey were arrested yesterday for uttering counterfeit half dollars. The coin is pronounced by one of the government officials as the most perfect counterfeit he has ever seen. The men were bound over in $1000 bail for the grand jury.

HELD IN BONDAGE

All Her Life—Happy Release at Last of Miss Alice Young, Who Resides at 392 Alexander Street, Rochester, N. Y.

(From Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.)

Our representative was received very pleasantly at 392 Alexander street by Miss Alice Young, who told how since childhood she had been held in the bondage of pain from her back, never remembering the time that she had suffered pains or aches in the region of the kidneys. Many were the means she used to find relief, but there seemed no remedy for her case and she still remained a captive; then alone comes these little enemies to backache, Doan's Kidney Pills, and a half a box releases the bonds as one by one the aches disappear, she finds herself a slave to pain no more, by their continued use. She says: "I was entirely relieved of all my suffering, and now I am perfectly strong, healthy and well." "How did you take this remedy?" Miss Young was asked by our representative. She replied that she followed directions explicitly. Miss Young then told how the malady affected her, saying her symptoms were: Stooping, bending over, walking or standing any length of time always gave me a pain in the small of my back. I had a pain in the kidneys all the time, and if I caught cold it would always settle there. The pain I suffered was of a very exhausting nature; at night I could only lie flat on my back, any other position causing pain and suffering; the nerves passing up my back were effected, and this brought with it severe headaches; but, as I said before, Doan's Kidney Pills have removed all pain and suffering entirely, and I never felt better and healthier in my life."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents, mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

O'Donnell & Gilbride

Importers and Retailers of Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Woodenware,

Merrimack, Palmer and Middle Sts.

The Greatest Bargains in

FANCY CHINA and LAMPS

Ever offered in the City of Lowell will be found in our BASEMENT DEPART'NT

The balance of this week we are showing the very newest designs and a dozen kinds where others show you one. You make a costly mistake if you buy before seeing us.

Dinner Sets.

130-piece French China Dinner Sets, regular price $37.30, only $28.50.
Maddock's English Porcelain Dinner Sets, assorted decorations- sold to date $23, only $18.89.
Fumerals English Porcelain Dinner Sets, 130 pieces, sold to date $21, only $15.41.

Tea Sets.

56-Piece Haviland China Tea Sets, dainty decorations, new shapes, coin gold tracing, sold to date $13, only $11.47 per set.
56-piece French China Tea Sets, gold striped, only $7.50 each.
One lot of German Tea Sets, 56 pieces, assorted decorations, only $4.98 each.

Fish and Ice Cream Sets.

French and China Ice Cream Sets: 13 pieces, actually worth $6, only $3.75 per set.
13-piece fine French China Ice Cream Sets, sold regularly at $25, only $15 each.
French China Fish Sets, 25 pieces, sold regularly at $15, a special price for this lot $6.98.
One lot of fine French China Fish Sets, 15 pieces, regular price $39, only $25 each.

Cut Prices on Lamps.

B. & H. Lamps, cast head and base, lift-out oil pot, new ratchet wick, adjustable with 15 inch silk shade, drapped with 9 inch chiffon, only $5.29 each.
Edward Miller Lamps, cast head and base, removable oil pot, latest improvements, column 8 inch base of onyx, with 16 inch silk shade, drapped with fancy chiffon only $4.98 each.

Odd Pieces for Little money.

Solid Brass 5 o'clock Tea Kettles, only $1.00 each.
Sample stock of A. D. Coffees, only 23c each.
China Mustache Cups and Saucers 21 cents each.
Ladies' French China Cups and Saucers, 12 cents to $2.00 each.

Rich Cut Glass, Bric-a-Brac, Jardiniers.

Silver and Plated Ware, Chocolate and Tete-a-Tete Sets, Toilet and Manicure Sets, at the lowest prices in New England.

A HYDRANT BROKEN

At the Corner of Westford and Chelmsford Streets.

Last evening a horse, that became frightened at an electric car, dashed to one side and the wagon attached broke a hydrant at the corner of Chelmsford and Westford streets. The water arose high in the air and caused some alarm in the vicinity. The employes of the fire department and the water works were notified and as soon as possible the hydrant was repaired. Meantime, however, it flooded Thorndike street as far as the crossing on Middlesex street, and a considerable portion of Appleton street.

The water was so rusty that under the electric light it resembled blood. During the evening the city water in that vicinity was quite muddy.

NURSES GRADUATED

At St. John's Hospital Yesterday—Lecture by Dr. Huntress.

The members of the staff at St. John's hospital lecture occasionally to the nurses of the house upon their various duties.

Last week Dr. Harrington lectured on dietary matters and the efficacy of treating diseases by food. His lecture was very interesting and instructive.

Yesterday the class graduated and Dr. Huntress delivered an address. He complimented the young ladies on their zeal and perseverance in going through the course, and gave them some good advice on going out into the world to put into practice what they had been taught. At the close of his address he presented each of the nurses with a diploma. Most of the members of the medical staff were present. The graduates are. Miss Macaulay, Miss Chisholme, Miss Fender, Miss Sexton, Miss Connolly and Miss Callahan, all highly intelligent young ladies who have had a thorough course of training in actual hospital work.

Odd Fellows Elect Officers.

Integrity lodge, Manchester Unity Odd Fellows, elected the following officers last evening: Noble grand, W. E. Grant; vice grand, Harry Blowen; permanent secretary, Charles Rogers; lecture master and chaplain, K. J. McKenzie; treasurer, John McPhail; grand master, Thomas Chadwick; warden, William Martin; delegate to district meeting, Thomas Chardwick; physician, Dr. S. P. Smith.

The many friends of Hugh F. Courtney, the genial clerk for O'Hearn & Dowd, will be pleased to learn he has fully recovered from his recent illness and is once more behind the counter.

Bernard J. Fox, who was formerly employed by Dr. Harrington as hostler, has terminated his service there and will engage in more lucrative employment.

Oil and water color boxes, easels and artist's materials for Christmas, at Coburn's, Market street.

The Holy Name society of St. Michael's church held a well attended meeting last Sunday evening and elected the following officers: President, James Shields; vice president, Thomas Sullivan; secretary, Thomas Henry; treasurer, Dennis O'Brien; spiritual director, Rev. D. P. Scannell.

One Dose

Tells the story. When your head aches, and you feel bilious, out of tune, with your stomach sour and no appetite, just buy a package of

Hood's Pills

And take a dose, from 2 to 6 pills. You will be surprised at how easy they will do their work, cure your headache and biliousness, rouse the liver and make you feel well. So

Easy to Take

So thorough and satisfactory, they are winning friends everywhere. They are very valuable to take

After Dinner

To prevent distress and assist digestion. For the purpose of a general family cathartic they are unequalled. Prevent a cold, break up a fever, relieve constipation and

Cure Liver Ills

All druggists. 25 cents. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

ATTENTION!

Secretaries of societies, lodges, clubs and all fraternal orders. A list of societies will be inserted in the Lowell Directory for 1896

FREE OF COST,

By sending or leaving the same at Merrill's Bookstore, 124 Central street. Give name of order, time of meeting, and where held; also, full name of secretary and treasurer of same. This is quite an important feauture of the Directory, and with your co-operation we shall be enabled to give a complete list of same.

Josiah T. Corner, 41 So. Walker St.

Representing Sampson, Murdock & Co., Publishers of Lowell Directory

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

You will find at our store as good a selection as can be found anywhere. Pictures, Bibles, Pocketbooks, Easels, Albums, Stationery, Pens, Ink Wells, etc., etc. If you are a doubter come to us and we will set you right. We are at your service to save you money.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall Square

Harvard TONIC PILLS

A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

G. C. TAYLOR & CO.

Successors to Cook, Taylor & Co.,

98 Merrimack Street.

GRAND DISPLAY

Holiday Goods and Christmas Gifts NOW READY

Everything new. The very latest Holiday novelties of every description to be found on our counters in endless variety. Our prices are the lowest, our stock the largest. If you want to buy a Christmas present, we can sell you a better article for less money than any other house in New England.

Special bargains in Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas, from 39c. up to $5.00.

Ladies' and Gents' Pure Irish Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, plain and initial.

Ladies', Misses' and Men's Gloves, and Mittens of every price and color.

Ladies' Hand Bags in great variety.

Handkerchief Boxes, Glove Boxes, Tie Boxes, Rose Bowls, Placques, Picture Frames, Pin Boxes, Jewelry Boxes, Satin Handkerchief Folds, Thermometers, etc., etc.

Remember our Great Bankrupt Sale of Ladies' and Children's CLOAKS and FUR CAPES. OUTSIDE GARMENTS AT 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

All Styles RUBBERS Best Quality

BYAM'S FAMILY SHOE STORE,

62 Central and 63 Prescott Streets. We need not mention prices, as ours are always the lowest.

New York CLOAK and Suit Co.

12 John Street.

OPEN EVERY EVENING TILL AFTER CHRISTMAS.

A HANDSOME PRESENT GIVEN AWAY FREE

TO EVERY CUSTOMER.

Every lady whose purchase amounts to $2 or upwards will be presented with a handsome Gloria Silk Umbrella or choice from 25 styles Linen or Silk Embroidered Handkerchiefs.

Every Jacket and Cape in Our Immense Assortment Marked Down.

SPECIAL LEADERS

For This Week Will Be:

$6.00 Jackets for $2.95.
$8.50 Jackets for $4.65.
$10 Jackets for $5.95.
$12.50 Jackets for $7.50

Fur Capes for $4.75, $6.75 and $8.50, worth from $8.50 to $14.50; also a beautiful Illuminated Calender given FREE to every purchaser. See them in our show window.